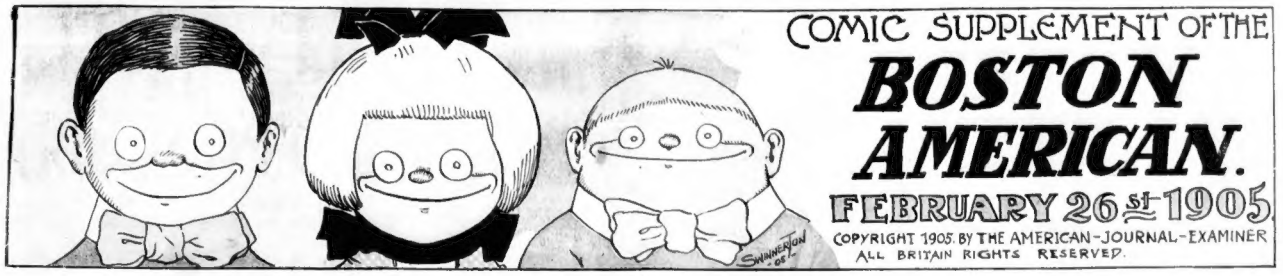

COMIC SUPPLEMENT OF THE

BOSTON AMERICAN.

FEBRUARY 26 st 1905

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Jimmy! And Dear Katy! And Sweet Willie Jones!

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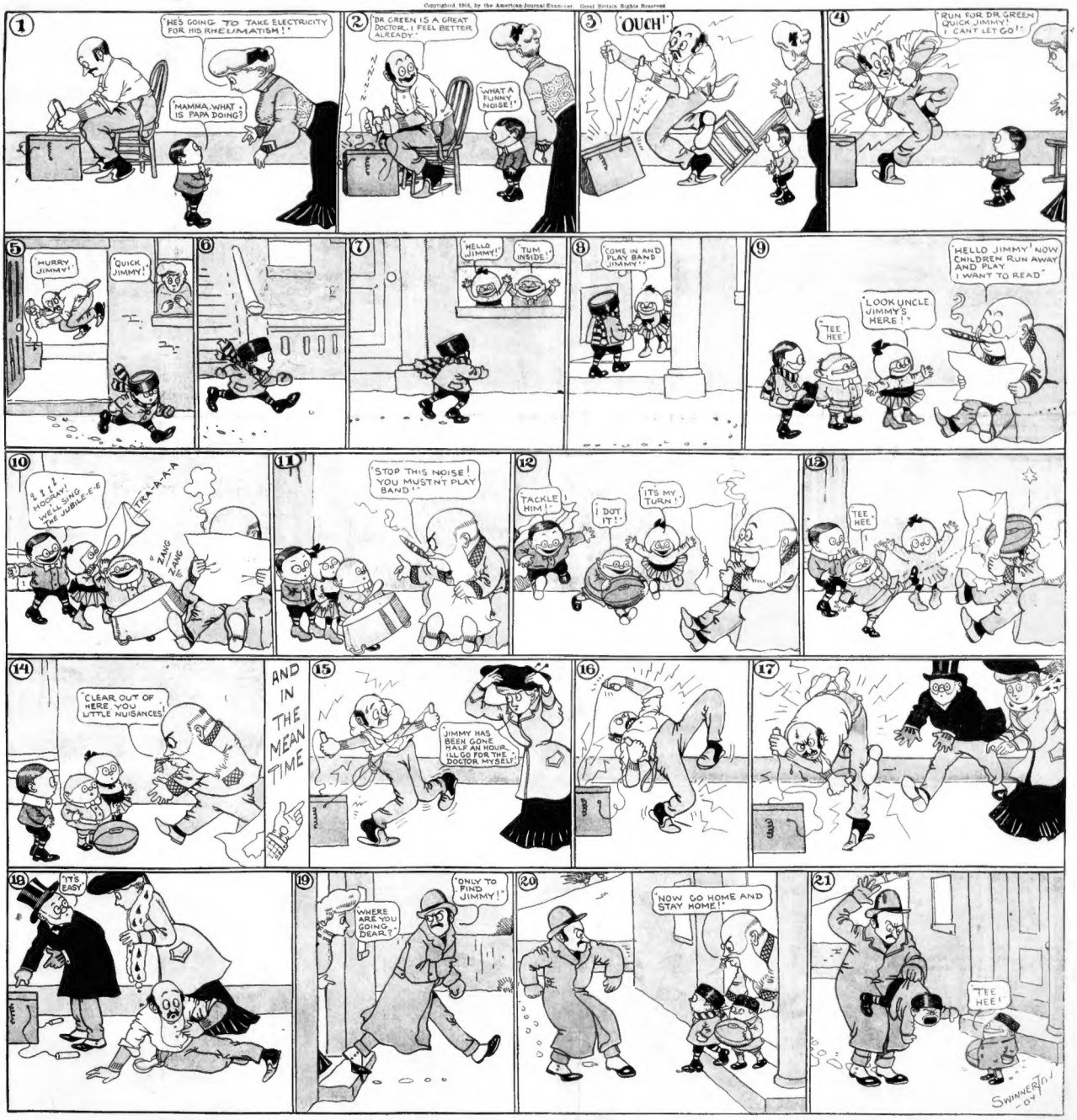

THE LOVE OF LULU AND LEANDER

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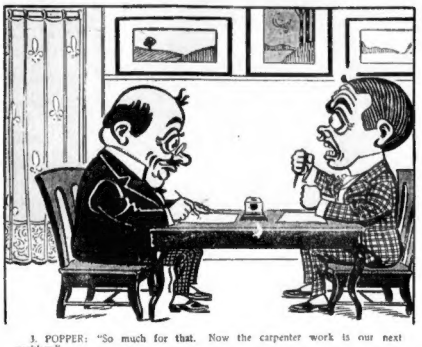
1. POPPER: "Come into the library, Leander, and we will go over those figures as to the cost of the construction of your house."
LEANDER: "Ha! The very thing!"
LULU: "Oh, how anxious I am to see just what it will cost."

2. POPPER: "Now that settles the cost of the ground."
LULU: "Oh, there goes the door bell. I'll answer it myself. It is Charley Onthespot. I know his ring."
LEANDER (aside): "Confound that butter-in. She knows HIS ring, too."



3. POPPER: "So much for that. Now the carpenter work is our next problem."
LEANDER (aside): "Ye gods! This is becoming unbearable. What do they mean by staying out there in the hall together all this time? Does any one wonder I am jealous?"

4. POPPER: "The plastering will cost"—
LEANDER: "Ten thousand green-eyed monsters! I'll stand it no longer! It's an outrage! Lulu has no right to be out there all this time alone with him. I'll see for myself. I will."

5. LEANDER: "Lulu! Stop it! What does this"—
LULU: "Yes, boy, take these plates back to Mr. Crackle. Tell him I have gone carefully over the whole lot and there isn't one that hasn't some defect in it. Tell him to send me perfect china or none at all."

6. POPPER: "I'll have the law on him for this, I will."
LULU: "Are you crazy, Leander? You thought I was out there with Charley Onthespot, did you? Well, you saw who it was, didn't you, Mr. Jealous? Your unwarranted jealousy is simply disgusting. It has driven you insane. Poor Popper!"
LEANDER (aside): "Ye gods! I HAVE made a mess of it THIS time, sure."

FOXY GRANDPA

THE BOYS TAKE HIM OUT FOR A LIVELY RIDE, BUT THE JOKE THEY HAD PLANNED GOES WRONG

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1. GRANDPA: "Why certainly, boys, I shall be delighted to have a ride. But don't go too fast."

2. BOYS: "Oh, no, we won't go too fast. Just wait until we get to a nice rough place."

3. BOYS: "We will soon be on rough ground. Now is our time to get a move on."

4. BOYS: "Goodness, Gran'pa's too frightened to holler. That log we are coming to will fix him. This is where we get even."

5. GRANDPA: "Well, this looks like my getting off place."

6. GRANDPA: "Many thanks, boys. I have enjoyed my ride ever so much."

HAPPY HOOLIGAN ASSISTS THE PRIVATE SECRETARY OF THE LORD MAYOR OF LONDON

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MR. JACK!

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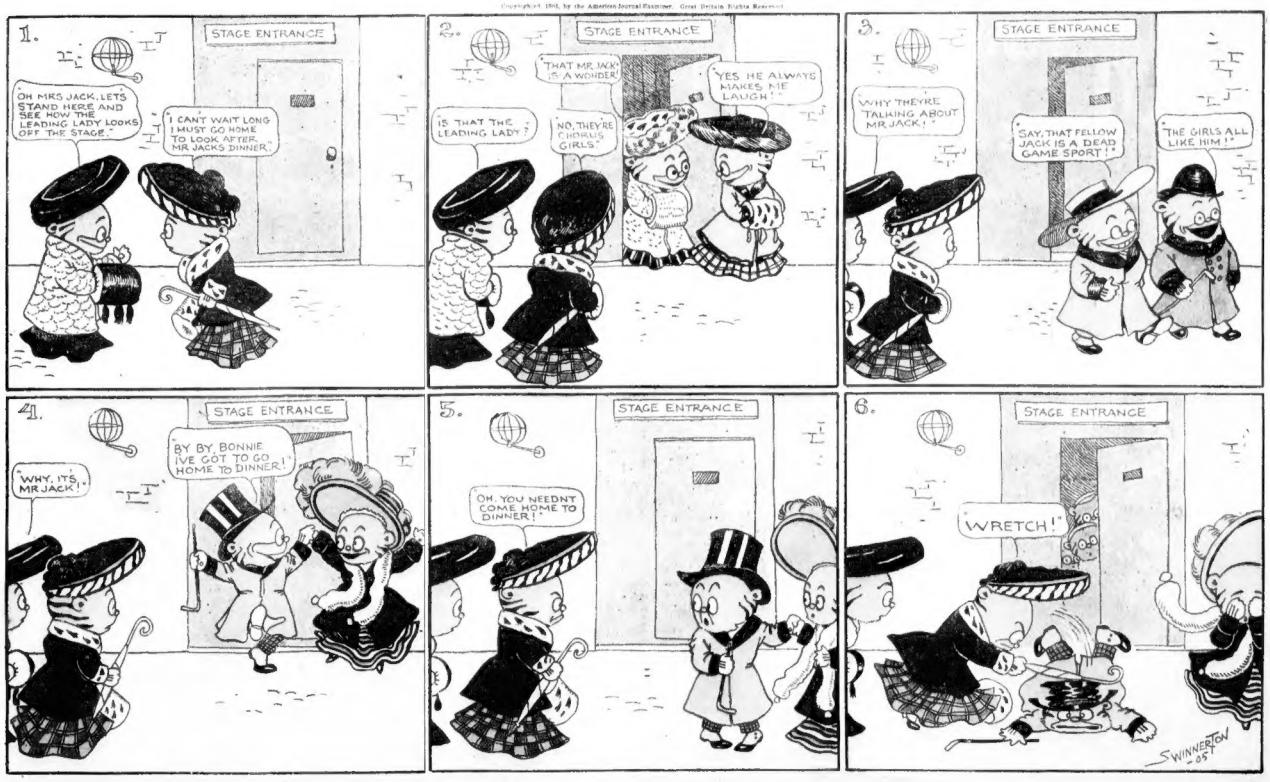
1.
STAGE ENTRANCE
OH MRS JACK, LETS STAND HERE AND SEE HOW THE LEADING LADY LOOKS OFF THE STAGE.
I CAN'T WAIT LONG I MUST GO HOME TO LOOK AFTER MR JACKS DINNER.
2.
STAGE ENTRANCE
THAT MR JACK IS A WONDER!
YES, HE ALWAYS MAKES ME LAUGH.
IS THAT THE LEADING LADY?
NO, THEY'RE CHORUS GIRLS.
3.
STAGE ENTRANCE
WHY, THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT MR JACK!
SAY, THAT FELLOW JACK IS A DEAD GAME SPORT!
THE GIRLS ALL LIKE HIM!
4.
STAGE ENTRANCE
WHY, IT'S MR JACK!
BY BY, BONNIE I'VE GOT TO GO HOME TO DINNER!
5.
STAGE ENTRANCE
OH, YOU NEEDN'T COME HOME TO DINNER!
6.
STAGE ENTRANCE
WRETCH!
SWINNERTON '05

MAMMA KATZENJAMMER'S MRROR IS BEWITCHED

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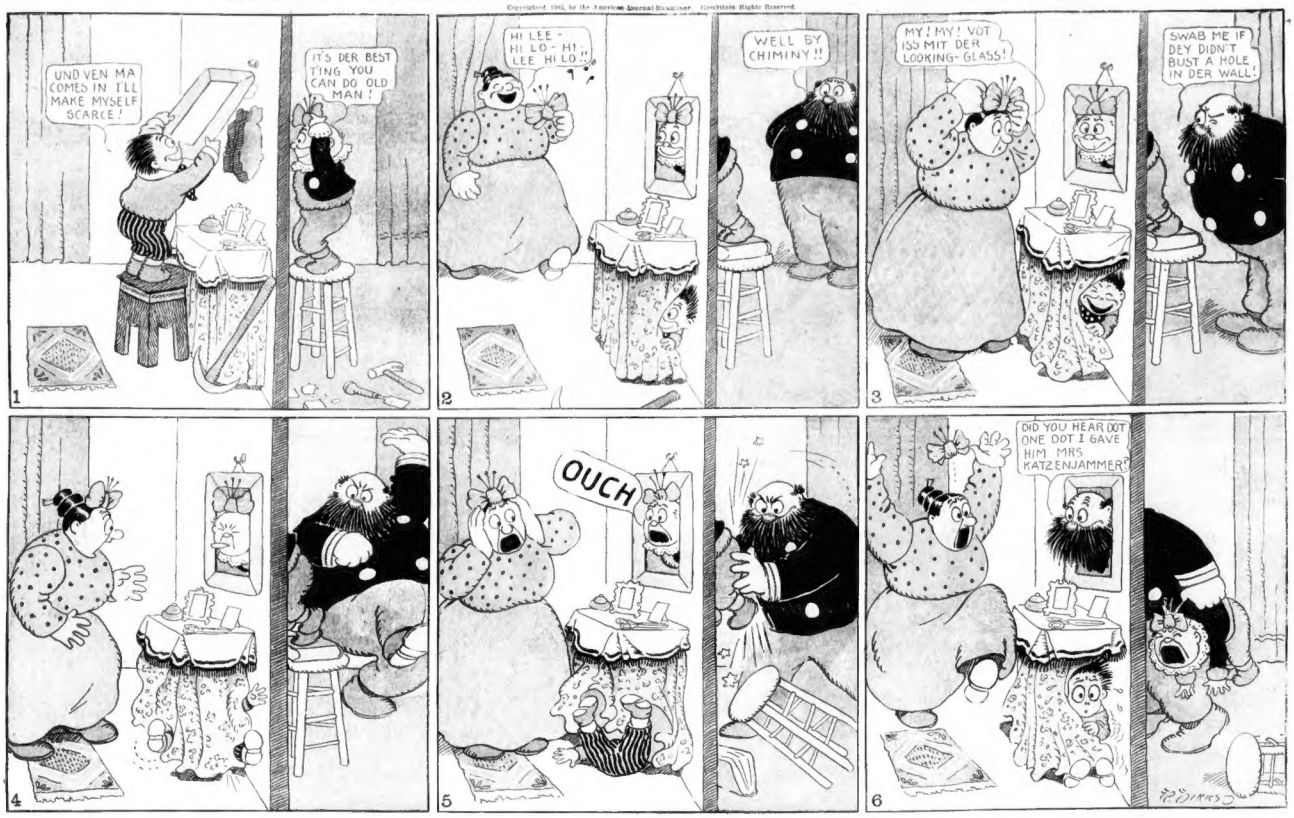
UND VEN MA COMES IN I'LL MAKE MYSELF SCARCE!
IT'S DER BEST TING YOU CAN DO OLD MAN!
1
HI LEE - HI LO - HI LEE HI LO!!
WELL BY CHIMINY!!
2
MY! MY! VOT ISS MIT DER LOOKING-GLASS!
SWAB ME IF DEY DIDN'T BUST A HOLE IN DER WALL!
3
4
OUCH
5
DID YOU HEAR DOT ONE DOT I GAVE HIM MRS KATZENJAMMER?
6

AND HER NAME WAS MAUD!

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(To be Continued Next Sunday)

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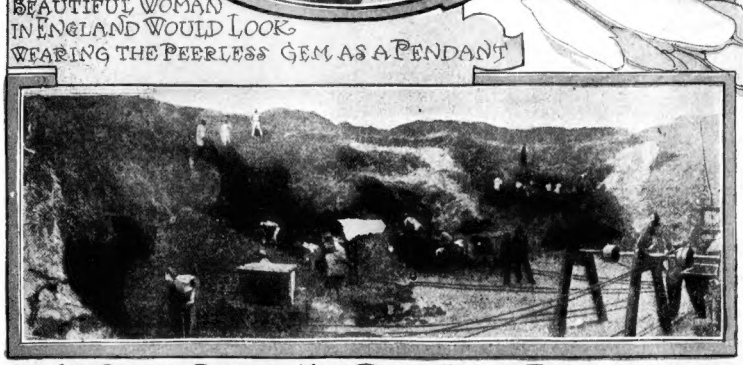
What Lucky Woman Will Wear It?

The New Great Diamond Just Found and Worth $10,000,000

EXACT SIZE OF THE NEW-FOUND GREATEST DIAMOND IN THE WORLD



HOW THE PRINCESS HENRY OF PLESS MOST BEAUTIFUL WOMAN IN ENGLAND WOULD LOOK WEARING THE PEERLESS GEM AS A PENDANT

IF MRS. ROBERT GOELET WORE THE GREAT DIAMOND AS AN EAR DROP

THE NEW PREMIER DIAMOND MINE WHERE IT WAS FOUND

FOLLOWING the recently cabled news of the discovery of the gigantic new diamond in Africa comes the very natural speculation as to its future career—what woman will be lucky enough to wear it? Or will it find its way into some museum and never adorn the beauty of the petted wife of some modern multi-millionaire?

Will it be stolen and cut up into pieces? Will it be lost?

The newest and greatest diamond ever found tips the lapidary's balance at the extraordinary weight of 3,030 carats. This means that the new diamond is three times the size, uncut, of any previously discovered. It is described as oblong in shape, larger than a goose egg, as large as two small teacups with their rims placed together.

If the new diamond could be cut and supplied with facets without material loss in size it would still be so big that no woman could wear it without discomfort—in fact it would produce a grotesque effect. It is doubtful if even a Chicago alderman would have the nerve to wear it in his shirt front.

The absurdity of any woman attempting to wear a diamond of this size in any of the usual ways is shown in the accompanying illustrations. As an ear-drop worn by Mrs. Robert Goelet its weight would drag that delicate, shell-like appendage all out of shape, and if she moved her head suddenly, would tear itself loose from the lobe.

On the fair bosom of the Princess of Pless, the most beautiful woman in England, it would bear the same relation as the headlight bears to a locomotive. And moreover, owing to its size alone, most observers would be reluctant to believe that it was anything but a fine bit of cut glass.

The famous Orloff diamond, fixed in the Russian royal sceptre, one of the most famous in the world, could be hidden under this new gem. The former weighs only 194 carats, while even after being cut the new diamond, according to expert estimates, will weigh 1,500 carats.

The very celebrated Kohinoor diamond weighed only 790 carats when found, and the cutting process diminished its weight to 102 carats. At this weight it

(Continued on Next Page.)

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NEW YORK'S NEW "HIPPO"

FELIX HANEY, THE ANIMAL KING IN THE "YANKEE CIRCUS."

THE first hippodrome in America has been completed and will open its huge and hospitable doors next month, in Sixth avenue, between Forty-third and Forty-fourth streets, New York.

The hippodrome is a recognized and attractive form of amusement in Europe, and combines spectacles, melodrama, farce and circus features, and if this experiment be successful, the New York Hippodrome will be but the first of a chain of combination theatres and circuses in this country.

The building is the largest ever erected for amusement purposes in the world. Its length on the Sixth avenue side is 200 feet and its depth approaching Fifth avenue 340 feet. The structure, which is of brick and marble and steel throughout, is 72 feet high on the Sixth avenue side and 110 feet high in the rear. Its seating capacity is 5,200, which means that it can accommodate 1,800 more persons than the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, and 2,200 more than the Academy of Music, New York. The stage is 200 feet wide between the walls and has a depth of 110 feet. The back drop curtain, for instance, is 86 by 200 feet, while the ordinary drop curtain in the average playhouse is 24 feet by 85 feet. Two London hippodromes would fit upon the stage alone of the American structure. The top gallery, which seats 2,000 persons, has a greater seating capacity than most theatres.

The building is illuminated by 28,000 electric lights, a sunburst in the middle of the ceiling containing 5,000.

The stage is virtually a huge elevator, 90 feet high, the apron of which, 60 feet long, will be used for water and circus feats. It holds two circus rings 42 feet in diameter.

There are 100 dressing rooms.

The scenery, if laid piece by piece, would pave Broadway from Herald Square to the Battery. Each scene is a block in length, and some of the pieces weigh eight tons.

The cost of the Hippodrome is $1,500,000.

Six hundred players will take part in the performances. At times all the 600 persons and 150 horses will be on the stage together.

The performances, which will be daily at 2 and 8 o'clock, except each Monday, when a special children's matinee at 2 will be given, will include two parts—"Andersonville, or the Wilson Raiders," a war drama, and "When a Yankee Circus Goes to Mars." Included in these will be spectacles, pantomime, circus, drama, musical comedy, zoological and aquatic features, and specialities.

Among the novel features will be the beautiful ballet of the hours, representing morning, noon, evening and night, danced by 240 young women, the largest ballet in the world.

There will be an automobile procession of six giant automobiles, each containing twenty-four beautiful young women, and each automobile run by an elephant chauffeur.

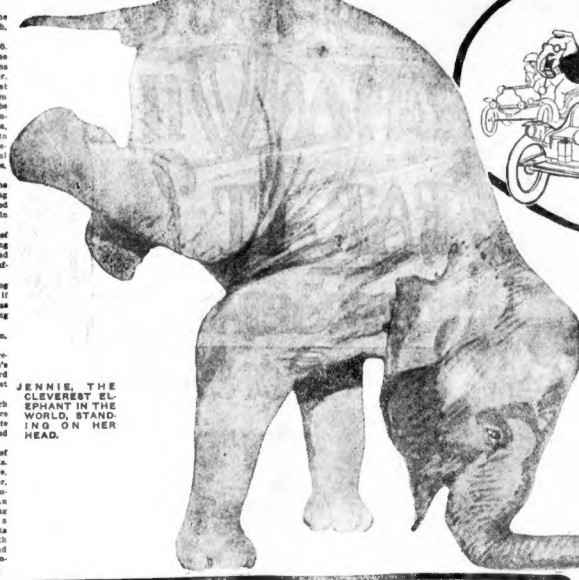
"Slivers," the famous clown, and his dog Mimi will furnish a great deal of fun if they find Americans as easily amused as are Europeans, with whom they have long been popular.

Alexander, the Hindoo Prince magician, will perform wonderful feats of magic.

In "Andersonville" there will be a remarkable equestrian feat, when Wilson's raiders, represented by 600 men, will ford a real river sixty feet wide and twelve feet deep.

There will be a horseback ballet, in which fifty nimble-footed young women will dance on the backs of horses the same intricate steps that other dancesses have been proud to perform on an immovable floor.

There will also be an elephant band of fifteen performers and four instruments. The musical range of elephants is not wide, so it has been necessary for their trainer, Pete Harlow, to limit the number of instruments of his orchestra to four pieces. An illustration on this page shows the leading drummer beating the snare drum with a stick fastened to his tail. Other elephants beat cymbals fastened to their knees with their trunks. Still others blow horns and other wind instruments, and press the com-



JENNIE, THE CLEVEREST ELEPHANT IN THE WORLD, STANDING ON HER HEAD.

AUTOMOBILE PROCESSION WITH ELEPHANT CHAUFFEURS.

mutating bellows with their feet.

Among the specialties will be the trick of Jennie, who is accounted the smartest elephant in the world, because she is the only one who can stand on her head.

Kate is another elephant star, the only one in the world that can telephone. She rings for connection, trumpets through the tube, and lifts the receiver to her big grape-leaf ear to hear the answer.

Much of the fun will be furnished by the travesty, "The Yankee Circus Goes to Mars," of which Felix Haney, the "Hi Holler" of "Way Down East," will be one of the chief performers.

There are two promenades, each sixteen feet wide and 200 feet long, from which the animals may be observed in glass cages. These cages, it is the promise of the management, Thompson & Dundy, will be kept thoroughly deodorized.

And for those who are hungry after seeing all these sights there is a restaurant, for men and women, under the vast roof of the hippodroma.

THE TELEPHONING ELEPHANT.

There will be two daily performances at the Hippodrome, and while the chief features will continue for an indefinite time, the specialities will be changed frequently, and each week there will be a variety of new features. There will probably be two complete changes of the production each season, making three sets of attractions for each hippodroma year.

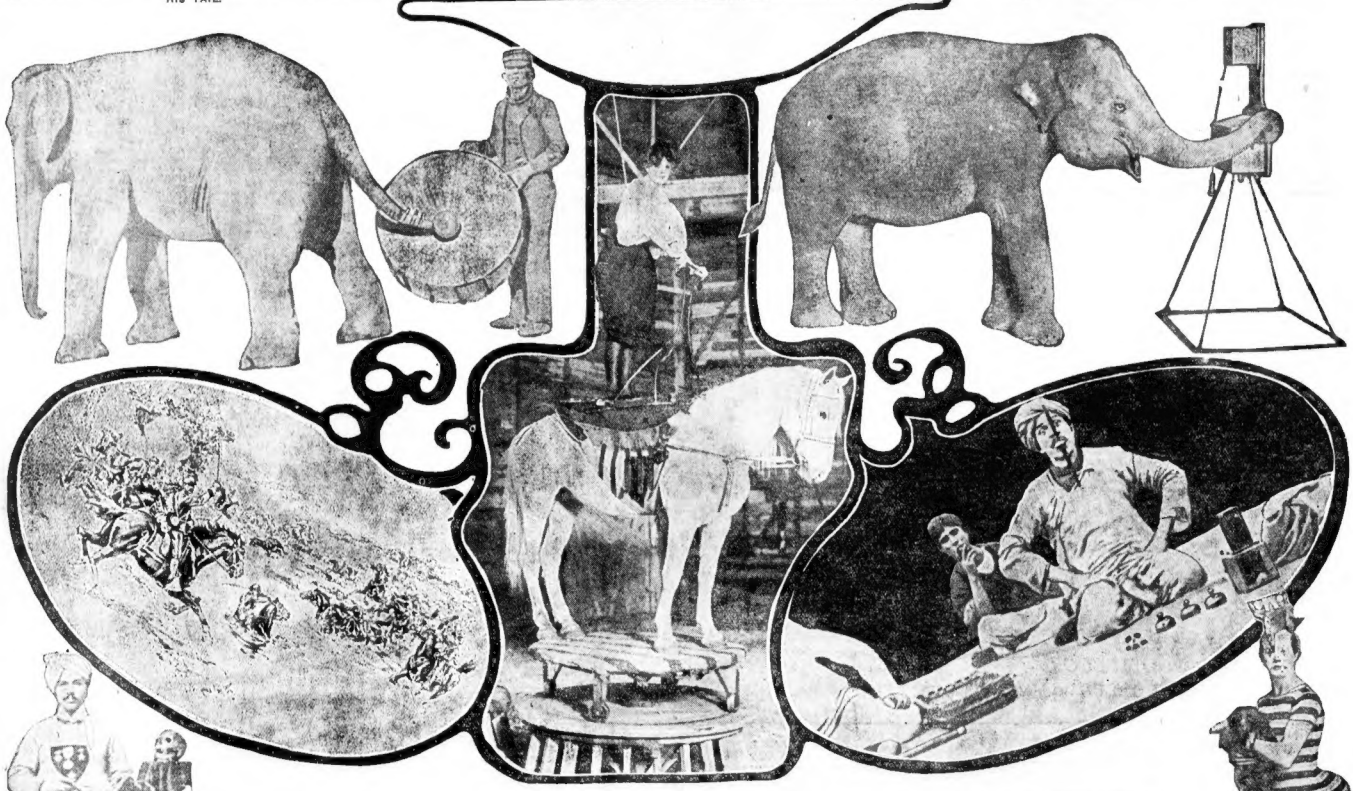
The character of the big amusement palace will be indicated by a huge elephant head, weighing 5,000 pounds, in terra cotta, which is the keystone of the big building.

The fat man will enjoy an evening at the Hippodrome in peace, for instead of the seventeen-inch seats of most of the theatres there will be chairs twenty-one inches wide, dispensing with the miseries of the fat man and woman, and obviating the necessity of a shoe horn.

The patrons are promised absolute protection from the wild animal performers because underground passages connect their dens with the stage.

Another unique feature of the hippodroma are the stalls, situated as in the playhouses of Europe, behind the orchestra seats.

THE LEADER OF THE ELEPHANT BAND BEATING THE DRUM WITH HIS TAIL.



WILSON'S RAIDERS FORDING THE RIVER.

THE LEADER OF THE HORSEBACK BALLET.

THE HINDOO PRINCE MAGICIAN.

THE HINDOO JUGGLER AND THE AMERICAN HAT.

THE CLOWN "SLIVERS" AND HIS DOG ACTRESS "MIMI."

WHAT LUCKY WOMAN WILL WEAR IT?—The New Great Diamond Just Found, Worth $10,000,000.

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

is valued at $600,000. It is among the British crown jewels.

It is very difficult to determine the commercial value of the new stone, apparently, for estimates run all the way from $5,000,000 to $25,000,000. As soon as the discovery was announced the stock of the company in whose mines it was found rose from $75 to $95 per share. At its lowest valuation the stone is worth several times the entire capital stock of the company, which is a comparatively new one, independent of the big Kimberley trust.

This wonderful new stone, which neither Princess Henry of Pless nor any other famous beauty will ever be able to wear, because of its bulk, was found near Pretoria, the capital of the late Transvaal Republic. The great diamond trust whose mines are centred about the region of Kimberley appears to have overlooked the possibilities of this neighborhood, which brought about the incorporation of the Premier Diamond Mine, a wholly independent concern. The largest stockholder in this company in the United States is Ex-Congressman Jefferson M. Levy, of New York City.

The capital stock of this company is only $400,000—a ridiculously small sum compared with the value of this single big find. It seems no wonder that the stock should immediately soar upward the moment the news was verified.

The discovery of this new diamond field was made just two years before the beginning of the late Boer war. It covers a 64 farm which fifty years ago was purchased by a Boer farmer for the equivalent of fifty cents—although it contained no less than 10,000 acres. It was believed that cinnabar and coal might be found there and some years ago the mineral rights in it were purchased by Mr. Oscar Schuller. After prospecting in vain for what he hoped to find, one day in August, 1907, his foot struck a heap of rubbish and out of it rolled a crystal of dazzling brilliance. This crystal proved to be a diamond of perfect water—the first found in that neighborhood.

Immediately the ground was opened and revealed the characteristic blue clay which is the primeval habitat of the precious car-

bonic. Before the fields could be properly financed and opened up the Boer war started, and this caused the suspension of operations for three years, until the end of the war.

Meanwhile everything was done by owners and agents of the old mines to discredit the story of the find, but in vain. Soon after the war the Premier mine was incorporated and capitalized in London. The company was already in a flourishing condition before the finding of the marvellous new gem, beside which all others of ancient or modern times pale into insignificance for size.

The diamond history of South Africa goes back less than half a century. In 1867 the baby boy of Mrs. Jacobs, playing about on a Dutch farm near Hopetown, on the Orange River, found a pretty pebble. His mother showed it to a Boer neighbor, who admired her very much by asking her to put a price on it. He took it home, cut his name on a window pane with it, and then took it to the nearest mineralogist, who pronounced it a real diamond. The pebble was sent to the Paris Exposition, where it was bought by Sir Philip Wodehouse, Governor of the colony, for $2,500. It weighed more than twenty-one carats. A little later another diamond was found near the same spot which weighed less than nine carats, but brought the same price.

The opening of these South African mines discovered evidences that diamonds had been found here in ancient times.

This finding of a stone weighing more than 3,000 carats does not indicate to experts that the gem is likely to become less rare and valuable than heretofore. A hundred years of digging in the same soil may never produce another of half its weight.

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Lady Hartopp Left in a Loveless Desert

BUT--What amazes all the aristocracy of Europe in modern marriage a la mode is that the beautiful Lady Edith Villiers should fall in love with this wicked scamp, Earl Cowley--and will marry HIM.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—There are some old fashioned people still left in London who believed that Earl Cowley, after his unsavory connection with the unsavory Hartopp divorce suit, would be frowned upon by the ladies of polite society.

How behind the times they are! But just imagine the shock to their nerves now when they hear that the Earl's engagement to Lady Edith Villiers, one of the loveliest girls in all England, has been announced.

Why, these same old-fashioned folks were even simple enough to believe that all the Hartopp troubles were because the Lady Millicent Hartopp had fallen in love with the Earl, wicked as he might be, and the Earl with her, fickle though he might once have been.

And they were actually prepared to hear that as soon as the Lady Hartopp, one of the beautiful nieces of Charles Wilson, of Tranby Croft, had secured her divorce she would marry the Earl Cowley, for whom she had gone through so much unpleasant publicity. They believed she would marry him quietly in some little parsonage and settle down happy in the calm content of true love. What a charming picture this that they conjured up in their old-fashioned fancies!

But other times, other manners. In this year of our Lord, '06, they hear instead the news that the Earl Cowley, famous as the co-respondent in the Hartopp divorce case, also as the divorced husband of Lady Violet Nevill, also as the hero of a breach of promise suit brought against him by Phyllis Broughton, a Gaiety Theatre girl, has won the daughter of one of the best and oldest families in the whole of England.

BLUEST BLOOD IN ENGLAND.

The lovely Lady Edith Villiers is the only daughter of the Earl of Clarendon, Lord Chamberlain to the King and Honorary Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Hertfordshire Yeomen Cavalry and the proud owner of historic Kenilworth Castle.

In Lady Edith's veins flows the bluest blood in all England, blood that one may trace back to the highest of the haute noblesse.

"What are we coming to?" cry the old fashioned when they hear this latest match referred to quite nonchalantly as a "marriage a la mode."

A fashionable marriage it certainly is, for is not the Lady Edith courted and feted and talked about in fashionable circles and written about in fashionable papers? And is not the Earl Cowley—grand-nephew of the great Duke of Wellington and grandson of the famous Earl Cowley who was Ambassador to France—still welcomed, in spite of his misdeeds, as a member of the most fashionable aristocracy?

Fashionable indeed is this marriage, in spite of the scandals that surround it—in fact, there are some people who say "on account of them." But they are fashionable, too, and as up to date as this very up-to-date engagement.

In discussing it one might be inclined to pity the lovely Lady Edith, saying, "Poor girl, how little she knows of life to marry such a man! Poor, innocent girl!"

One might make such a speech as that if one had not searched the statistics of the peerage, that are as relentless in the recording of a woman's sex as in the tracing of a family's pedigree, and found that Lady Edith was born on February 20, 1877. Therefore we may easily calculate for ourselves that she is no poor unsophisticated little lass who may not understand the meaning of all the shocking reports that are abroad about the man she has chosen to guard her future.

The Lord Chamberlain's daughter has been in the great world of London for the past ten years, with every opportunity to learn its ways and manners. With her brother, Lord Hyde, who is one of the best known of all the young society men in London, she has been invited to every fashionable function worth going to. She knows her world and the people who are most talked about in it thoroughly.

Her courtship by its most fashionable men has been part of her education. She was prepared to be a bride by her mother, the eldest daughter of the third Earl of Northampton. She learned easily to be fascinating, and in an endless procession of suitors her education was perfected.

It was this same Lady Edith Villiers, by the way, who some three years ago became widely known to Americans because she was reported to have refused one of their wealthiest young men, the son of William Waldorf Astor. It was said at the time that her heart was otherwise engaged. Could she possibly have been already in love with Earl Cowley, then entangled in the meshes of the Hartopp divorce suit?

Very possibly, for the shadows of that suit have not the slightest terror for Lady Edith Villiers. At the same time, there can be not the slightest question that a young woman of twenty-eight who has lived so constantly in the full glare of the great world understands and can trace fully to its slightest end the very blackest of them.

The career of Lord Cowley, if it was ever the least bit vague in her mind, was detailed in full during the progress of Sir Charles Cradock Hartopp's famous and infamous suit against his wife. The echoes of that suit were in every corner of London. Ah but, you may say, the shadows cast about the Earl, who was named as co-respondent, have faded away. They have become fainter and fainter with time.

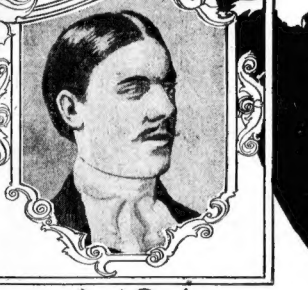
It is two years and more since the Hartopp suit was lost. And now Sir Charles one—the Lady Millicent? Will she smile

Photo by Sallie Charles.

Lady Edith Villiers

Photo by Alice Hughes.

Lady Hartopp.



Earl Cowley.

At the trial, as before, all the principles will be up on exhibition, like so many prize elephants, waiting each to do his turn.

The Lady Millicent Hartopp, if she would live up to her reputation, a reputation basely maintained, in spite of scandals and accusations, will have a new costume for every new day of the trial. She will carry great bouquets of hothouse flowers to show that there are still those who admire her.

Sir Charles Hartopp, the exasperated plaintiff, will watch her with a scowl that threatens to dislodge his monocle, and there will be a rustle through the courtroom as people of class struggle to see if the husband and wife exchange so much as a glance.

But interest will really reach its highest pitch when the co-respondent, the Earl Cowley, known in the smart set as "Toby," straggles in.

"Such a bore, you know," his manner seems to say. "But I'm so important that I must attend, you know."

Will he come alone?

THE TWO LADIES IN THE CASE.

At this point the Lady Edith Villiers divides attention with her principals. It is rumored that she will attend the hearing of the suit of Hartopp versus Hartopp, in which her affianced husband is named, as co-respondent.

Just what sort of trousseau Lady Edith will order is most interesting. She may feel that in the role of victor she scarcely needs to accentuate her charms. However, in any case she is sure to spur Lady Hartopp to as great efforts as did Mrs. Sands.

The crush of fashionables at this new trial should be even greater than at the previous one. Consider how much there is to see.

What will be the attitude of the deserted Lady Hartopp, for instance? How will she comport herself under the eyes of her rival? Before, she used to smile and bow to the co-respondent and exchange meaning glances with him while her friends discussed the chances of her marriage with him? But now? Now they must discuss instead the feelings of a woman who is accused of too great an interest in a man who is interested in another.

Really, it is a bit embarrassing! But this is an audience that seems immured to most anything. Scarcely a ripple of excitement stirs them when the most sensational evidence is elicited.

Lady Edith Villiers will probably not quiver so much as an eyelash when she hears the Earl admit, as he did at the former trial, that there were three or four women involved, some years ago, when his wife got a divorce from him. She was Violet Nevill, the daughter of the first Marquis of Abergavenny, and her divorce was attended with the same publicity that now attends the Lady Hartopp's. So, you see, the Earl is used to it.

Even in this mad days, the Lady Violet will hear, if she does not already know it, how he posed as the hero of a suit. He was Lord Dangan then, and unknown, except as the boon companion of the Earl of Clancarty, who afterward married Belle Bilton, a gaiety girl. It was another gaiety girl who made Lord Dangan famous by suing him for breach of promise, and winning, too.

Under all this, the Earl will be quite calm. All Londoners know that, for they have watched him through the ordeal before. What they are waiting to see at the new trial is how he will behave under the glances of the two women whom he has made rivals—the woman he has deserted and the woman he has won.

It is an up-to-date situation, only suitable in an up-to-date courtroom as the outcome of an up-to-date divorce scandal.

The great interest in the new trial centres about the beautiful Millicent Florence Eleanor Hartopp, daughter of Charles Wilson, M. P., of Warter Priory, Yorkshire. Once again she announces that she will fight to the bitter end, returning allegation for allegation.

Just what is to be expected at this second suit may be pretty clearly foretold by a glance at the first, when the most sensational exposures of the manners in vogue in English high life, as represented in the gay Leicestershire hunting set, were made.

Once again the courtroom will present the appearance of a reception hall. Outside, the streets will be packed with satin-togaed flagmen and people, all eager to see and to hear. Inside, the richest costumes will be worn by the smartest of people, the sort of people whose doings are chronicled in the fashionable columns of the fashionable papers. Ranged on the side of the plaintiff or the defendant they pack the hall, quite prepared to hear unblushingly the most scandalous details picked up by eavesdroppers and peepers.

Once again the Honorable Sir Charles Hartopp will summon kitchenmaids, housemaids and lackeys to tell how often Earl Cowley used to come to call on their mistress; how late he was wont to linger in her pink boudoir; how often through the keyholes they caught the tender "dears" and "darlings" issuing from unguarded lips. Housemaids will testify to giving notice because of the conduct of the Earl Cowley and Lady Hartopp.

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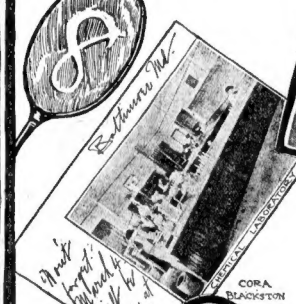
All on Account of a Stick Pin

Snapshot of Miss Helen Shaw on an Outing with Her Camera.



Latin School Girls Giving an Amateur Performance of "Our Boys."

The Rollicking Frolicsome Capers of the Daughter of the Secretary of the Treasury and Her Seven Confederates, Who Formed a Secret Society to Play High Jinks and Upset One of the Staidest Schools in Fashionable Baltimore.

ALL on account of a pin the daughter of Secretary of the Treasury Shaw and seven of her school companions have been suspended from the famous Girls' Latin School of Baltimore.

All on account of a pin, one of those stickpins that schoolgirls dote on, the peace of a whole army of girls became so disturbed that the science of chemistry, the principles of philosophy, the ethics of political economy were slighted and neglected in a way that threatened the great reputation of this entire academy of learning.

All on account of a pin—to the uninitiated a most innocent-looking stickpin—Principal Updegraff knitted his brows and summoned into his presence one momentous afternoon recently eight of his most distinguished pupils.

They filed into the formidable private office, where they were only summoned on rare occasions, Helen, daughter of Secretary Shaw, in the lead, with defiance in her eyes and with a pin of blue enamel adorned with a large figure 8 in raised gold firmly planted in a captivating, mannish knot at her neck.

After her came seven other girls, each wearing the same identical pattern of a pin planted at exactly the same identical angle in the same identical mannish knot. And above each pin there was a pair of defiant young eyes that said as plainly as words: "So there!"

It was THE pin!

Miss Webb, the daughter of one of the most prominent attorneys of Rock Hall, on the Eastern Sho', and famous as a beauty; Miss Blackston, the daughter of a prominent physician and a champion in the "gym"; Miss Camilla Rice, daughter of one of Baltimore's best known merchants; Miss Little, daughter of Manufacturer Little; Miss Wynn, a relative of the Postmaster-General, all stood up in line, shoulder to shoulder with the Secretary of State's daughter, under the stern gaze of Principal Updegraff. His eyes were upon the pin—the eight pins—where shone the golden figure 8, said to be symbolic of a secret society called "The Eight Devils."

It was the beginning of the end, and even outside of school circles, in the social circles where mothers and aunts and cousins reign, they are discussing it and wondering if, after all, the distinguished principal of one of the most distinguished schools in Maryland has not exceeded his authority.

But in order to discuss the end one must understand the beginning.

It began with whispers and side glances and

"Oh, did you see Helen Shaw?"

"Yes—her pin! What do you suppose it means?"

"Wait and watch!"

It was the first thrill of an excitement that threatened learning. The class in physical geography was singularly inattentive; they got climates and mountains and plains all mixed up hopelessly. They seemed to see nothing but pins.

And immediately after class they congregated in the hallways and began:

"Helen isn't the only one! Did you see Cora? And Fannie? And Amelia? And Camilla?"

The mystic eight came out of the class room nonchalantly, and the others, the pinless ones, averted their eyes and threw their noses as high into the air as they could.

"I wouldn't be seen with such a thing; would you?"

"Why, never—such bad taste, so silly, so forward, so bold!"

The Mystic Eight passed out of sight and the pinless ones bumped heads so close did they come together in their mighty efforts to fathom what the pin could possibly mean, and what was to happen if it had a meaning.

That night in the dormitory, on the right hand side of the school building, devoted to the seniors, sleep was banished. The lights were out; but what of that?

Eight girls in eight different dishabilles, each one clinging to her mystic pin, had stolen out of eight little beds. It was enough to arouse the entire dormitory. What was up?

Down through the deserted hallways to the great parlor in Alpheim Hall, sped the Mystic Eight. Under their gowns, in the sleeves of their "nightie," they carried pickle jars and loaves of bread. Pickle nabbies were frequent in the Girls' Latin School, but never before accompanied by secret pins.

In the dead of night, after half-past 9 by the hall clock, out stole a number of the pinless.

"If it costs us our lives," they said, "we must find out what it means. A secret society and we not in it! They think they're so smart. Well, we'll show them!"

THE EIGHT BID DEFIANCE.

Through the corridor, down the stairs, followed a group of white-robed figures. Their feet were noiseless, being unshod. The keyholes of Alpheim hall are fine and broad. The pinless took turns.

And finally, when the black night sped on and on, so they described it afterward, though of course they never revealed exactly what happened behind those closed doors, they turned to one another with flushed faces and big eyes.

"Did you ever?" "Well, I declare!" 'Hush—sh—sh—sh! Hasing! Hush—sh—sh—sh!"

Softly the pinless moved back up the steps and along the corridor back to the dormitory.

"The Eight Devils! That's what it means! Did you ever? And we're not in it! Hideous old pin! Aren't they deceitful? Well, we'll get even! You bet!!"

Each one of the pinless vowed a vow of eternal revenge and settled herself calmly on her down pillow to sleep the sleep of the innocent.

Meanwhile, below stairs the pickle party went on until the wee sma' hours of half-past ten sounded like a tocsin bell.

Then back to their couches they crept, like the mice whom they fear even more than they fear Principal Updegraff. The next day the seniors were even more inattentive than usual. Some of them were thinking of the secret society they intended to organize and some of them were thinking of the secret society they had organized.

With lowering brows from behind his glasses, Principal Updegraff watched sternly. Some one had warned him that in the secret precincts of one of the best regulated institutions in the country things were going on of a quite unprecedented nature. The word devil and eight had been breathed into his ear.

It required no seer to pick out the eight—the word that followed the eight the principal declined to utter.

"Attention, young ladies, attention!" cried Principal Updegraff for the third time in one short afternoon. It was plain to be seen that the entire school had been disrupted by the organization of one secret society. Those eight little pins shone defiantly into the eyes of the learned principal. They flashed at him impertinently from every side of the class room and at last he decided that to maintain discipline he must summon their owners to his study for an explanation.

Thus it happened that the daughter of Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, and her seven charming companions found themselves on a certain gloomy day quite recently defending themselves to what they afterward described as the bitter death.

"LIBERTY OR DEATH!"

Principal Updegraff cleared his throat and looked his promising pupils over. Secretary Shaw's daughter looked at him with her father's courageous eyes, but the professor never flinched.

"Young ladies," he said, "I hear that you are members of an organization, that you young ladies of the Latin school, that great co-branch of the Woman's College, have inaugurated a silly sentimental thing known as a secret society, as though you were a number of male students in a male institution. The idea is preposterous, horrible, undignified, unladylike"—

The professor cleared his throat and looked severely at the girlish figures before him.

"I would like to say," he went on, 'that this institution of which I have the honor to be head does not permit secret organizations; therefore"—

A line of angry, tearless eyes looked out at him. He cleared his throat again.

"You will, therefore," he went on, with decision, "understand that this society must be dissolved—dissolved. Its existence is opposed to my wishes. You may not wear pins to proclaim it."

At the end of this the Professor had the air of saying "Everything is settled and you may now go."

But the daughter of Secretary Shaw, in a ringing voice, spoke up:

"Why can't we organize? Is there any harm in that?"

"It is contrary to the rules—our rules—my rules."

"But Harvard, Yale and all the other great colleges have them," interrupted Miss Wynne.

"You are—er, ladies," said their Professor, calmly. "And in ladies' colleges the secret precincts of one of the best secret organizations have no existence."

At this point it is recorded that the daughter of Secretary Shaw had just such an inspiration as her father has often had in what might be called a minor emergency.

"Surely," she said, "we may wear our pins? Even if we have no society there can be no harm in wearing these innocent, pretty little pins."

For a moment the Professor was silent. The pins were an announcement of something behind them—pickle parties, midnight suppers, stolen meetings, queer antics, hazing, perhaps—any sort of college prank to imitate the male might lurk behind that pin. Plainly, the pin must go. It was the pin that had aroused the other girls.

Aloud the principal said: "I am sorry to say you will have to dispense with wearing of the pins. It is against the rules of the school."

"Against the rules to wear pins?" said Miss Shaw, sweetly.

"That pin is barred," said Principal Updegraff, with what has since been described by those present as a high and mighty air. "Any girl who wears one of the pins mentioned will be punished by suspension."

That night the "Eight Devils" assembled in their robes of white.

"Liberty or death!" they said, and then they settled down to decide which.

"Why, I never heard of such a thing," commented Miss Shaw, tossing her curls vigorously, and with the emphasis that has made her father a power in the financial world.

ALL SUSPENDED.

"The idea!" snapped Miss Wynne.

"It is an outrage," declared another.

"I'll resign before I bother with such rules," cried Miss Blackston, even if there were tears in her pretty eyes.

"Spiteful old things," said one of the girls, referring to her schoolmates who had spread the story of the organization of the secret society through the halls of the institution.

"Jealous, that's all," commented another.

"The idea!" said Miss Wynne.

"It is babies!"

"We will wear our pins, one and all of us," cried Miss Shaw, with determination. "Honor demands it!"

"War! War!" cried the eight.

"Yes, war," said Miss Shaw. "If there is any trouble we will leave. We cannot accept such treatment. Impossible! We are seniors!"

The whole school was on the tiptoe of expectation the next day. The secret society, the pins and the principal were all there. The girls clung to their pins and Principal Updegraff to his word.

The eight were suspended and with heads erect, tearless and defiant, walked out of the famous Girls' Latin School.

And since then it has been announced that the lovely Miss Shaw will soon make her first appearance in society. Since then her father, the Secretary of the Treasury, has said:

"It is a mountain out of a mole hill."

Professor Updegraff's stand is matter for discussion in Maryland. Those who think the seniors were right think he was wrong. Whatever you may think, the high walls of the Girls' Latin School of Baltimore are as formidable as ever.

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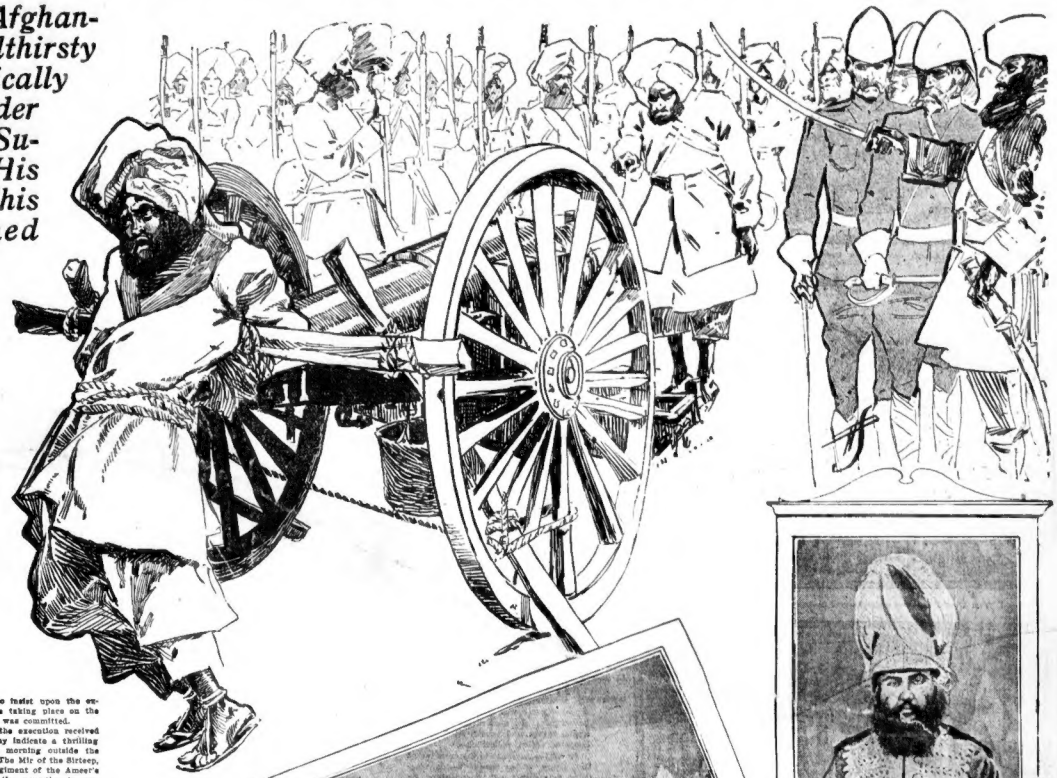
"Let Him Be Blown from the Mouth of a Cannon!"

How the Ameer of Afghanistan, with Bloodthirsty Cruelty, Barbarically Avenged the Murder of the German Superintendent of His Gun Factory in This Most Enlightened Century.



How native traitors to the British Government in India are executed—by being blown from the mouths of field guns.

"LET him be blown from the mouth of a cannon. See that Risaldar Samin Jan is taken to the very spot where he murdered the German engineer, that he is there bound to the muzzle of a cannon and blown into eternity."

Thus ordered the Ameer of Afghanistan when the turbaned assassin of Mr. Fleischer was dragged before him. If the murdered man had been a Russian the Ameer probably would have complimented and rewarded Risaldar Samin Jan, for he keeps approximately a million men under arms largely to oppose Russia's periodical plans to seize his capital city, Herat.

But the murder of a German was different, for the Ameer, like the Shah of Persia, has reason to retain the friendship of that country, as well as that of England, and foreign nations like to see outrages upon their fellow citizens promptly avenged.

Fleischer was an engineer imported from Germany to be superintendent of the Ameer's gun factory at Kabul. These are important works, which were much enlarged several years ago, when all the world believed that Russia was about to send an army of conquest into Afghanistan. Agents of the Ameer visiting different European countries had reported in favor of the German methods of manufacturing war materials, and Mr. Fleischer, in charge of German skilled workmen, was engaged for the task of seeing that the Ameer's army could meet the Czar's forces adequately armed.

From the cable dispatches telling of the murder and of the execution of the Ameer's sentence it appears that Mr. Fleischer had obtained leave of absence for a visit home to Germany. He was furnished with an armed escort to the frontier of Afghanistan, and when the party were nearing the fortress at Dakka the native guard became insolent and the engineer rebuked them.

Officer of His Guard Shot Him.

In the quarrel which ensued Risaldar Samin Jan, officer of the guard, took the part of his men. The quarrel was then narrowed down to the engineer and the officer. It ended by the officer drawing his revolver and shooting the German twice through the head.

This was more than the men of the guard had bargained for. They knew how high the German engineer stood in the estimation of the Ameer, and realized that their heads were in danger when news of the murder reached Herat. So they seized their officer and gained authority at the fortress to carry him bound back to headquarters.

The Ameer ordered Risaldar Samin Jan taken to Jalalabad for trial, accompanied by the fourteen men of the engineer's escort, all in chains, in the custody of the Mir of the Sirteep of Dakka. For form's sake all were to be placed on trial. On the road the bound assassin and his men in chains were met by Mirza Shar Ahmad, who was on his way to Peshawar. From the Mir of the Sirteep he learned the nature of their crime, and was the first to report the matter to the press of Europe and this country.

The trial at Jalalabad was commendably brief, and the news of the murder was also the most immediately followed by that of the Ameer's sentence quoted above.

In view of the fact that the men of the engineer's guard had procured the capture of the actual murderer the trial acquitted them and they were set at liberty.

Recently the news has been received that in the last week of December the Ameer's barbarous sentence was duly executed. This manner of executing capital criminals, however, is barbarous only to Western eyes. It has been practised by the British Government in India upon native assassins and traitors ever since the days of Lord Clive and the Great Mutiny. Native Indian potentates also practise it.

Ameer's Punishment Is All Ingenious.

It seems that this particularly horrible way of sending a human being into eternity appeals so strongly to the Eastern imagination that it is a better deterrent of crime than any other form of punishment. The fact that death must be as instantaneous as by hanging, beheading, garroting or shooting does not appear to mitigate its horrors in the minds of these people to whom the use of cannon is comparatively novel.

All the Ameer's methods of punishment are ingenious. It is on record that once when an old, gray-bearded man offended in some way against the tenets of the Ameer's autocracy he suffered the penalty at a public durbar of having his beard pulled out by the roots. The humiliation was greater than the pain, for all bearded Orientals consider the beards as the chief visible symbol of their dignity.

Another time when a baker of Kabul was accused and convicted of giving short weights the Ameer caused him to be baked in his own oven.

An English traveler who was in Kabul three years ago when there were daily rumors of an invasion by Russia reported an instance of the Ameer's ingenious manner of rebuking such rumor mongers. A native being found thus guilty was placed in a chair on the top of a tall pole and compelled to shout continuously at the top of his voice:

"The Russians are coming! The Russians are coming!"

Should the offender become breathless from shouting or fail into a doze a sentry was below to remind him of his duty to his sovereign with prods from his fixed bayonet.

It was characteristic of the autocrat not only to order the assassin of the German engineer to be blown from the mouth of a cannon, but to insist upon the explation of his crime taking place on the exact spot where it was committed.

The accounts of the execution received by a roundabout way indicate a thrilling scene early in the morning outside the fortress of Dakka. The Mir of the Sirteep, at the head of a regiment of the Ameer's soldiery, conducted the execution in person. He is an imposing figure, and his uniform blazed with decorations.

Morbid Oriental Curiosity.

On the plain near the fortress a wheeled siege gun with a bore the size of a man's head was placed. It had been loaded with a full charge of powder and a solid shot. The percussion cap was in place and a grizzled artilleryman stood by with the lanyard in his hand. Behind him stood the Mir surrounded by his officers, and behind them ranks of soldiers at "attention."

Hundreds of civilians were present, too, for the sake of the example, as well as their morbid Oriental curiosity. They saw the miserable wretch, Risaldar Samin Jan, dragged out of the fortress in chains, his turban awry, the whites of his eyes showing in terror. They saw him placed with the small of his back against the mouth of the loaded cannon, and the chains that bound him made fast to the carriage of the gun. His arms were bound to a stake thrust under his elbows back of him. He was so securely bound to the muzzle of the gun that even if his knees should bend under him the shot could not fail to tear his body into ribbons.

All these preparations were done in a leisurely manner. Orientals have plenty of time in which to witness the sufferings of a fellow being. They could see him turn his head from side to side in his agony of apprehension, and, being behind him, probably regretted that they could not see his livid, distorted countenance.

In the Eyes of All Diplomats.

At last the Mir of the Sirteep slowly raised his hand. The grizzled artilleryman pulled the lanyard. There was a muffled explosion—and where Risaldar Samin Jan had stood at the cannon's mouth there was on the ground only a heap of smoking rags, a blackened head and fragments of limbs. It is an extraordinary country where scenes of this description are enacted. Afghanistan, as the country which Russia must gain before she can wrest India from Great Britain, is the focus of the gaze of all diplomats. It has been so since the day of Tamerlane, and since that day Herat has seen fifty sieges, as "the key to India," big in the eyes of nations bent on conquest.

Not far away is Khyber Pass, through which a hundred great armies have passed, and which has been reddened with the blood of millions of soldiery in the last ten centuries. Alexander the Great, the conquering Sultan Mahmood, the grim Ghengis Khan, destroyer of Asia's ancient civilisation; Timur, the scourge of the world, the fighting founder of the Mongolian rule in India, and Shah Nadir, the butcher of Delhi, each in turn led his legions to slaughter by the tens of thousands on this road to India.

No other place on the surface of the globe of equal area has any such ghastly record. For centuries the Afghans in their narrow dales, have stood with drawn swords and defied world conquerors.

A country having such a critical geographical position naturally developed a people of unusual characteristics. Recently a great English traveller and politician has said of them:

England's Burnt Fingers.

"They are a curious folk, ready to take the road as bagmen or bandits; and to any one who has seen them trading or working in the remotest parts of the Indian Empire the thought must have occurred that they would carry back to their country ideas of the blessings of civilisation and the possibilities of neighborly and mutual usefulness. But when they have passed beyond our sphere of influence and have resumed their arms they are again Afghans and must do and think as the Afghans do and think."

England has burned her fingers more than once in dealing with Afghanistan. Just now, however, she is sending a commission thither in the hope of gaining diplomatic advantages that will serve to stop Russia in future efforts to reach India by that route—the only route open to that northern empire fit supplied with naval opportunities.

So far as the repulsion by force of invasion is concerned, Afghanistan, with her strengthened army and with her own which had seized and established themselves in Kabul, it is evident that now manufactories of war materials—of which the murdered German engineer, Fleischer, was the head—is in a better position than ever before. Considering that in 1842 she was able to expel the English troops, the Ameer's barbarous punishment of India."

The Ameer of Afghanistan.

The Mir of the Sirteep of Dakka, who executed the Ameer's sentence.

A Confirmed Bachelor's Advice to Ungengaged Girls.

WHAT THEY SHOULD DO AND HOW THEY SHOULD ACT TO WIN A HUSBAND.

IT IS impossible not to admire the enterprise of the modern young woman.

No longer is she satisfied with following the example of her mother and grandmother, who were quite content if they acquired a good knowledge of housekeeping, sewing and knitting. She has far greater ambitions. There are so many fields of employment open to the weaker sex nowadays, in one of which at least the average girl feels that she must exercise her particular talents.

With this end in view she studies and learns, and probably makes considerable advancement in the realization of her ambitions.

People commence to talk of her as an exceedingly clever girl capable of holding her own in this world of competition, and likely to make a real success of life, etc., etc. Her girl friends admire, envy, or feel jealous of her according to their natures, and try to copy her example.

All this adulation is, of course, very nice; but it will generally be noticed that the majority of young men are not so appreciative of a girl's cleverness. They admire her up to a certain point, but no further. That is to say, they are ready and willing to admit her cleverness, but beyond that she is uninteresting to them. Placed side by side with her less clever sisters, the talented girl does not, in their opinion, by any means cast the former's attractions into the shade on account of her exceptional intellect.

In fact, there are few men who are attracted for any length of time toward the clever girl. She may be pretty and vivacious, but there is that about her which makes men keep their distance. For instance men hate that authoritative and opinionated manner which the clever girl is apt to adopt. Men don't in the least mind a woman's sweet, simple conceit, say, with regard to her good looks, but they do dislike the woman who is in love with her own intellect and ability and never fails to show it.

As a man once remarked in the writer's hearing, a clever girl generally makes the mistake of airing her brains too much, which causes a man to feel small and ignorant at times. Of course, a man is considered exceedingly foolish who deserts a good looking, brilliant girl for a simple-minded maiden, whose chief delight may be embroidery or stringing beads and experimenting with cookery. But he troubles little about such remarks; for he has probably got his heart's desire, i. e., a sweetheart who has none of those brilliant talents which will not allow her to appreciate and praise his own.

Mere feminine brains never really charmed the heart of any man. Robert Browning fell in love with Elizabeth Barrett because of her big eyes, her clustering ringlets, her little hands and her great capacity for admiring his poetry. If she had never written a line herself he would have loved her just the same. What a man likes is femininity first and advanced intellect second. Sympathy counts ten times more heavily than book learning.

Take the case of a certain prominent woman journalist, for instance. She is a brilliant writer of articles and essays, and is in receipt of a very comfortable income. When I once sighed lavishly over her literary achievements she shook her head rather doubtfully, drew her eyes up in a funny little smile, half sardonic, half pathetic, and said:

"Do you know, my dear, I never had a love affair in my life, and I am more than forty years of age."

There was downright tragedy in that simple, smiling confession, which any woman of imagination should appreciate. To put it plainly, men do not like her very well, while with her own sex she is decidedly popular. We all know that a woman's woman and a man's woman are two totally different persons.

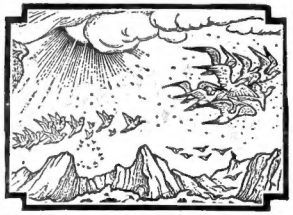
The greatest objection men have to clever girls, however, is that they do not consider they would make good wives from a domestic point of view. In their opinion, a girl cannot combine domesticity with ambitious desires. People make a mistake in saying that men are jealous of any clever talents which a girl displays and would not marry her because they are not fond of mental superiority in their wives.

A man is usually proud to acknowledge a clever girl as his friend, and would, in all probability, be only too willing and anxious to make her something more dear to him, if he did not possess the dread that when she became his wife she would allow her ambitious to interfere with domestic duties.

Sometimes it happens that a girl's ambitions in no way appeal to a man. He finds it impossible to interest himself to any great extent in her work, and recognizes that without mutual sympathy with one another's tastes marriage is apt to become a failure. Of course, clever girls sometimes do meet and marry men who are in sympathy with their talents, and find true happiness. But it is not every man who can talk enthusiastically of music and art to the girl who wishes to win professional honors. What men really do admire is the real lovely lovable womanly woman. She knows the things which man most appreciates, and the value of domestic knowledge through home experience. And, after all, what literary work must for the right

Two Notable Interpretations of Bible Events.

"Let the Earth Bring Forth the Living Creature After His Kind—Cattle and Creeping Thing and Beast."

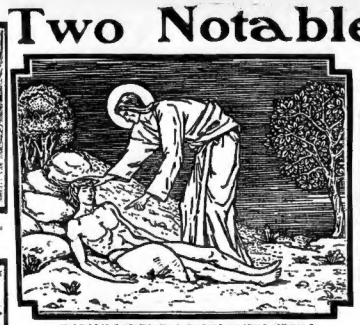


"And Fowl That May Fly Above the Earth in the Open Firmament of Heaven."

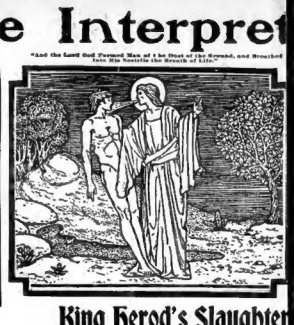
"Let the Earth Bring Forth Grass, the Herb Yielding Seed and the Fruit Tree Yielding Fruit After His Kind."

"And God Divided the Light from the Darkness."

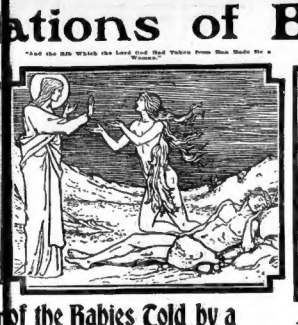
"And the Spirit of God Moved Upon the Face of the Waters."



"And the Lord God Formed Man of the Dust of the Ground, and Breathed Into His Nostrils the Breath of Life."



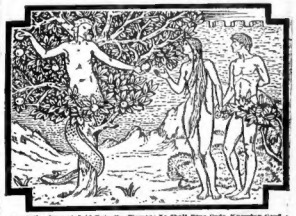
"And God Said: Let Us Make Man in Our Own Image After Our Likeness."



"And the Rib Which the Lord God Had Taken From Man Made He a Woman."

"And the Lord God Formed Every Beast of the Field and Every Fowl of the Air and Brought Them Unto Adam."

"Out of the Tree of the Knowledge of Good and Evil Thou Shalt Not Eat of It."



"And the Serpent Said Unto the Woman: Ye Shall Even Gods, Knowing Good and Evil."

"And Unto Adam He Said: In Sorrow Shalt Thou Eat of It All the Days of Thy Life."

"Therefore the Lord God Sent Him Forth from the Garden of Eden to Till the Ground from Whence He Was Taken."

So He Drove Out the Man, and He Placed at the East of the Garden of Eden Cherubims and a Flaming Sword."

King Herod's Slaughter of the Babies Told by a Distinguished Modern Writer---The Story of the Creation Pictured by the Late Sir Edward Burne-Jones.

By Selma Lagerloef, the Well-Known Swedish Author.

THEN Herod, when he saw that he was mocked of the wise men, was exceeding wroth, and sent forth and slew all the children that were in Bethlehem, and in all the coasts thereof, from two years old and under.
—St. Matthew, I, 16.

THE massacre of the innocents was to take place on an upper gallery overlooking the lofty inner court of Herod's Palace, and the place had been transformed into a veritable pleasure garden by the King's orders. The gallery was covered with vines and luscious grapes hung from it, almost within reach of any hand.

Along the pillars and wall ranged orange and citron trees, laden with ripe fruit, while the stone floor was hidden under a yielding carpet of rose leaves. And the balustrades, the cornices, the marble columns, tables and benches all had garlands of white, radiant lilies.

To add still more to the splendor of the scene, great marble basins were there brimming with crystal water. In the running water gold and silver fishes played, and birds from foreign zones perched on the trees, their brilliant plumage a feast for all eyes.

Toward the second hour after noon the King's guests began to arrive—fine women, clad in red and blue festive garments, a white veil shading each proud face, and on each head a turban, thickly with coins and chains. Most of the children were but a single garment, for the King had offered to clothe them at his own expense.

As the little ones came through the gate pretty slave girls, attached to the person of Herod's daughter, came forward with white surcoats, bordered with gold and purple, and wrapped the children in somewhat richness.

As the women of Bethlehem ascended the broad stairs leading to the upper gallery some carried their loved ones in arms. Other children sat enthroned on mother's shoulder or hip, and some were led by the hand. They were the more courageous ones, not easily disconcerted by strange surroundings.

The King's guests seated themselves on the rose-carpet, while slaves placed before them low tables, set with food and drink, and served on silver platters as befitted the royal treasury. And the happy mothers, with their children, did justice to the good things without compromising that sweet dignity for which the women of Bethlehem had always been noted.

After they had eaten and drunk they began to scan their surroundings more closely, and, lo! live men hidden behind the flower garlands and fruit trees, warriors in full armor, steel and copper, clad from head to foot, were revealed. There were two rows of them and all stood as motionless as statues. If it had not been for their cruel eyes the women might indeed have mistaken them for idols of the heathen god of war.

"Wherefore the soldiery?" they whispered to each other. "Is Herod afraid that we do not know how to behave? And if we did not, would not one of those giants suffice to teach us a lesson? But here is a whole army!"

"Don't mind them," said one of the warriors. "It is one of Herod's hobbies to parade his warriors. Even when he feasts his own daughter the palace is alive with armed men."

But the eyes of this bit of fairyland soon drew away all fears. As the giants strolled along they came across fruit-laden twigs, which bowed to them as if asking them to be relieved ofttipe pears and oranges. In one corner a group of weight-of-hand men were established. As the little ones stood open-mouthed, admiring their tricks, they were suddenly told to feel in the pocket of the beautiful garment the King had given them, and they found the pockets bulging with toys and playthings, far more beautiful than any they ever thought to possess.

"Have a ride on the tiger!" yelled an unkempt horse in outlandish dress, holding forth at one end of the gallery. And his fierce, striped steeds were an issue that the most get his head between their terrific jaws, and they carried the children more willingly than Balaam's donkey.

But in this paradise of flowers and birds and golden fishes and sweet music and inviting fruit the greatest attraction, to the children's amazed eyes, was the long rows of warriors lining the side of the gallery, immovable and silent like statues.

The youngsters could not take their eyes from their shining helmets, proud, bearded faces, short broad swords, in richly decorated sashbands, and their long lances.

And even as they played and romped around they thought all the time of those mighty warrior-men, and they were dying to know whether they were alive or not. They gradually ventured and children lost their shyness and abandoned themselves to the enjoyments of the good things provided for them. They ate and played, trembled sweets and honey and played again, but every little while one or another pointed to the statue-like soldiers with questioning looks. Was it possible that one could stand motionless amid bowers of grapes and fruit and a thousand and one good things without stretching forth a hand to partake of God's gifts?

At length one of the boys could master his curiosity no longer. Tiptoeing forward in the protecting shade of a palm tree and ready to seek safety in instant flight if necessary, he crept up to the nearest man as arms. Strange, though within a step of him, Joseph could not decide whether the figure was alive or not. Nearer, then nearer. Now he was so near he could touch the big fellow's sandalstrape, his armored leg.

And as if the trifling trespass had been a deadly crime all the soon-at-arms advanced at once, like demons of wrath, suddenly called to life. Uttering terrible oaths, they threw themselves upon Herod's white-robed guests like a host of ruthless descending upon their prey.

Throwing away their lances they picked up one child after another, raised each high high in the air and threw it down the balustrade between lamps and garlands, painting the marble steps with their life's blood. Others dashed out

"The Slaughter of the Innocents at Bethlehem by Order of Cruel King Herod"—Reproduced from Rubens' Famous Painting.

the gallery before the cuirassiers could overtake them. Some slid down the pillars, others swung themselves from the trees, their bright plumage a feast for all eyes.

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The Creation.

THERE is promised here for the first time a quite unknown series of illustrations of the first, second and third chapters of Genesis, drawn by the late Sir Edward Burne-Jones. The widow of the great artist, in a preface to a little volume published by Longmans, Green & Co., writes: These designs were made for an illustrated edition of Mr. Mackail's 'Bible's Innocentes,' which was to have been produced and to have contained upward of 250 pictures. Many of those were begun, but some quite finished. The designs have given were so far carried out that, with the help of Mr. Catterson Smith, I has been possible to complete and reproduce them. It was he who, under my husband's own eye, transferred the drawings to the wood blocks, and who has since cut most into the lines were engraved, and he in doing he learned most intimately the manner and meaning of the artist.

Accordingly, the conventional arrangement of the trees, and of the Chance drawings—as in sky, trees and flowers—have been followed. Where the pictures were finished in color, that has been followed. Where the pictures were finished in black, they have been exactly reproduced, and where, as in some parts, little more than a sketch was given, the full and sympathy of the pupil have understood it and made it visible to others. Any omitting incompletion of form and detail has been accepted as inevitable, but the spirit of the whole is rendered with extraordinary fidelity."

From the Book of Genesis.

I. In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth. And the earth was without form, and void; and darkness was upon the face of the deep. And the spirit of God moved upon the face of the waters. And God said, Let there be light: and there was light. And God divided the light from the darkness.

And God said, Let there be a firmament in the midst of the waters, and let it divide the waters from the waters. And God made the firmament, and divided the waters which were under the firmament from the waters which were above the firmament: and it was so. And God called the firmament heaven.

And God called the dry land earth; and the gathering together of the waters He called seas. And God said, Let the earth bring forth grass, the herb yielding seed, and the fruit tree yielding fruit after his kind, whose seed is in itself, upon the earth: and it was so.

And God said, Let there be lights in the firmament of the heaven to divide the day from the night; and let them be for signs, and for seasons, and for days, and years: and let them be lights in the firmament of the heaven to give light upon the earth: and it was so. And God made two great lights; the greater light to rule the day, and the lesser light to rule the night: He made the stars also. And God said, Let the waters bring forth abundantly the moving creature that hath life, and fowl that may fly above the earth in the open firmament of heaven. And God created the great whales, and every living creature that moveth, which the waters brought forth abundantly, after their kind, and every winged fowl after his kind.

And God said, Let the earth bring forth the living creature after his kind, cattle, and creeping things, and beast of the earth after his kind.

And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness; and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth.

And God said, Behold, I have given you every herb bearing seed, which is upon the face of all the earth, and every tree, in the which is the fruit of a tree yielding seed; to you it shall be for meat.

And the Lord God formed man of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; and man became a living soul.

And the Lord God planted a garden eastward in Eden; and there He put the man whom He had formed. And out of the ground made the Lord God to grow every tree that is pleasant to the sight, and good for food; the tree of life also in the midst of the garden, and the tree of knowledge of good and evil.

And the Lord God took the man and put him into the garden of Eden to dress it and to keep it. And the Lord God commanded the man, saying: "Of every tree of the garden thou mayest freely eat, but of the tree of knowledge of good and evil thou shalt not eat of it, for in the day that thou eatest thereof thou shalt surely die."

And the Lord God said, It is not good that the man should be alone; I will make Him an helpmeet for Him. And out of the ground the Lord God formed every beast of the field, and every fowl of the air, and brought them unto Adam to see what he would call them.

And Adam gave names to all cattle and to the fowl of the air, and to every beast of the field; but for Adam there was not found an helpmeet for him.

And the Lord God caused a deep sleep to fall upon Adam, and he slept: and He took one of his ribs and closed up the flesh instead thereof; and the rib, which the Lord God had taken from man, made He a woman and brought her unto the man.

Now, the serpent was more subtle than any beast of the field which the Lord God had made. And he said unto the woman: Ye shall not surely die; for God doth know that in the day ye eat thereof, then your eyes shall be opened, and ye shall be as gods, knowing good and evil. And when the woman saw that the tree was good for food, and that it was pleasant to the eyes, and a tree to be desired to make one wise, she took of the fruit thereof, and did eat, and gave also unto her husband with her, and he did eat. And they heard the voice of the Lord God walking in the garden in the cool of the day, and Adam and his wife hid themselves from the presence of the Lord God amongst the trees of the garden. And the Lord God called unto Adam and said unto him: Where art thou? And he said: I heard Thy voice in the garden, and I was afraid.

And unto Adam He said: Because thou hast hearkened unto the voice of thy wife, and hast eaten of the tree, of which I commanded thee, saying, Thou shalt not eat of it, all the days of thy life in the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread till thou return unto the ground; for out of it thou wast taken: for dust thou art and unto dust thou shalt return. Where are thou wast taken: for dust thou art and unto dust thou shalt return. Where are

And unto Adam and his wife did the Lord God make coats of skins, and clothed them. And the Lord God said: Behold, the man is become as one of us, to know good and evil; and now, lest he put forth his hand, and take also of the tree of life, and eat, and live forever—

Therefore the Lord God sent him forth from the garden of Eden, to till the ground from whence he was taken.

So He drove out the man, and He placed at the east of the garden of Eden cherubims and a flaming sword, which turned every way, to keep the way of the tree of life.

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REV. ALFRED V. WITTMEYER

COME UNTO ME, ALL YE TRAMPS

The Novel and Sublime Idea of the Rev. Alfred V. Wittmeyer, Who Is Reaching Out "Into the Highways and Hedges" of New York City, Trying to Do What Christ Asked:

"Compel Them to Come in, That My House May Be Filled."

—St. Luke xiv., 23.

"The Blind Shall Lead the Blind"—the Sightless David and Jonathan.

A GALLERY reserved for tramps, a weekly collection divided among them and a luncheon after the service when the homeless are waited upon by the wives of millionaires, are strange features of one of the oldest and wealthiest churches in New York.

At the Eglise du Saint Esprit, on Twenty-seventh street, near Madison avenue, the poor are welcome and the poorer the more welcome. There the doors are open to any one who wishes to enter. There is only one restriction. No drunken man may enter. The tramps who gather there are of every age and nation, but they respect the wishes of the venerable pastor. They never come to the church if intoxicated. They come from the park benches, where they have slept all night. They come from doorways, where they have crouched, or from country barns, where they have lain, as lay the Founder of churches in a manger. Perhaps some have come from jails, where they were locked up for vagrancy.

Their clothes are rags. Their hair is unkempt. Their faces are seamed and sad. Their steps are hesitant. But they are always welcome.

The Tramps in the Gallery Listening to Dr. Wittmeyer's Sermon.

When they began coming to the church man in a ragged coat that had passed in in timid twos or threes they shrank into the pews as though they were afraid of the brown and brown to yellow. He was blind, Rev. Alfred V. Wittmeyer, the pastor, and another old man with long, silver hair noticed this and feared that they would in a tangle on his shoulders led him to the not come again. He believed that they table and steadied his palsied hand as he raised his coffee cup. The woman was young and beautiful, and her husband owns two blocks of houses in the heart of Greater New York. She stooped and picked up the old man's shapeless hat. Tears were in her eyes.

The white-haired pastor spoke to the tramps when the meal was over.

"My friends," he said to them kindly, "how many of you are here through fault of your own?"

Every one shook his head except a young man who looked like an artist. His cheeks flushed. His chin sank upon his breast.

"How many of you have reached this sad state through drink?"

Every man shook his head.

"Have you no friends?"

Down the long tables there was an unbroken line of shaking heads.

"That is sad," said Dr. Wittmeyer. "Then why are you so unfortunate?" The answer came as from one man:

"We can't find work."

"But is there not plenty of work in New York? Why cannot you get work?"

The young Frenchman at the end of the table rose.

"It is because we do not know the languages of your country. There is hardly an American here," he said in French. "Go to Paris, to Vienna, to Madrid, to Naples, whence we come. If you do not know the language, you starve. It is the great mistake to come to the new land when you do not know the language it speaks. I was exiled from La Belle France by poverty. I have had great misfortune. This is the first time I have ever been helped by a church or by a Christian. Merci, messieurs. Merci, messieurs."

"Didn't he speak beautifully?" whispered the woman whose husband owns the two blocks.

"Come again next Sabbath, friends. You will be welcome," said the pastor.

The men filed out, one by one, the pastor and two of the members of the church shaking hands with them at the door. Outside the door they hesitated and looked back. It was warm in the church. The icy wind swept up from East River and cut through their thin clothing to their hearts, benching their faces. The pastor stood at his study window and watched them slowly moving away with indecisive steps.

"God help them," he said. "Where will they go? Like the Son of Man, they know not where to lay their heads. "We will see some of them next Sunday. There will be new faces to take the places of the old. But what becomes of those who disappear we do not know."

"Most of the tramps are Frenchmen," said a member of the church. "You noticed the faces of the seventy-five men here to-day. There were only two I would not trust. If those who want French employes would come here any Sunday morning they could get good service besides helping an unfortunate man to his feet. I am very much interested in this work."

The pastor of the Church du Saint-Esprit is a scholarly man and one of the most popular preachers in New York. He is the founder of the Huguenot Society in New York. The church is the second oldest in the city, having been founded in 1688.

"The work began two years ago. Two or three men of this class came of their own accord. I saw they were tinged among the prosperous congregation and we provided for them in the gallery. They brought others. I thought they needed food and we arranged for a special collection for them. The pro rata is a dime. It wont make them either rich or drunk, and we think it has helped some of them over hard places. God has blessed our work for tramps. I believe many of them have gone out of the Saint-Esprit with new courage to new and better careers," said the pastor.

The church in which this innovation has been introduced is one of memories connected with the earliest history of New York. Chief among its benefactors were Elie Desbrosses, Jean Coltin and Louis Lecombe. Some of the legacies were bequeathed for the sole use of the poor and are given over to that purpose. When the church conformed to the Methodist Episcopal discipline, in the course of its evolution from a Huguenot community, it was assisted by Trinity Church, which has since been regarded as its gracious stepmother.

Curious relics of the youth of the old church are preserved in its archives and may be seen by visitors. There is a faded, yellow marriage contract that has survived the signature of bride and groom for two hundred and two years. Sometimes such contract was signed and sealed a few days before the ceremony, in the presence of witnesses. This is the text of the quaint copy:

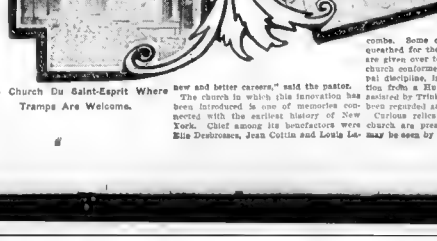
"Saturday, the seventeenth day of April, 1703, we, the subscribers, Daniel Ayrault and Mary Robineau, do certify, in the presence of the undersigned witnesses, that we are promised and do mutually engage to each other the faith of holy matrimony. And to that we engage all that we have and hope to have in this world, for the performance of our promise; desiring that God Almighty will give His blessing on our design, which is for His glory and the edification of our neighbors. Wherefore we are determined to consummate our marriage as soon as possible according to the order of Holy Discipline and to be published the first time to-morrow in our church, according to custom, that all the congregation may be witnesses of the promise which we have made in the presence of ELIAS NEAU, Mary Pare, Judith Robineau, the mother and daughter, Susannah Neau and Ezekiel Grasielleu, the day and year above mentioned.

DANIEL AYRAULT.
MARIE ROBINEAU.

Signed and sealed in our presence.
ELIAS NEAU.
JUDYTH ROBINEAU.
EZEKIAL GRAZIELLEU.

Tramps Waiting on the Gallery Stairs of the Church Du Saint-Esprit for the Day's Collection.

A Group of Hungry Tramps at Luncheon in the Sunday School Room of the Church.



The Church Du Saint-Esprit Where Tramps Are Welcome.

In caring for the wanderers who gather each Sunday in its gallery the church is true to its traditions. It has always been a friend of the poor.

From its first services, in 1688, "the funds derived from collections, together with the interest received from certain legacies, were generally consecrated to the support of the poor," says an historian of the Eglise du Saint Esprit. "The poor were always a special object of care to the church. In this respect, indeed, this church has always given an amiable example. A brief inspection of the disbursements will show that the poor of the church could scarcely have had a need that their more favored brethren did not regularly supply. It employed for many years a physician who visited regularly the sick poor. The first of these physicians was Dr. Jean du Puy, an honored name in the medical history of New York."

One of the earliest customs of the original church, then on Pine street, was to conclude the service with the words by the pastor, "Remember the poor."

With this reminder every man, woman and child in the congregation dropped a coin into one of the boxes behind the entrance doors. The next morning at 9 the poor came regularly to receive the collection, which was divided among them.

The charitable work has continued through the centuries, but it was Dr. Wittmeyer, who has been rector of the Church du St. Esprit for twenty-eight years, who invited the wandering poor to the temple, who gave his hand and alms to the despised tramp.

Who Should Carry the Family Purse? Husband or Wife?

IN THIS majority of families prudent management of the family's financial resources is positively necessary. But whether the income be large or small, a family's happiness depends largely upon the ability of the person who has charge of it. He or she has to decide periodically what amount should be expended and what should be saved.

Though there is apparently no reason for it, it seems to be generally accepted that the husband should be the custodian of the family finances. Mean or openhanded, careful or reckless, he alone must spend or save it. But is it fair to his wife, sharer of his joys and sorrows? In hundreds of cases it is not.

Yet where it is known to his acquaintances, the man who parts with the bulk of his earnings, leaving only his bare expenses for himself, is regarded by them as a "molly-coddle," a man without spirit, without independence. They ignore altogether the fact that it is perhaps the wisest thing for that man to do, that by so doing he is leading a happier and more prosperous life.

For where the interests of several are concerned a great many men are absolutely unfit to have charge of money. They are not dishonest men. With their employers' money they will exercise the greatest care and exactness, but with their own absence of three qualities is their chief characteristic. To arrive at the solution of this problem it would be easier perhaps to show who should not carry the purse.

First of all, there is the man who habitually drinks "not wisely, but too well." He, for one, should never have more in his pocket than his customary expenses, and in his sober moments will readily admit it.

The wife who can compel her husband to see it in that light and to act upon it will be doing him the greatest kindness in the world. Wasting no more words on him than he deserves, there is next the married man whose one desire in life is to "cut a dash."

With the idea of impressing his friends that he is much better off with respect to this world's goods than he really is, regardless of the fact that wife and children may be in actual want of his money, he flings it about recklessly—but for a few hours only.

When "stony broke" he retires into penitence and obscurity until next day. Very often he is a good fellow at heart, but cannot resist a periodical "splash." To deprive him of his purse is his only cure.

After him comes the good-natured man—apparently. Though he cannot afford it, he practises generosity—not purposely, but thoughtlessly—and his family at home suffer in consequence.

A Potato with a History.

CONSIDERED [illegible] as among the medium early varieties. [illegible] is of good quality and its flesh, [illegible] white and nearly dry and exceptionally mealy. [illegible] a potato was well known in years. An English work strongly appeals to the American taste on account [illegible] and [illegible] of a few acres have experimented with the white. The failure of the wheat crop [illegible] in Ireland in [illegible] delighted lovers of good [illegible] for many years past, and was in its way the finest type of potato.

To day the potato has been developed from a small, coarse, poorly flavored tuber to one of the staples of life, rich in starch, and a great producer of heat and energy. The experiment stations in the country report more than 150 varieties.

A careful study of climate, soil, fertilizers and other conditions has been rewarded by astonishing progress in potato culture. The "Noroton Beauty" is probably the most brilliant example of what persistence and enlightened methods will accomplish. It is a very aristocrat among tubers, round and graceful in form, and more nearly uniform in size than any other member of the family.

Nor are its solid qualities less attractive than its appearances. Men who study potatoes as other men study horses and cattle say that the "Noroton Beauty" is the earliest variety they know of, barring to frustrate the evil designs of the [illegible] or two of inferior quality. It produces [illegible] potato-bug.

A student of potato culture, even if he had never heard of the "Noroton Beauty" would recognize its high quality almost as soon as he set eyes on the vines. The tops are short and sturdy, and cover the ground for a space of nearly a yard each way. When the stalks appear they are purple and the leaves are much larger and darker than those of other varieties. The groundwork of the potato is white, splashed with pink and the eyes are pinkish.

To produce an early potato of the fine appearance and the best table qualities is one of the great ambitions of cultivators.

Upon the success of the early and quick-growing varieties future potato crops must largely depend, since potatoes like the "Noroton Beauty" are less liable to plant diseases, such as blight, and more likely the earliest variety they know of, barring

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MOST CUT-UP MAN ALIVE

—NOW GOING UNDER DR. LORENZ'S KNIVES.

Little Lolita Armour's Father Asks the Famous Vienna Surgeon's Skill for "Colorado's Cloudburst Hero," Who Has Already Undergone 26 Operations as the Result of Saving 7,000 Lives.

Leo L. Loeb as He Looks Today—Note the Left Eye Contracted by Partial Paralysis.

THE most operated on of human beings—Leo L. Loeb, the "Paul Revere of Colorado," who by a wild ride of seventeen miles with a cloudburst at his heels, saved the lives of 7,000 persons, at the expense of the complete paralysis of his left side and limbs—is about to go to Vienna for yet another tearing apart of his withered nerves and tendons.

This will be done by the famous Dr Lorenz, who was brought to this country to operate on little Lolita Armour. She is now cured of congenital hip disease and her grateful father has asked the celebrated surgeon to exert his skill upon the cloud burst hero.

Loeb has submitted to twenty six operations altogether, and upon the occasion of his last session with the surgeons' knives, saws and needles was constantly under the effects of an anaesthetic for thirteen hours and forty-two minutes. When he woke up he found himself incased in 462 yards of plaster of paris bandage—necessary to hold together what the surgeons had left of him

A few days later they told him that they had cut the tendons of his leg and foot in forty two places, from hip to toe, while a twenty-nine pound weight had dragged at the base of his spine, also laid bare by the knife; that his hip bone had been bared of flesh, broken in four places and reset, and that a total of eighty six stitches was helping the plaster of paris hold him together

But the cloudburst hero is still cheerful. He says

"In Vienna the famous Dr. Lorenz is going to slit open my left arm from wrist to shoulder and scrape the bone. Then he will treat my spine the same way."

"You just mean that the whole of your backbone will be laid bare and scraped?" was the amused inquiry of a representative of this newspaper

"That's what Dr. Frederick Mueller, Dr Lorenz's assistant at St. Luke's Hospital in Chicago, told me. Why not?"

Partial paralysis has diminished the use of Loeb's left eye, but the other was wide with interested inquiry as to why he should not have his backbone taken out and scraped, if he wanted to.

"Oh, all right—it's your backbone."

The plucky youth laughed out of the straight side of his mouth, and went on:

He's All Right Astride a Horse.

"I guess that will be about all. I'm much better than I was. Often I feel prickings like pins in my paralyzed side and limbs. I know I'm going to get over this. You'll see me coming home from Vienna with two good legs and arms, ready to go bronco-busting again, or take that secret service job President Roosevelt has offered me in the West

"I could get away with that job now, only I don't want to miss this chance Dr. Lorenz has offered. You don't want to be fooled by this one-sided way I go about on foot. Just try me on a horse. Out of a field of twenty-eight in Colorado last October I won fourth prize in a bronco busting contest. I guess that'll do for the secret service—with nothing the matter with my ringer finger and 'Baby,' the finest mustang ever under saddle, waiting for me in Chicago.

"Out in Colorado, when they saw me dragging this bum leg and arm about, they wanted to get me a pension. What! Roost at a desk in some stuffy Government office, doing nothing! Me! Not while 'Baby's' worrying to get back on the plains!"

"Baby," in her master's estimation, deserves fully half the honors for that cloud burst ride of seventeen miles down the Big Thompson Canyon on August 3, 1902, which until now has never been adequately described. It was not "Baby's" fault that it was her iron shod hoof which put the left half of Loeb's magnificent frame "all to the bad." At that moment neither horse nor rider had any business to be alive, after what the elements had done to them.

Loeb was then twenty-two years old, more than six feet high, weighing 196 pounds, with hardly enough fat on him to lubricate his joints. He was a prospector in the Rocky Mountains and a bronco-buster on the ranches of Colorado. If you should feel the carven oak muscles of his sound side now you would know that he must have been indeed a terror to bucking broncos. He was one of the two riders who set out to capture Tracy, the murderous bandit, in Oregon. In this chase Loeb rode by his own trail over Mount Shasta. He doesn't like to talk about it.

"Tracy," he says, disgustedly, "I never got within eighteen miles of him."

Rode for Thousands of Lives.

On that August day of the cloudburst Loeb, on "Baby," was riding down the banks of Cascade Creek in the Ute Pass in search of twenty-eight head of horses, belonging to Col. Field, Col., after noon dinner, and had not buried his face in his mane. Thus they gone far when a deluge of rain struck him. There was no shelter, so on he rode. This was fortunate for the thousands living in the canyon below at Manitou and Colorado Springs, for it made him aware of the cloudburst when it occurred three or four miles behind him up the creek. Then he realized that, probably, all these lives depended on the way he rode for the next hour.

At the little town of Cascade he turned in his saddle and, a mile and a half away, saw a huge wall of water sweeping toward him down the canyon. For one second he pulled up at the door of the railway station and told the agent to telegraph a warning to the people at Manitou to take to the hills for their lives. Then on he sped to warn the hundreds nearer at hand who could not be reached by wire.

"Baby" let himself out. He seemed to know that it was a matter of life and death. At Ironclock a spell they dashed down the canyon with the raging edge of the cloudburst pelting them with hailstones, the scars of whose wounds they bear yet.

Loeb had borrowed a raincoat at the station, and with one shirt of this he protected his eyes as well as he could. Nine of these shirts picked up that day did not save a hat to the lot.

Nearly a thousand tourists were camping by the stream just above Manitou. These were the first who would feel the warning. The wall of water was gaining on him. The road was from four to eight inches under water, but "Baby" never missed his footing. For several minutes Loeb thought the storm of hail would blind him, then both. He dropped the reins, leaned over the galloping neck of his mount, and buried his face in his mane. Thus they swept into the tourists' camp.

"Hoodoo!" I let up to the hill!" about Loeb, as he still held to the seat and rode.

Earth Opened and Swallowed Him.

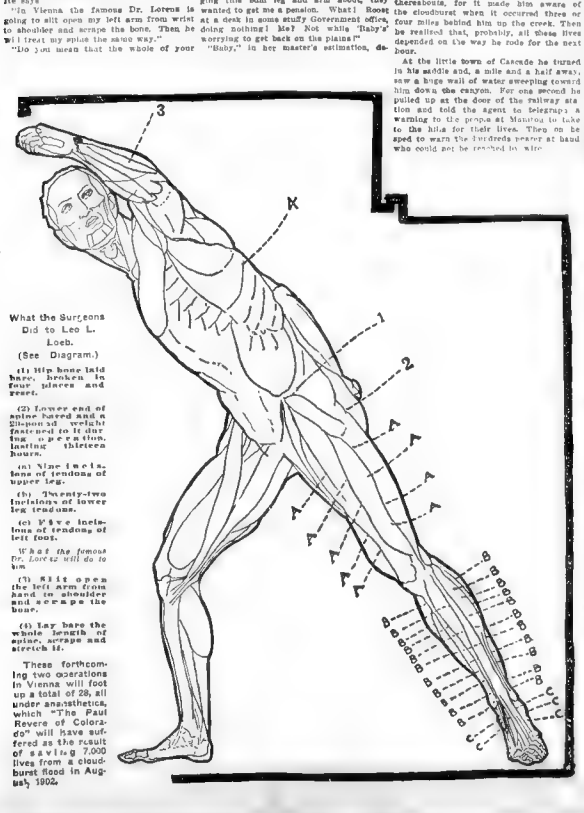
He so ... ing ... high ... the ... [illegible] ... Falls roar ... below him, the earth sank under "Baby's" feet, the sky and all the landscape were blotted out, and "Baby's" rider thought that they would never touch bottom.

They were hid smothered in rocks and ... and ... what saved them, with a total of eighty-six stitches, and he was put to bed with weights attached to left foot and left hand, the withered limbs and hip being encased in four hundred and eighty-two yards of plaster of Paris bandage.

At the end of five days Loeb insisted on leaving the hospital and setting about necessary arrangements that would enable him to go to Vienna for the still more drastic operations which his friends at St Luke's Hospital urged him to undergo at the hands of Dr. Lorenz. In the meantime, at intervals he has spent many days in hospitals, shutting his teeth at the pain caused by stretching weights attached to ankle and wrist.

"I am going to be a well man again," he says, "and then ... [illegible] ... ever I feel pa... [illegible] ... my left ... [illegible] ... they attempt ... [illegible] ... seen the last ... [illegible] ... you will see ...

And ... [illegible] ... who knows the ... page



What the Surgeons Did to Leo L. Loeb.

(See Diagram.)

(1) Hip bone laid bare, broken in four places and reset.

(2) Lower end of spine bared and a fifteen-inch weight fastened to it during the operation, lasting thirteen hours.

(a) Nine incisions of tendons of upper leg.

(b) Twenty-two incisions of lower leg tendons.

(c) Five incisions of tendons of left foot.

What the famous Dr. Lorenz will do him

(3) Slit open the left arm from hand to shoulder and scrape the bone.

(4) Lay bare the whole length of spine, scrape and stretch it.

These forthcoming two operations in Vienna will foot up a total of 28, all under anaesthetics, which "The Paul Revere of Colorado" will have suffered as the result of saving 7,000 lives from a cloudburst flood in August, 1902.

"An instant later, with Rainbow Falls roaring below, the earth sank under 'Baby's' feet, the sky and all the landscape were blotted out, and 'Baby's' rider thought that they would never touch bottom."

In Memory of Lolita Armour.

At first he didn't mind the excruciating pain. It was not worse than some critical moments for the thrilling game of bronco-busting. But gradually the torturing details of the surgeons' work began to establish a dislike of his former self—and then he heard of Dr Lorenz, of little Lolita Armour, and of Dr Frederick Mueller the great Austrian surgeon's assistant, in St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago.

Meanwhile the Mayor of San Francisco and several State officials of Colorado had given him testimonials in writing—tributes to his heroism in wholesale life-saving. He had only "Baby" and his muscles with which to earn a living for himself and his father and in there and could not afford the services of high priced specialists. But in Chicago his testimonials opened wide the doors of St. Luke's and the heart of Dr Mueller, who told the father of little Lolita Armour, who said that nothing should be left undone at St. Luke's Hospital to make the young hero's legs and arms mates once more.

So it came about one day in a private

WHY JAPANESE POLICE ARE "THE FINEST."

A JAPANESE policeman seldom has much trouble in making an arrest.

He is invested with all the majesty of the law, and to the Japanese law is supreme. It seems very peculiar to see him hailing a solemn court in the street to settle some dispute between the inhabitants. The surrounding crowd shows no disposition to ridicule or banter.

With the utmost gravity he examines the parties interested, notes down the information given, and finally pronounces his decision, which is generally obeyed without question. This absolutism strikes the foreigner all the more because the policemen are usually youthful in appearance and small in figure. Five feet two inches is the standard height, and twenty-one the minimum age for entrance into the force.

Every policeman, besides numerous functions as to his department, the position of his hands when standing, sitting, etc., and the length of his sash, which must not be more than two inches in front nor more than seven-tenths of an inch on the neck. The police are, for the most part, recruited from the old Samurai, the feudal class of past ages, and for the most part they appear to carry out the code of honor handed down to them from generation to generation. They are an intelligent, determined and courageous set of men, well disciplined and said to be above corruption.

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THE NEXT HOUSEHOLD NUMBER —OF— HEARST'S SUNDAY MAGAZINE WILL APPEAR MARCH 12.

THE TALLEST MAN EVER SEEN SINCE THE TITANS.

The Great Russian Giant Now in London,

Who Measures Nine Feet and Two Inches Tall.

LONDONERS have an opportunity of gazing on the tallest man in the world.

Machnow, who has arrived at the London Hippodrome, is a Russian who outgiants all other giants.

He stands 9 feet 2¼ inches in his socks—specially woven for him—and the rest of him, except his neck, is in proportion.

The great gold ring which he wears on his first finger weighs nearly half a pound, and would make a respectable collar for prize fox terrier.

His frock coat contains enough material to clothe three ordinary men, and he wears a size in hats hitherto undreamed of in Bond street.

The only parts of his raiment which are not to be made specially for him are his collars, to which he takes 35½ inches.

During his stay in London he can never travel in a hansom, an omnibus or a railway vehicle.

He will be compelled either to walk or to ride in a motor car, or on the top of an omnibus.

When he is at sea he has to sleep on deck, for no bunk has ever been constructed long enough to hold him.

His daily diet is: Three quarts of tea, three quarts of beer, thirty eggs, five pounds of vegetables, five pounds of bread and seven pounds of meat.

The photograph in the middle of the big hand shows the giant side by side with his manager.

The caretaker of Machnow is not likely to have an easy time of it during the visit of his charge to London.

In the first place, the giant is a Russian — and Russians, large and small, are apt to be misunderstood by Londoners at the present moment.

If Machnow gets mistaken for one of the twenty Grand Dukes, all sorts of unpleasant things might happen to him.

When Machnow goes to the tailor's the man who has the important and onerous task of fitting him has to use a step-ladder. The measurements which set the whole establishment agape are: Neck to waist, 32 inches; total length of coat, 63 inches, across the shoulders (behind), 31 inches; shoulder to elbow, 26 inches; total length of sleeve, 35½ inches, across chest, 90 inches, around chest 69½ ins, waist, 85 inches, trousers inside leg, 50 inches; trousers outside leg, 72 inches, trousers around bottom, 30 inches; thigh, 40 inches.

When the tired little tailor who took the giant's measurements in London sat down to recount his experiences on his return to his shop in wondering echoes:

"Fifteen yards, double width."

A cast of the giant's hand has been taken for the amusement and admiration of the patrons of Mme. Tussaud. From the tip of the middle finger to the wrist the cast measures 19¼ inches. His foot is 34 inches long.

Machnow is twenty-three years old, and is still growing. He weighs 450 pounds.

He sleeps long, which means literally that he requires four ordinary bedsteads, placed side by side, and that this huge couch is covered by six pairs of sheets sewed together with a cord, because one lack from the giant's big toe would disrupt a seam sewed with thread that would resist the nightmare attacks of ordinary humans.

Machnow dines from an extension table that is always extended to its full size for his comfort. He eats five meals a day, the lightest, which he calls his "snack before taking a nap," consists of two and a half quarts of milk, with two and three-quarter dozen eggs beaten up in it. After this wee draught he sleeps lightly for half an hour, and awakes hungry for the dinner he finds waiting on the extension table for him.

Feodor Machnow comes from an old Russian family whose ancestors were emigrants from Syria. His parents, as well as his two brothers and one sister, are all of normal size. His grandfather, though a large man, was not a giant, but there is a tradition that one of the earliest generations of the family was made up of men of immense stature and women who were enlarged editions of the Juno type.

Among the notes of Professor Von Lusch's examination are these: The boots, which scarcely reach his knees, come to the waist of a man six feet tall, and a twelve-year-old boy of average size can hide in one of them. Through the ring which he wears on the index finger of his right hand a half dollar can be passed. A steel spring mattress four times the ordinary size must be built for him wherever he goes, because the proportions of the mattress are so unwieldy that it cannot be carried in a baggage car.

The Exact Size of This Giant's Hand Compared to the Size of the Hand of a Man Six Feet Tall, and the Comparison of His Gigantic Height to a Man Six Feet Tall.

Awful Results of Epilepsy or Fits

Remarkable Discovery Made Whereby Those Afflicted with Epilepsy or Fits Are Permanently Cured.

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In the Spring of 1892 John Chesman was on his peony near Vadin, L. T., on the Spring round up. Of a sudden he uttered a heart-rending yell and fell from his pony, his foot still in the stirrup. Scarcely the pony moved and backed a minute, and then stood still. The cowboys, thinking he had fallen asleep, as it is a common thing for them to do, rode up to the pony and [illegible] Chesman had become [illegible] sent to Sanitas Institute of [illegible] where [illegible] Chesman [illegible] and he has been [illegible] to date.

It was then that Chesman [illegible] at it was by using [illegible] words which he was [illegible] Dr. Fred E. Grant's claim for [illegible] that they cured where [illegible] had failed. Chesman [illegible] Kansas City to explain [illegible] Dr. Grant [illegible] Chesman [illegible] Dr. Grant [illegible] Chesman [illegible] Address DR. FRED E. GRANT, 913 New Ridge Building, Kansas City, Mo.

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Little Mikado

Has a Dozen Nurses and Four Governesses to Care for Him.

THE future Emperor of Japan is a small, dignified gentleman four years old. He is the eldest son of the Crown Prince of Japan. His title is His Imperial Highness Hirohito Michi-no-Miya.

He is the grandson of the Mikado, and is the youngest heir presumptive of one of the great thrones of the world. Already royal matchmakers, with one eye on the wedding ring and another on the parmacy of the throne of the Flowery Kingdom, are casting about for a bride of His Little Imperial Highness. Like others of royal blood, he will not be permitted to make his own choice.

It is not too early to arrange the match, say the courtiers and royal family, for was not his grandfather, the Emperor, married at fifteen? And his father, for a royal personage, was married at an advanced age. He was twenty-one at the time of his nuptials, his marriage having been postponed for five years because his health was precarious and the court physicians thought he was afflicted with tuberculosis.

But it will not be easy to find a fiancee for this small future Emperor. What princess of the Orient is there whose lineage may be traced, like his, back through an unbroken line of 3,000 years, through 122 royal ancestors, straight as the Japanese traditions maintain, to the sun god Jimmu Tenno?

The little one has a dozen nurses and four governesses. One of the governesses teaches him French as it is spoken in Paris. Another English as it is spoken in the Court of St. James's. One teaches him Japanese literature and traditions and a fourth trains him in the difficult and elaborate deportment of the Court of the Mikado.

The Mikado already speaks of little Michi as his successor, for, although the elder father, the Crown Prince Yoshihito, is only twenty-seven years old, it is believed that he is foredoomed by consumption to an early death.

His Imperial Highness Hirohito Michi-no-Miya is dignified but amiable. He has the jinrikisha pulled at the corners, of a merry nature, and one that will threaten the equanimity of life with wholesome philosophy.

The Little Baby Heir to the Throne of Japan.

of the Future.

A Four-Year-Old Whom a Bride Is Being Sought for.

Are You a Singer, An Author, Or a Composer?

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Royalty paid on original songs, song poems and musical compositions. We write music to words, words to music and complete songs. Send us your work. Our [illegible] AMERICAN SOLDIER, the new popular, patriotic song, [illegible] If you are a singer, be you and feature [illegible] AMERICAN SOLDIER, the new popular, patriotic song, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

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The Really Very Smartest Evening Gowns for Girls.

By

Mrs. Osborn,

Creator of Fashions for the Fashionable Women of America.

Soft, sheer materials are very smart for evening gowns for young girls.

White and pale tints selected for youthful belles.

Simplicity must mark the cut and make of smart gowns for very young women.

Slippers must match the gowns in color, or be white, if white proves a good accompaniment to the gown.

Jewels absolutely prohibited to young girls.

Flowers in the hair a fetching style of coiffure for a debutante.

IN this period, when the subject of fashionable dressing comes up for such serious consideration, the matter of suitable clothing for young girls becomes an important one.

The young girl who is just "out" in society either is too indifferent to dress—and therefore an object of much thought to her fond mother—or she is too fond of it. In the latter case she is harder to manage than in the former. When she is indifferent her mother and modiste can generally manage to dress her charmingly and becomingly, but when she has taste and opinions of her own about her attire the problem is a vexed one for those who have the selection of her wardrobe.

The young girl who loves dress cannot see why she should not be as elaborately gowned as her elder sister; she pouts because she is not allowed to wear as much jewelry as her mother does, and is difficult to please in the matter of colors and materials.

Delicate tints and pure white are the colors prescribed by the smart world for young girls, and many there are who rebel at this, and want to wear the bright, warm colors that belong to older women.

Dresses for young girls must be simply made and convey in cut and trimming, and, as far as possible in material, the spirit of youthfulness.

Soft materials and plain colors are more in order for the use of youthful belles than the stiff and rich brocades and heavy materials which are so smart upon their elders.

The young girl formerly appeared in muslins that suggested school commencements, with blue ribbons, and they were supposed to wear a look of simplicity and converse in a bread-and-butter style.

Things have changed in this respect, and by the time a young girl leaves the shelter of her college or governess' chaperonage she is quite sophisticated and able to astonish her grandmother with her knowledge of the world and its ways.

The world of society, however, still clings somewhat to old traditions, and insists that the young girl shall wear simple clothing, although it is elaborate and expensive simplicity.

Figure A shows a very attractive gown for a young girl to wear in the evening. It is of soft cream colored contrast between this quaint revival net, made with a gathered skirt, which of an old-fashioned trimming with the is trimmed above the knees by a band of gathered net puffed on. A similar band is put on in festoon style lower on the skirt, each festoon caught up by two linked wreaths of small pink roses.

The full flounce is edged with another shirred band, and a wide ceinture of draped cream colored satin completes the skirt. The ceinture may form part of the bodice—and generally does—or it may be worn separately.

The decolletage of the bodice is edged with a shirred band, puffed on, of lace that has a ground pattern like the net. The short sleeves have double quillings of lace around them, and the bodice is finished at the top with soft pink roses on each side the front.

The shape of the bodice is very simple. It is gathered to the decolletage and to the belt.

This style of dress is universally becoming to young girls, unless they are very stout, when the gathered baby bodice is not so becoming to them as one built upon surplice lines.

Figure B is made of a material always popular for gowns to be worn by young girls. It is pale blue chiffon, made with a white tulle tucker across the front of the bodice. A band of satin side pleating outlines the decolletage and extends down along the edge of the bodice below the tucker. The bodice is made quite simple and full, and its loose front edge crosses to one side and is bordered with the same trimming that surrounds the decolletage. Where the bodice fronts cross in front below the dainty little chemisette are three pale blue satin roses. The wide ceinture of satin has short sash ends in the back, and is draped in slightly drawn folds.

A small satin scallop forms the top of the sleeve, and this is caught at the front and back of the armhole by a small bow. Two full short chiffon ruffles are put on below this, and these are edged with satin side pleating.

The skirt is full and trimmed with two wide satin folds of graduated sizes, put on around the skirt some distance apart, and each edged with satin side pleating.

The method of trimming skirts with folds of different widths is very quaint and pretty and the folds are sometimes put on quite plain and are sometimes embellished upon the edges with little ruffles of lace or of the dress material. They are also decorated inside the edges with embroidered designs and sometimes embroidered all over with spangles and jewels. Such elaborations, however, are not for young girls.

Chiffon is also used in the gown shown in Figure C.

In this model the skirt is pleated in little loose pleats to the belt and is cut dancing length. Bows of velvet ribbon trim the lower part of the skirt, connected by loosely twisted pieces of the ribbon.

This decoration is repeated upon the bodice, which is very full and made to fit closely to a fitted lining by means of slightly twisted velvet ribbon laid in four rows around the bodice and terminating in four velvet bows in front of the pointed corsage.

The decolletage of the bodice is edged with a lace ruffle.

The same sort of lace forms a little ruffle below the short, full puff of the little sleeve, and under the lace, at the back of the sleeve, droops a pretty rose. A rose also trims the left side of the decolletage.

The fashion of using roses for trimming purposes is as general as it is popular, and these roses are such as any person with taste can make at home. Of course, they add quite an item of expense to a gown, and a girl of small means can make all her own satin and chiffon roses and buds and tack them in place where they belong, thus saving a good deal of money and adding very charming accessories to her gowns.

Figure D shows a very smart model, which can be made up in net, chiffon, chiffon velvet or some similar soft, sheer fabric, of which there are a number in the market.

A full gathered skirt is made to flare well at the bottom, after a style approved by Paquin in Paris, and which I also approve. A ruffle of lace is put on at the head of the flounce just below the knees, and this falls over a row of roses. One can fancy just how youthful and fetching such a trimming would look, as though one caught glimpses of roses through a mist.

Two bands of lace alternate with two puffs of the dress material, and a flounce of lace is gathered on below the lowest band of applied lace.

The bodice is built along the popular surplice lines, which are having such a vogue.

In the surplices the trimming of the skirt is repeated in alternate gathered puffs of the material and lace, beginning at the shoulders and armholes and slanting forward toward the centre of the front in surplice effect. The waist fits to the figure and has a ruffle of lace around the low-cut neck, which curves down the surplice fronts to the wide, draped ceinture. The curving of the surplices leaves a deep V in front of the bodice, which is filled in with a chemisette. This should be either of tulle or chiffon, with a shirred band along the square top by way of contrast to the lace around the rest of the corsage. It is a matter of taste whether a smaller V of the same sort shall be set in the back of the bodice or whether the drapery in the back shall be so arranged that no tucker is required there.

One of the "cutest" things about this bodice is the little girlish sleeve. This is merely a short puff of the dress material, with a lace ruffle below the puff, falling over a row of small roses.

In pale yellow net or chiffon this gown would be charming trimmed with lace of a golden cream color and adorned with yellow roses in two shades of color. Pink or blue could be made in the same fashion, with pink or blue roses, for Fashion sets a seal of approval upon blue roses as well as pink ones.

Old-fashioned side pleating is one of the coming fads. It is made by pleating bands or ribbons of silk or satin in very narrow, crosswise pleats and then turning back the ends of every pleat. The effect is wonderfully pretty and novel, and this form of trimming is being used upon gowns and negligees of the more elaborate sort, and promises to be a feature upon the soft silk coats that will be in vogue in the Spring.

Here again I might give a hint to the girl who has little money and yet wishes to dress smartly. Why not make your own side pleatings? The work is very easy and can be done either by hand or upon some one of the many cheap pleating machines.

Of course, a little stitching is done by hand, and the little corners of the pleats are caught back by hand-made stitches. This style of pleating can be made in leisure hours and then handed over to a dressmaker to put upon gowns already.

The young girl's evening slippers must either be white or match her gown in color, and the same may be said of her gloves.

The style of wearing flowers in the hair is a pretty one for girls, who invariably look better in this style of hair decoration than in any other. Especially are jewels to be avoided in the hair of young girls. They are only suitable to married women or those who have been "out" a great many seasons.

Jewels are, indeed, not intended to be worn by young girls, and the girl who lets her mother and her modiste dress her in the manner in which she should be dressed will never be seen wearing anything more elaborate than a single chain and pendant of pearls. In the case of pearls, the smaller they are the smarter when worn by young girls. They become its own [illegible] and by a single line, even

Josef Urban Osborn

How to Be Comfortable in New Shoes.

YOU would hardly believe that there are special times and seasons for the trying on of new shoes. But so it is. You need a larger pair of shoes in Summer than in Winter, and it is always best to try them on in the latter part of the day.

The feet are then at the maximum size. Activity naturally enlarges them, and makes them swell; much standing also tends to enlarge the feet. New shoes should be tried on over moderately thick stockings; then you can put on a thinner pair to ease your feet if the shoes seem to be tight.

It is remarkable what a difference the shoes, too small they will be nearly as uncomfortable as a pair of shoes that are too large. New shoes can be worn with much ease as old ones if they are stuffed to the shape of the foot with tissue paper, and patiently stretched with hot water.

Or, if they pinch in some particular spot, a cloth wet with hot water and laid across the place will cause immediate and lasting relief.

Milk applied once a week with a soft cloth freshens and preserves boots and

A—Gown of cream colored net trimmed with pink roses and puffed bands.

B—Smart, simple gown of pale blue chiffon, trimmed with bands of satin edged with side-pleating.

C—Fetching gown made in a soft, pleated effect, trimmed with twists of velvet ribbon and bows.

D—Filmy gown of net or chiffon trimmed with puffed bands and lace.

SUNDAY AMERICAN-JOURNAL-EXAMINER PATTERNS

THE box bolero and the equally charming bolero jacket will be conspicuous among the new Spring fashions. The "surplice" bolero coat illustrated on this page is one of the very newest importations. The clever touches of the Paris designer are noticeable in the saucy revers cuffs and fronts disposition of the tabs in front fastened with large buttons.

Every woman can very easily make for herself one of these pretty box boleros or bolero jackets. All she needs is a yard or so of material, a little lace and other trimmings, a little time for sewing and a good pattern to guide her.

Patterns for making these garments are offered to-day in the Sunday American-Journal-Examiner series for ten cents each. All you have to do is to fill in the proper blank for the pattern desired—No. 146 ——— for the "surplice" bolero jacket or No. 147-2806 for the box bolero—giving your name and post office address and size of pattern desired. Then mail the filled-in blank with ten cents in money or stamps to "Bolero Patterns, P. O. Box 288, New York City." The pattern ordered, together with complete directions for making the garment, will be forwarded to you promptly by return of mail. If both patterns are desired, then fill in and mail both blanks with twenty cents in currency or stamps.

Please note before ordering that the patterns have been cut in three sizes only, and that orders for patterns of any other size cannot be filled.

"Surplice" bolero jacket five sizes—32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust measure.

Box bolero four sizes—30, 34, 38 and 42 inches bust measure.

For making either of these garments in a medium size 3¼ yards of material 36 inches wide will be required.

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Mail this blank for the "Surplice" Bolero Jacket Pattern

Sunday American Journal-Examiner Patterns
No. 146 ———

Name .....

Address .....

Size ..... Inches Bust

The "surplice" bolero jacket, or coat, may be worn with a skirt of the same material or as an extra wrap for dressy occasions. The model has been effectively reproduced in a rich shade of green broadcloth with a darker shade of chiffon velvet outlining the surplice fronts, backs, sleeve revers and cuffs. Green taffeta snugly girdles the waist and appears with tiny gold braid edging to form a tiny vest at the neck. Large gold buttons with green enamel filigree mark the centres of the tab ends. The box bolero coat is made of a golden brown light weight broadcloth, the neck and rever cuffs being edged with narrow stitched bands of a darker shade. The vestee is of cream broadcloth adorned with tiny buttons resembling whole pearls. A shower of deep cream lace falls from the sleeves and the deep crushed girdle is of dark brown chiffon velvet.

Mail this blank for the Box Bolero Pattern

Sunday American-Journal-Examiner Patterns.
No. 147—2806

Name. .....

Address .....

Size ..... Inches Bust

Mail the filled-in blank for the pattern desired and ten cents in money or stamps to

BOLERO PATTERNS,
P. O. Box 2806,
New York City.

HOW TO GET LOST IN SPOTLESS TOWN PARK by SAM LOYD.

Copyrighted 1905 by the American Journal-Examiner

Spotless Town Park is, as you will see, laid out in walks and little cross-shaped grass plots. There are eight walks running right across the park from north to south and eight more running from east to west.

If you enter the park at the gate marked "In" how many straight moves will you require to pass through every one of the walks in the park, leaving at the exit marked "Out"? You must cover every walk from end to end. Some may do it in 17 moves, and some brighter ones in 15 moves, but can you do it in 15 moves? Take a pencil and try

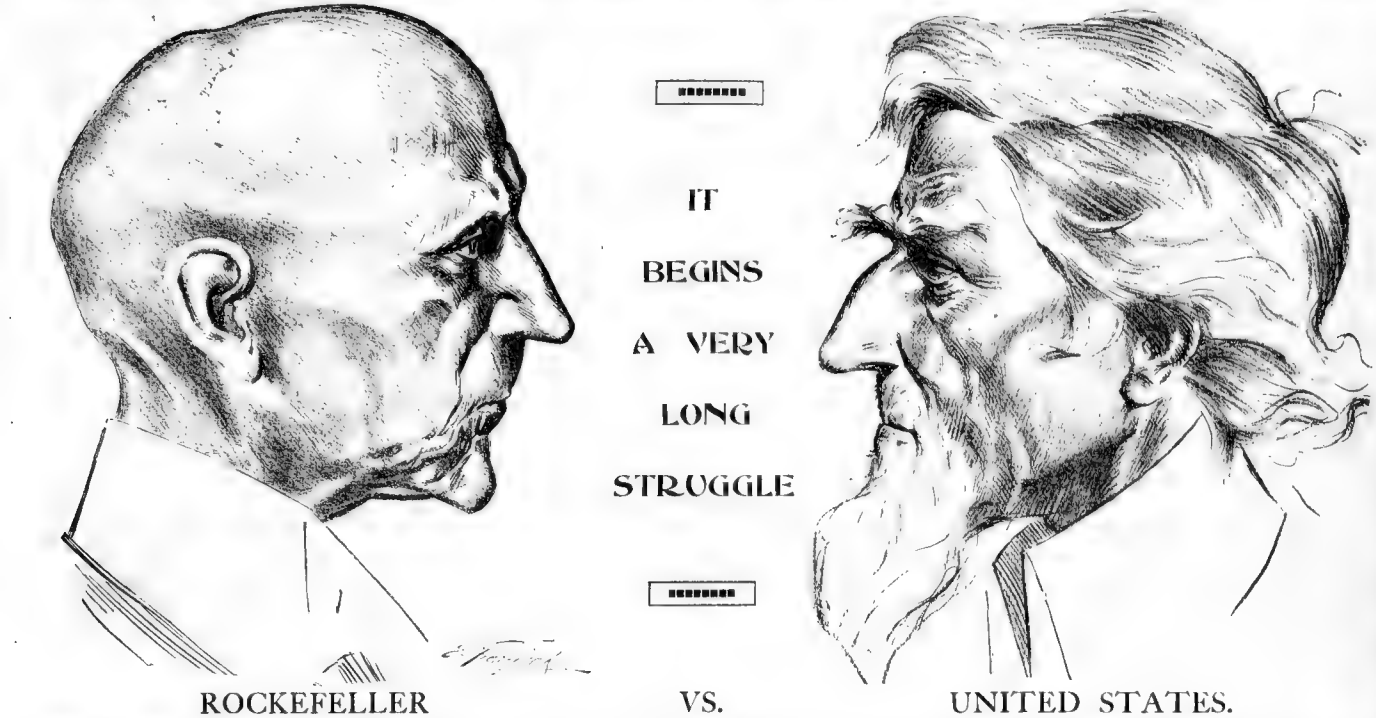
POLITICS & ART

EDITORIAL SECTION

SCIENCE · LITERATURE ·

BOSTON, AMERICAN, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1905.

NATIONAL UPRISING AGAINST TRUSTS.



ROCKEFELLER VS. UNITED STATES.

THERE is throughout the United States a strong feeling of rebellion against the misuse of power by the great organizations known as the Trusts, against Trust oppression, Trust domination, and Trust Government

In Kansas, Standard Oil, most powerful of the Trusts, is attacked as an individual law-breaking corporation

Legislatures throughout the nation are planning for Trust control In spite of Trust lobbies and Trust bribes there seems to be unusual honesty of purpose in this legislative agitation The people have become so thoroughly aroused that even the cynical Trust agents themselves are worried and begin to question the power of corruption to control the laws, lawmakers and people indefinitely

The readers of Hearst newspapers throughout the country are not surprised at this national anti-trust rebellion

For years these newspapers have foretold this Trust situation discussed with readers the tendency toward the dangerous domination of organized capital and urged the necessity of public action and of government control

These newspapers and their readers have been denounced in the past as yellow, Socialistic, or Anarchistic, because they foresaw national corruption through the power of unscrupulous wealth, and demanded legislative remedies

The entire country seems to have the "Yellow Anarchistic" feeling now, which promises well for our experiment in popular government

What should be done and what will be done?

What the country needs is a definite programme, a plan steadfastly adhered to. We must find out the weak spots in our system study the means of bringing the control of government back to the people and apply the means

Nothing will be accomplished through temporary, hysterical action. The people have been too long like the Dragon in Wagner's opera, dozing over his treasure The people, all in pursuit of money, have been sleepy and indifferent to everything but their own prosperity

They wake up now to learn that their prosperity itself is threatened It is to be hoped that they will stay awake for a while at least, until they actually accomplish something definite

The programme of action should include some reforms in our system of government, such as the election of Senators by the people, reforms in our primary laws insuring an accurate expression of the will of the people in political nominations and withdrawing the power to make nominations from corrupt bosses controlled by money powers; reforms that shall prevent the use of money in elections and which shall render ineligible to office any candidate owing his election to the use of money

The United States Senate is beyond the reach or control of the people. It is nominated and controlled by the Trusts

There is the first of the people's problems to be solved. The Senate must be elected by the people themselves, not by a few legislative bodies that offer compact, simple opportunities for Trust bribery

It is a fact that no truthful man even in the Senate will deny that the majority of the Senate of the United States is controlled by the great Trusts of the United States: that it is elected by these Trusts and makes or defeats legislation to suit them

THE SENATE MUST BE CONTROLLED BY THE PEOPLE

The people of this country have no excuse for violent measures Every man here can vote. If he hasn't brain or conscience enough to make him vote wisely, he needs to be taught. The Trusts seem beautifully adapted to educating the voter

If the Trusts teach the American people to use their votes with some intelligent display of purpose and knowledge of consequences those Trusts will be blessings in the long run

We have the ballot, we must use it, and we must rely upon ourselves if we fail to keep control of the government that our fathers established.

At present there is one great trouble with the ballot and the nation, namely:

BRIBERY OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS organized on a scale as wide as the continent

In Indiana last Wednesday a man exhibited in the Legislature the money that a Trust had offered him for his vote.

In Missouri Governor Folk, who has beautifully reinforced theory with fact, exhibited in court sixty thousand dollars in cash—just one part of one little Trust corruption fund.

How long will the people elect machine men, nominated by dishonest, Trust-owned political bosses, and then send the elected men to be put up at auction in the Legislature and delivered to the highest Trust bidder?

What is to be expected in any case of the puppet candidate so servile as to suit a corrupt boss? And what in the name of common sense can the people hope for when they pay a characterless man fifteen hundred dollars a year to defend them, and send him to a Trust lobby ready to buy the puppet at ten times his salary?

A successful fight against the Trusts must include an organized fight on bribery The people can't forever maintain themselves upon the nerve-racking basis of a vigilance committee. They can't watch every movement of wretched bribe-taking officials. Let them ORGANIZE TO STOP BRIBERY

The first step is to end the present preposterous state of law which compels bribe-giver and bribe-taker to protect each other.

In a case of bribery the law punishes the giver and taker of the bribe alike

Neither can expose the other without going to jail himself.

This makes bribery safe. The bribe-giver knows that the bribe-taker dares not reveal the transaction.

Unquestionably the giver of bribes is the greater criminal of the two.

The man of great wealth who bribes a public official, hiring him to betray his constituents, commits THE MOST SERIOUS CONCEIVABLE CRIME AGAINST the State, and there should be no mercy for him.

Therefore, the man who takes a bribe should be allowed to go free of punishment, PROVIDED he reveals the facts to the proper prosecuting authorities.

Permit the bribe-taker to turn State's evidence at any time, with guaranteed immunity for himself—and you put the giver of bribes forever at the mercy of the man he buys

Many rich and respectable men are ready to bribe the people's representatives But they are NOT SO READY TO GO TO JAIL. They would hesitate a long time before putting themselves in the hands and at the mercy of such men as take bribes.

Bribery and political corruption should be fought systematically. The fight against the Trusts is to be a fight against money power, and it is necessary to prevent the corrupt use of money.

Finally, we should make our elections at least as free from corruption as they are in England where absolute corruption at last made people adopt drastic measures, and no candidate for office who has spent one dollar, directly or indirectly, to influence a single vote should be allowed to take his seat

One thing to be kept in mind in the present agitation to control the money power is THE RIGHT OF A MAN TO HIS REWARD HOWEVER GREAT IT MAY BE, in return for the creation of wealth or for conferring benefit upon the community.

A new railroad is built, new territory is opened up to settlement and made productive. The world's actual supply of wealth is increased by the building of that railroad

All of those engaged in building the road are entitled to a proper reward from the man who works in the railroad cut to the man that plans and carries out the great enterprise.

We should not begrudge big pay or big reward to big men, AS LONG AS THEY ACTUALLY WORK FOR THE COMMUNITY FOR THE BENEFIT OF ALL.

The individual who uses his talents in organizing is entitled to reward, as well as the man who builds. Capacity for probable organization is almost a measure of intellectual development. The organizer who makes out of various small inefficient roads a great and efficient system is entitled to HIS reward as long as he uses his power to benefit THE WHOLE COMMUNITY, as well as adding to his own profit He should be rewarded with utmost liberality as long as he uses his POWER TO BENEFIT THE PUBLIC, and he should be forcibly regulated and made to realize the paramount authority of the community as soon as he yields to the temptation to abuse his power for extra profit

No American of intelligence will underestimate the great work that has been done by the country's organizers and railroad builders. It is of vast importance that the ablest men should find their greatest opportunities in this country. We need for our development the best men of all kinds—the best mechanics, the best farmers and above all the best organizers, THE BEST CONSTRUCTIVE MINDS.

To these high-grade workers and builders of great industrial enterprises the United States should always offer gladly the highest possible rewards in proportion to service rendered

No man will criticise the sum of another's earnings if they are honest earnings. Let the reward for good work be as big as it may be, a billion dollars if that billion represents work that has benefited the community, as well as the individual reward. Let him take the billion and be proud of it as a badge of honor, if money is his measure of success and if his money measures the extent of public service that he has rendered

But no man should be allowed to make or to keep money acquired by injuring the community We do not allow any man to go out upon the highway and get money with the aid of a revolver. Money could be got in that way, undoubtedly, but we do not allow it. There is no reason, sense or justice in allowing a man to enrich himself by robbing or injuring an entire community, since we no longer allow men to enrich themselves by forcible robbery of the individual.

All activity in the nation should recognize THE CONTROL OF THE COMMUNITY, by which in the long run everything is produced and made valuable.

Every power of government rests in the community as a whole Such powers are simply delegated with all power of recall at any time. The community never gives up entirely the governing power.

And in the same way every property right is vested in the community and is only delegated subject to the public welfare and the community's needs.

The community delegated the power of government in order that the branches of the government may proceed to legislate for the benefit of the whole community.

It delegates property rights in order that the community as a whole may profit by individual enterprise and energy stimulated by rewards for success.

That which the community has delegated to its members it can and it should recall, under due process of the law, when the delegated powers or possessions threaten the welfare of the community as a whole

It is clear that the individual or the corporation is entitled to its profits, its rewards, so long as its own prosperity is a measure of the general prosperity, so long as its money or its powers are not used to damage the community at large

But to-day throughout the nation there exists the firm conviction that the community is made to suffer for the profit of a few, and there is a demand for radical and imp. ate action that shall enable the community to control its own welfa and, as may be necessary, rights of government and property that have been abused

Mr. Rockefeller seems to be the centre of all the excitement at present

He, like others, should be brought under control of the law. He should have no rights that the weakest citizen cannot share, but he should not be regarded as the exception in Trust management He has simply done a little more ably and persistently than others what the other Trust promoters have done as well as they could.

Taking advantage of the public indifference, he has built up a great fortune through control of public necessities on the usual basis of legislative corruption and vicious monopoly

But, as a matter of fact, Rockefeller is in many ways less objectionable than many of his feebler imitators and rivals.

He appears to be at least honest with his own stockholders

He is, when engaged in business, remorseless and law breaking but at least he runs no fake-rich-quick side shows, he does not insult the public with such Trust swindles, and he does not offend common sense and the Republic with any idiotic ostentation

He may, in fact, be described as a great financial pipe-line system

As his oil pipes take the oil from the wells and distribute it to all sorts of industries, so he takes vast sums of money from the national resources and distributes those sums to all sorts of industries. The billion that he is said to own is at least a busy billion. The interest on the money is not squandered in London, or used to build up race tracks and gambling houses

Each million that Mr. Rockefeller takes out of American industry HE PUTS BACK INTO AMERICAN INDUSTRY. He only holds it for a little while to select an investment, and back it goes into the business of the country

His business ability and his personal freedom from vicious habits do not, however, excuse or condone the fact that he and his corporations rise above the law and oppress individuals

It is, however, just as obvious that Mr. Rockefeller's constructive and organizing ability confers benefit upon the community as it is obvious that the community is seriously injured by the misuse of his great power in extortion and corruption

It should certainly be possible for a people as intelligent as the Americans to devise a plan for rewarding Mr. Rockefeller adequately and retaining his services where they are valuable without transferring to him the power of government and permitting him to injure the community to which he owes all that he has

The effort of the State of Kansas to protect its rights is a just one and necessary

Could anything be more striking or more amazing than the fact that a great State of the Union IS COMPELLED TO DEFEND ITSELF AGAINST ONE INDIVIDUAL PLUTOCRAT?

Could anybody have foreseen the present condition of affairs when the State of Illinois offers, through its Legislature, to help the State of Kansas financially to make a fight against the one-man power of Rockefeller?

When these newspapers many years ago began warning people against the growing Trust power, it would have seemed insane to predict such a spectacle as two or more big States uniting to help each other fight one little man

Yet that is the spectacle of to-day

This rebellion of the American people against the Trust autocracy is extremely interesting Its coincidence with Russian rebellion is extremely interesting. Its coincidence with Russian rebellion against the autocracy of birth is politically very dramatic

The progress of our home struggle should be followed carefully by all citizens

The real work of the day has got to be done by the entire citizenship People must keep awake and make their own fights, persistently remembering at every election that the issue is CONTROL OF THE COUNTRY BY THE PEOPLE OR BY THE TRUSTS.

A great deal in the way of government ownership must be done, and the trustees holding public necessities with permission and by toleration of the community must be deprived of the power they have abused, if they refuse to reform their methods. It must be made clear that the people are ready at any moment to take possession of the natural highways, telegraph companies or any other enterprise affecting the whole people and managed persistently to damage the whole people.

Naturally, proper compensation would be included in so drastic a programme, but the people will not hesitate to manage for themselves, and to remove from disloyal management the great public monopolies as important to the public welfare as Government itself.

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

"The Evangelism of Jesus," a Sermon Now Published for the First Time, Selected as

EVANGELIST DAWSON'S MESSAGE TO BOSTON

By the Rev. W. J. Dawson, the Noted London Evangelist, Who Is Conducting a Series of Daily Religious Services Here

THE favorite sermon of the Rev. W. J. Dawson, the noted London evangelist, who is conducting a series of meetings in the city and suburban towns, and who has been indicted to lead the great revival movement that is under way in America, is entitled "The Evangelism of Jesus." The sermon has hitherto not been printed, and Mr. Dawson has authorized its publication in the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN. The sermon follows in full.

I should like to say through the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN at the outset that nothing but the call of many friends urging it would have led me to take up the work which I am undertaking. I felt that this is so distinctly the call of God that it would have been impossible for me to have refused that call and to have retained any kind of faith in spiritual things.

If I believe that God leads me at all I am bound to believe that God leads me all the time and all the way. And although the way has not been of my own choosing, and this work has been thrust upon me, and I have had to take it up at great personal sacrifice, I announce to-night that God has given me a message which I believe to be a great movement which is going among men this great moment.

We are not standing at the beginning, we don't know what is going to happen, but if we have faith in God, if we believe in prayer, and if we toil, there will be far greater things wrought than the conversion of men and the renewal of hearts. The whole of this vast nation than the most sanguine of us dare dream or the most hopeful, have ever ventured to expect.

We have with that personal word let me pass to the subject. I think will serve me to outline some of those thoughts and principles which I wish to press home upon the consciences of the Christian churches. To-day I wish rather to preach or to speak upon the question of evangelism, and I take as a text the words of our Lord in the nineteenth chapter of St. Luke's Gospel, and at the tenth verse: "For the Son of Man came to seek and to save that which was lost."

The first thing I want you to notice about these words is that Christ instantly follows a widening ideal in His mind. His conception of humanity as a whole is very faintly outlined in His earlier ministry.

He says on one occasion distinctly: "I am not sent but unto the lost sheep of the House of Israel." On another occasion, when He sends forth the first company of missionary disciples to preach His Kingdom, the instruction which He gives is both definite and limited.

"Go not," says Christ, "into the way of the Gentiles, and into any city of the Samaritans enter ye not; but go rather to the lost sheep of the House of Israel." But as the ministry of Jesus Christ developed, Christ's own sense of its universality increased. He begins presently to speak not of the redemption of Israel alone, but of the redemption of the world. He reaches at last the fuller definition: "I, if I be lifted up, will draw all men unto Me."

He reaches at last the great proclamation without qualification that "the Son of Man is come to seek and to save that which was lost," not the lost sheep of the House of Israel, but "that which is lost," and He sees everywhere wherever there is a lost man or a lost woman, wherever there is lost virtue, wherever there is lost happiness, wherever there is lost peace, wherever any human creature has gone astray as a lost sheep, there is my mission.

So Jesus reaches the note of universal evangelism. He has come, and this is the final and the adequate definition and the only definition of Christianity for us: Christ has come and Christ has sent us to seek and to save, without any qualification, that which is lost.

Now, what led to this broadening of view in the mission of Jesus Christ? I would suggest three causes. First, there was the education of Christ's own soul. The true teacher is always learning. The man who ceases to learn ceases also to teach. And, moreover, no truth ever enters into the mind and heart of a man that does not bring with it an element of disruption and of reconstruction.

Now, what was the great truth upon which the earlier ministry of Jesus was based? It was the Fatherhood of God. That was the great spiritual discovery of Jesus. "Our Father who art in Heaven"—the Father who is kind to the unthankful also.

I have sometimes thought that nothing that Christ ever said is so revolutionary and so startling as that one phrase, "kind to the unthankful also." Why, in that single phrase Christ destroyed forever the very structure of Judaism. It was no longer possible to think of God as a tribal God, ruling the destinies of a select people. From the Fatherhood of God there had to be worked out the great corollary of the entire brotherhood of man.

This was the education of the spirit of Jesus. From the conception of the divine Fatherhood came the broader conception of humanity, until at last there is established in the mind of Christ the solidarity of mankind. "I am come to seek and to save," not those few lost sheep of the House of Israel, but that which is lost" everywhere.

I suggest again that the second element in this broadening of the conception of Christ was the education of the event. We don't educate ourselves. Outside things educate us. And there were outside things that contributed to the education of Jesus. "Enter ye not into any city of the Samaritans"—that was the first order.

But events taught Christ a very different conception of the Samaritan. There, for instance, are ten lepers who are healed. Nine of them go away ungrateful, callous, careless, forgetful. One only returned glory to God, and he was a Samaritan. He was a Samaritan.

Again, Jesus travels from Jerusalem to Jericho, and either looks upon or hears of a common wayside tragedy, a wounded traveller, and a priest and a Levite passing by. One man alone finds the wounded traveller, binds up his wounds, and he was a Samaritan, and has come to be known as the Good Samaritan.

Again, Jesus finds Himself one day outside of the city of Samaria. He talks there with a woman of the city, a debased woman, a lost woman, but a woman not so lost but there is a chord in her heart which responds when the finger of Jesus touches it; and the Samaritans besought Him that He would tarry with them, and He abode there two days.

He broke His own rule, He cancelled His own order. "Enter ye not into any city of the Samaritans," and there is Jesus Himself entering in, and He abode there two days. That's the education of events. And we are educated by events more than we suppose. Education is not something that takes place inside a man's brain. Outside forces contribute and are always contributing.

And then again there was the education of pity. Jesus looked upon the multitude and was sad. A great multitude is always a sad sight. Look into their faces, try to read what the lines mean, what the furrows suggest. Think of the fire of unshed tears in those eyes.

Mark what sorrow has done and what sin has done with the human face, and there will come home to you presently a sense of great pain when you look on a great multitude, and you will never stop to ask if that man is a Jew or that man a Samaritan, if that is an Englishman or that is an American. Humanity is there, and all the pity of humanity. The education of pity was part of the education of Jesus' soul.

And here, then, it seems to me you have the core and the kernel of what I venture to call the evangelism of Jesus. The Jesus of the last year of His ministry was a very different Jesus, I think, from the Jesus of the early ministry, speaking calm beatitudes beside the Galilean lake.

In the last year of His ministry there is a new note, there is intensity, there is passion, there are vehement words, there are alarming parables, there are heartbreaking reproaches and there are tears over Jerusalem, for He sees His goal now and He knows that it is the cross.

He yearns now to take the whole world to His heart and cry, "How am I straitened until my work is accomplished!" Ah, my brethren, if Christ had remained only the poet of the Galilean lake there would have been no redemption for you and me. He would have added something to the world's wisdom, but He would never have broken up the depths of the world's heart.

The fact is that spiritual truth alone never saves anybody. You can't educate the world into new life. Ah, no; you have to seek men, you have to suffer for them, you have to die for them, you have to compel their reluctant souls. It was not the wisdom in the words of Christ that has made Christ the world's Saviour. It was the evangelism in the life of Christ. For, observe, He came not to teach, not to educate, not to instruct—He did that, but that was not what He came for. He came to seek and to save that which was lost.

And now let us observe for a moment or two these three processes by which Christ attained the new and the full and the final conception of His mission. Let us look at them in relation to ourselves. The education of the spirit! How shall I interpret that to you?

Well, let me put it in this way. It means, in other words that Christ thought out His truths to their inevitable issue. Christ thought out His truths to the inevitable issue. Have we done it? Take this one truth of the Fatherhood of God. Have you thought it out? Have you thought what it means as regards yourself? Have you come to feel, not as a passing sentiment, moving like a shadow across the mind now and again when some preacher appeals to you, but have you come to feel as the most vital fact of your existence that you are a child of God?

You were created by the fingers of the Almighty, and when the stars are blown out and are vanished lights in the great void of infinity, His and death you will still be alive, and consciously alive, for God is in you, you are part of God; and what is true of you is true of the person sitting beside you, and what is true of the person sitting beside you is true of the people outside of the church, and what is true of the people immediately outside this church is true of every human soul in those great cities yonder, however sunk in vice, degradation, crime, misery—all the children of God: He made them.

Have you thought your truth out? A truth like that needs a great deal of thinking out. And it seems to me that most people are afraid to think their truths out.

I turn to the story of Christianity, and I take for example such a case as Simon Peter's, and I remember what a long time it took Peter to think a truth out. This was the original temper of Peter.

It is the day of transfiguration, and Peter is carried out of himself with spiritual emotion, and he says: "Lord, it is good for us to be here; let us build three tabernacles, three quiet cloisters, three beautiful, secluded hermitages upon the mountain side, where, shut off from the world, in a sanctified silence, we may worship. That is a very Congregational ideal of the church.

There are a great number of tabernacle Christians about. Build your tabernacle and keep it all to yourself. Shut the crowd out. Get upon the heights, secure the atmosphere of quiet devotion; it is good for you to be there, no doubt, but what is that down at the bottom of the mountain? A crowd around a demented boy and a broken-hearted father. And Jesus said no, I don't live in tabernacles. No sanctuary upon the mountain for me. There is where I go to seek and to save that which was lost.

And Peter never learned what that meant until he himself had been lost and saved, and then he knew it and he lived upon it. He had to think the truth out.

When Buddha became the saviour of his nation, he had to think his truth out. I would that every Christian man and woman could say what Buddha said about his mission. "Never," said he, "will I be content with private salvation, but everywhere, and at all times, I will labor for the universal redemption of every human creature." He thought the truth out.

And so the first question I have to put to you to-day is this: What spirit are we of? Are you tabernacle Christians and nothing else? It seems to me sometimes that the note of catholic humanity is more frequently found in many social organizations to-day than it is in the church of Christ.

I find that note struck in Socialism. I find that note struck in international labor. I find that note struck in science, with its great central conception of a common origin and of a common destiny. I find that note struck in Tolstoi strikes that note; but, alas, alas, it is rare and it is infrequent in the church of Jesus Christ.

And I venture to go further. I say that the great sacrifices made for the brotherhood of man are oftener made today under the flag of politics than under the cross of Jesus Christ. How many thousands upon thousands of suffering men and women have tramped the five thousand miles across Siberia to the mines as political exiles for the sake of Russia; year after year that sacrificial army of political martyrs have taken their lives in their hands and have made their sacrifice, and have gone out to die at the mines, hoping that by their sacrifice liberty might at last come to Russia.

And have you ever made a sacrifice for Jesus? Can you honestly say, as you look back through your life, you have ever done one really hard and difficult and sacrificial thing for Christ? And until you do you will never know what the joy of Christianity is.

I would rather be marching across Siberia, carrying in my heart the hope of deliverance for my nation than I would sit at home, lapped in luxury, feeding upon the life of the nation with the Autocrat of all the Russias.

Now, do we feel like that about the kingdom of Jesus Christ? For that is how we ought to feel. And I say again—I say it feeling in my heart that the reproach falls upon me as much as upon anybody else—the great sacrifices made to-day for the brotherhood of man are being made under the flag of politics, rather than under the cross of Jesus Christ.

Will you think again of what the education of the event meant for Christ, and what it may mean for us? What it meant for Christ was this: That the closer He got to the common people the more He loved them and the more lovable He found them, and the more teachable and the more worthy. When He came to know the Samaritan, He found the Samaritan had great virtues. When He came to know the Gentile, He said of a Roman centurion, "Why, this man has faith such as is not found in Israel."

And it was a woman who was a sinner who washed His feet with tears when Simon the Pharisee refused Him the commonest courtesy to the guest, the basin of cold water. And it was a dying robber on the cross who offered Him the frankincense of his penitence and love in a moment when disciple and friend had forgotten and forsaken Him.

Christ proved as He came close and yet closer to the common people how loving they were. And, my friends, some of us have found that out, too. As I have told some of you already, one of the discoveries I have made in my own mission work, in trying to touch the lowest of the population, was this—how easy they were to be touched.

There is more indifference to Christianity in the churches than there is among the men of the street. It is here where the indifference is. Outside, and especially among the lowest, there is a gratitude for kindness, there is an instant response which one does not often get from the sermon-hardened pewholders of respectable churches. Go out and get close to the common people and you will find out what Christ observed, how teachable they are and how lovable they are, how easy it is to save them.

And what does the education of pity mean? Would that I could speak upon it as I ought! It is the education of pity that has brought me here to-night. It was pity of the things that I saw that broke me down and altered my life.

Let me take you to a scene a moment, far from this beautiful country, in that crowded London of mine. There, in a narrow street, dark as the entrance to infernal regions, are two houses I know. In one house each night seventy lost women sleep, in the other fifty, the homeless wanderers of the streets. Womanhood at its lowest.

Can one do anything to save them, you ask. Why, yes, from those two houses I have taken eight women who are now reclaimed, and one of them is teaching in a Sunday school to-day. I have learned to see them come into my church as I have preached, poor things, crouching behind a pillar yonder.

I have had little, dirty scraps of paper sent up, "Please sing 'When I Survey the Wondrous Cross,'" and I know where they came from. The week before Christmas, when I got home, I went down to those two houses with my son and my daughter and spoke to every one of those women, and told them that on Christmas Day, at all events, they should be safe. On Christmas Day I would feed every one of them; they should have their Christmas dinner, and the lodging house keeper himself gave them their beds for nothing that night, so that on Christmas night, the night of the Saviour, there should be no vice under that roof.

The pity of it, and the world is full of things like that! And here are you living your respectable lives, we don't think of it, we don't want to think of it, some of us. We prefer shutting it all out, for pity is a pain, it is a torture, it is an agony, but it is an education.

And what many of you want to-day is the education of a great pity, and the more respectable you are, the more God has blessed your life with money and comfort, the more need there is for you to have your heart pierced with pity or it will grow hard with selfishness. The education of pity! That is how these things apply to us. But you say, "We don't need enlightenment upon these matters." Perhaps you don't, but you need conviction. Theoretically we all accept a great number of things, but what is the use of a theory unless you make an experiment?

When I was in Chicago I went over the Armour Institute, and there was one feature with which I was much struck. Here was the quiet room where the theory of mechanics was taught; the students' desks and the professor's chair and the scholastic quiet; and the door opened into the place where the forge was, and the grime, and the tools, for the theory of teaching was that when you have told your youth how to make a thing, let him go in and make it. Let him put the theory into practice.

Well, isn't there a great reason, are there not many reasons why we, if we believe in the theory of these things, should pass on to the experiment? Let me suggest three or four reasons. The first lies in the demand of your own sincerity. The most ruinous of all habits is the habit of holding truths which we don't practice, for they soon cease to be truths.

I wonder whether any of you ever heard a terrible saying of a great criminal, a wretched creature, burglar and murderer, called Charles Peace, who attained an infamous fame about a dozen years ago by his crime. He was going to the scaffold and the prison chaplain offered him what are called the consolations of religion; and the wretched man turned around upon him and said: "Do you believe it? Do you believe it? If I believed that," said Charles Peace, "I would crawl across England on broken glass on my hands and knees to tell men it was true."

An extreme statement; yes, but isn't it a significant statement? Doesn't it come home to us when we say that these poor people are our sisters and our brothers? We sing hymns about it, we hear sermons about it and we preach sermons about it.

But if we do nothing don't be surprised if the world turns around presently and says your religion is all a sham, you are insincere. I say that our sincerity demands of us that we put our theory to experiment.

Another reason lies in the nature of the man himself who is lost. He cannot come home. He can't come home, he doesn't know how to come home. He can't come home, he doesn't know the way and he hasn't got the strength. He must be sought if he is to come home.

When I slept once at St. Bernard's Hospice, I remember noticing as I drew near the hospice how the great cross upon the rock stood out against the stormy sky, the signal of redemption, and there was the hospice with its thick walls amid the falling snows and its door ready to be opened to the traveller.

Ah, but that was not enough. The traveller can't always see the cross amid the driving snowstorm, and the traveller can't always get as far as the door, though he believes the door would be opened if he got there. And so besides the cross and besides the hospice there is something else. There are the dogs, trained and ready. There are the monks watching and eager, and at the first cry of distress the dogs and monks are out in the snow, seeking for that which is lost. My friends, it isn't enough to build your hospice, your church, and say to the people, come. Christ's word is not come, Christ's word is SEEK, SEEK. Go out and seek that which is lost.

And then if you want a third reason, that reason lies in the history of Christianity itself. I need go no further than the story of my own country. I look back and I see marching into Canterbury the first great company of missionary priests, carrying their great golden cross before them and making the sweet English air sweeter yet with the hallelujahs of the Christ. Someone sought us. And I look back to your early records. I remember the name of such a man as Bishop Ashbury and all those magnificent pioneer Methodists who pushed their way into the waste. Someone sought you. And as we have been sought and found, so it is now our turn to seek and to find.

And I find as I look all through the story of Christianity that Christianity has never progressed except in those ages when the spirit of search has suddenly sprung up in men's hearts again, and instead of sitting still in the tabernacle they have come out and gone down the mountain slopes to the place where the world has lain stricken and wounded. And then there is another reason more powerful still. It is this, that all sense of the reality of religion perishes when the passion for the lost dies down. You have to save in order to believe in saving.

Is there a medical man here? No doubt there is. What would you say, sir, if after a whole year's practice, as you looked back over the story of it and counted the names of your patients you found you had not saved a single case, but lost every one? Wouldn't your conclusion at once be a rooted distrust of the whole science of medicine?

And so doubt in Christianity is always the fruit of the discontinuance of the propagandist spirit in Christianity. When men are getting healed, when we see the salvation of the lost, when we know by that which goes on in our own lives that the lost can be saved, then we believe in Christianity. And when the passion for the lost goes out of the church no wonder you have coldness, disunion, and last of all, apostasy and faithlessness. And now, my brethren, God's providence has led me to see that these are the great truths which need restating at this moment for you and for me. Nay, more, not only do these truths need restating, but I venture to think that the time has now come when these truths are going to take possession once more of the Christian mind and conscience.

We are at the end of a great many things. We are at the end of materialism as a philosophy, if not as a practice, for thinking men have given up materialism as a theory of the universe. There is no intelligent man to-day who would take the same position in regard to prayer that Huxley took not quite twenty years ago and Tyndall took about the same time, when he suggested setting aside two beds in a hospital, that you should pray for the man in one bed and not pray for the other and judge the value of prayer by the result. That is all gone. There is not an intelligent man on the face of the earth to-day who would support that proposition.

On the contrary, you have a great scientist like Sir Oliver Lodge coming to the Christian people and from the pure standpoint of science telling them that they have behind their great dynamic in the universe, and you have a new conception of prayer given you by men of science. The object of prayer is not to desire God to do something for you, but to put yourself into submission to God so that He may work through you.

We are at the end of materialism. You can't live by it. America is not going to be able to live by it, no intelligent man will live by materialism. And you are at the end also of the theory that human salvation can be obtained by purely social means. We have tried it. Some good has been done, but it has not gone very deep, and we have come back after all to the saying of your own Horace Bushnell that "the soul of all improvement is the improvement of the soul."

And we have come to the end pretty nearly of our faith in culture as being able in itself to do all that is necessary for the redemption of mankind. It can do a great deal, no doubt, to help us. But culture can prove just as hostile to virtue as ignorance. And we might have known it long ago if we had paid any heed to history.

The old truth told by St. Paul to the Corinthians is still true: "The world by wisdom knew not God." Nay, more; it seems to me as though a whole series of events are happening just now as though to prove to us in one supreme object lesson that the arm of the Lord is not shortened that it cannot save.

It is only a few months ago in my country everybody was discussing and all the preachers were preaching about the attacks upon Christianity made in a paper called the Clarion. The rails at news stalls were laden with replies and counter-replies to these attacks on Christianity. And after that there came a discussion in the paper on "Do we believe?" and that ran for two or three months and all sorts of persons rushed into print to tell us why they did not believe, and all the while quietly down among the Welsh hills a little group of colliers had found the spirit of the Lord and without leadership and without preaching and without organization, solely by the power of prayer, Pentecost had been brought back.

And throughout those Welsh valleys to-day thousands upon thousands know why they believe, and they know that Christianity is true. What they have felt and seen they tell with confidence, and publish to the sons of men the signs infallible.

The day has come, the Winter of our discontent is passing. The warm gulf stream is coming back. Now, my friends, do we really want a revival or is it mere talk? Do we want it? You need it, you need it for your own sake. God knows you are cold enough and that your religion is scarcely so much as skin deep. You need it for the nation's sake. There are troubles enough and difficulties enough in the conditions of life in this and in my own country to make a patriot pray, whether he be a Christian or not, that a new spirit of righteousness may be poured upon the people. And what we need we can have. We can have it now. It may begin here.

It may seem quite unlikely to you, this may seem to be the last kind of place where the fire shall be kindled, as one of your preachers said, which shall go from peak to peak, nay, that shall go from shore to shore, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and yet it may be kindled here if you please.

God has been waiting a long time just for us to be ready. If we are willing to open our hearts to the spirit to enter upon this work of the great evangel, feeling that nothing in the world is worth living for so much as to seek and to save that which is lost, to-day the baptism may come, the wave may start, the fire may begin to run along the ground and kindle as it goes.

Do we want a revival?

W. J. DAWSON.

"IN THE BEGINNING OF THINGS," BY LITTLE JOHNNY

Why the Crane Sleeps on One Foot and Why the Loon Laughs

AMBROSE BIERCE

Russia's Present Need of a Man

By Jacques Futrelle

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WHEN the world was in its swaddling clothes man was wont to propagate and ultimately clinch his argument with the big end of a war club. This terse, albeit effective, method of ending a debate gradually yielded to civilizing influences, which had their birth in the craft and cunning of individuals at a time when force was not all that was required to make progress, to live in greater safety, but with a recognized head and under wholesome restraint. Thus led to clans selecting chiefs, chiefs to kings, monarchies to republics, of which the United States to-day is the foremost example.

Russia to-day is confronted by a situation in which the dominant force is the craft and cunning, combined with the vast wealth, of a few chiefs. Mind is mightier than body, hence these chiefs have held the great majority of the Russians in bondage, from which only education will free them. No one knows it better than the chiefs. Therefore Russia's populace is not permitted to acquire education.

General speaking Russia is centuries behind the remainder of the world. Mr. Dudley Ridgeley says that so debased is the Russian even as his own mind that he doesn't care for education, yet the intelligence of the people, the same intelligence which a dog might exhibit, makes them know that they are down-trodden.

Naturally, lacking the civilizing force, they revert to the primal method of argument with a club, save instead of a club they use the bomb. Blindly knowing that they are wronged, seeking something, they don't know what, conscious only of the right of arm, they have developed into a race of terrorists, revolutionists, anarchists, unwittingly removing themselves further from the pale of freedom.

There was no good reason, even in the mind of the assassin of Grand Duke Sergius, why Sergius should have died. Amid all the clamor for the death of the Czar there is a recognized purposelessness even among the men who are clamoring.

The Czar, as was Sergius, is only the instrument of a system which is bad. No intelligent mind doubts that Russia's present ruling house, or its legitimate successor, will rule as Nicholas has. Therefore, why assassinate?

Russia's salvation seems many generations off. To-day she needs a MAN—a real, virile, strong-minded man who shall be greater than the government, greater than the people; a power in whom the Russian people, with their chaotic ideas of nihilism, have faith; a MAN so great, so strong, so dominating that the government dare not touch him.

JACQUES FUTRELLE.

Men like this have lived. Tolstoi is one. He is a man whom the Czar fears, fears to imprison, to arrest, to punish, because he is too great.

But Tolstoi is old, too old for a task of the magnitude of the regeneration of Russia. Gapon was coerced into silence, and even with him the government was compelled to be lenient.

He must be fair, honest, aggressive, fearless and possess a brain which must draw together to a coherent understanding the divers threads by which Russia could be united and stand as the greatest nation of Europe. He must possess tact, and possibly, although to be regretted, a certain calm brutality which will first establish [illegible] Russia [illegible] for ultimate freedom.

The mere fact of a nation being possessed of a King does not interfere with its freedom. According to the American idea a king is a useless luxury, who has, by right of birth and through no right of merit, grown to be an integral part of the continental mind. Originally a king was, perforce, a man of merit, because physical and mental dexterity permitted him to gain a throne. The mere fact that he occupied it was a tribute to his merit. To-day the dwarfing monarchies, elevating through sheer restrictive marriage laws, pewtype thrones to which they are not entitled either by strength of mind or arm. In the more advanced of European countries they are tolerated, idolized because a childlike quality in the human mind makes it necessary for that human mind to idolize something.

There lives this trait is confined to naval heroes, and men who have proven themselves, by right of might, to be men. It doesn't do any harm; and besides we are fickle in this idolatry and the hero of to-day is laughed into oblivion tomorrow.

Russia now be free and still have a king. England is free to-day. No need there be a war to bring freedom to Russia. The blood-red path to freedom has been trod by nearly every civilized country—it probably will be trod by the Russians.

And God help the monarchy of Russia if the free-hand are locked. Ultimately it will mean salvation, but salvation through such a barbaric war as has never been seen on the earth.

But still we see a real freedom and prosperity in Russia are possible without bloodshed. The Russian simple needed be still be childlike in the hands of the man he trusts. For the good of Russia such a man is needed; to prevent the eternal disgrace of civilized nations, among which Russia ranks somewhat paradoxically, such a man is needed.

The late Ignatius Donnelly pictured in "Cæsar's Column" such a situation as Russia may have to face. Only Mr. Donnelly destroyed the earth and left it barbaric. The man whom Russia needs must destroy Russia, peacefully, and then save it from barbarism.

JACQUES FUTRELLE.

The Stenographer

Women Are Seriously Handicapped Because They Cannot Use Strong Words

By Dorothy Dix

"I SEE," remarked the Bookkeeper, "that the Young Women's Christian Association is starting out on a hot reform. It is going to put the kibosh on swearing among its sex."

"Not guilty!" exclaimed the Stenographer, "they can't make good on that scream.

"When some brute steps on her toe"

"I've been stenographer for ten years to a boss who has gout, sciatic rheumatism, a wife who henpecks him and a talent for hitting the wrong side of the market," replied the Stenographer.

"You sure have qualified as an expert on profanity, then," admitted the Bookkeeper, "but the Y. W. C. A. is the main guy on the ligue stand, and it has ruled that the expression one 'Good Lord' and 'Good Heavens' when used in an ejaculatory tone of voice are cuss words."

"Great Scott!" exclaimed the Stenographer.

"There you go right now," exclaimed the Bookkeeper.

"Women get around me all the Stenographer does, and I get because I swear at 'em. They like the feeling of the [illegible] breeze.

"I have noticed that very thing," replied the Bookkeeper, "that of a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

DRAMA

E. S. WILLARD AT THE TREMONT

MARY MOORE AT THE COLONIAL

HUSHING SCENE IN QUINCY ADAMS SAWYER" AT THE BOSTONS

FRANKIE ST. JOHN AT THE HOWARD

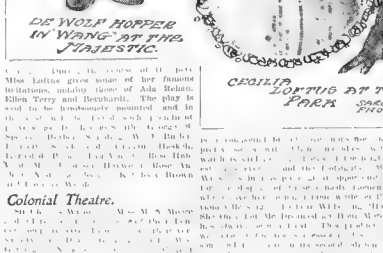
JULIAN RUSSELL IN "LADY TEAZLE" AT THE HOLLIS

ANITA BLEACH AT THE COLUMBIA

DE WOLF HOPPER IN "WANG" AT THE MAJESTIC.

TOBY CLAUDER AT THE EMPIRE

HERR TECHOW AT KEITH'S.



CECILIA LORTUS AT THE PARK

NAT M. WILLS AND TRY FLORINE LINDEN IN "A SON OF REST" AT THE GLOBE.

SCENE FROM HER FIRST FALSE STEP" AT THE GRAND

ATTRACTIONS AT LOCAL PLAYHOUSES THIS WEEK

BOSTON—"Quincy Adams Sawyer."
BOWDOIN SQUARE—"Little Church Around the Corner."
COLONIAL—Sir Charles Wyndham and Mary Moore.
CASTLE SQUARE—"The Eternal City."
COLUMBIA—Burlesque.
EMPIRE (formerly Music Hall)—Vaudeville.
GLOBE—Nat M. Wills in "A Son of Rest."
GRAND OPERA—"The First False Step."
HOLLIS—Julian Russell in "Lady Teazle."
HOWARD—Burlesque.
KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
LYCEUM—Stock.
MAJESTIC—De Wolf Hopper in "Wang."
PALACE—Burlesque.
PARK—Cecilia Lortus and Vaudeville.
STONE'S MUSEUM—Curiosities and Vaudeville.

Many Changes in Stars and Plays at the Boston Theatres for the Coming Week.

TOMORROW [illegible] many changes at the theatres. Fresh [illegible] and not only two theatres will be [illegible]

[illegible] will open for the week of [illegible] Julian Russell will appear in the [illegible] Lady Teazle." Miss Lortus will open at the Park Theatre in her success [illegible] Mary Moore will be [illegible] "Wang," will [illegible] Majestic. Sothern & Marlowe will [illegible] Tremont. Sir Charles Wyndham and [illegible] will open at the Colonial. The Eternal City" will be the star feature at Castle Square, and Isabelle Urquhart will [illegible]

ATTRACTIVE LIST OFFERED FOR LOCAL THEATREGOERS

Following are details of all the attractions at the local playhouses for the coming week.

Hollis Street Theatre.

[illegible] Julian Russell [illegible] Lady Teazle" [illegible] Sheridan's comedy [illegible] Miss Lortus gives some of her famous imitations, notably those of Ada Rehan, Ellen Terry and Bernhardt. The play is said to be handsomely mounted and in the cast will be found such [illegible] Lawrence D'Orsay, Nat C. Goodwin, Robert Noble, Wm. H. Bubb, Frank Sheridan, Edward Donnelly, Fred Lyon, Scott Cleveland, Rose Hobart, Mrs. Nat C. Goodwin, Rebecca Bloom and Viola Roach.

Tremont Theatre.

[illegible] Willard, who [illegible] Tremont [illegible] 1900, [illegible] Boston [illegible] Monday [illegible] Mr. Willard [illegible] Miss Dorothy Donnelly, who is to be seen with him in the new play, will make her debut in this city. Miss Donnelly has been on the stage for a few years, but has not been seen in Boston before. She is said to be a beautiful girl and a fine actress. Mr. Willard will appear in the same role which he has so well filled here, this character having been adapted to suit his personality. During his engagement here Mr. Willard will appear in several of the roles in which he is so well liked

GOINGS, COMINGS AND DOINGS OF BOSTONIANS IN PARAGRAPHS

THE engagement of the week in this of Dorothy [illegible] and Walbridge Mason, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Mason, of the Brunswick, Brookline. She is [illegible] the younger set in Lee Lodge Lawn, and is well known in Boston.

[illegible] has been making her home at the Empire, spent the week with Miss Whitney at Myles Standish.

Mr. [illegible] has left for Washington, where he will be followed by Mrs. [illegible] The couple will go to Hot Springs, Va., [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] is a member of the Cotillion Club, and has been a popular member of the younger set for several seasons. Mr. [illegible] is a graduate of Harvard, class of 1900, and is a member of the Somerset, Harvard and Algonquin clubs.

Coming Week Busy One for Boston's Society People.

[illegible] Hall was expected to be the scene of many [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] had planned to give a dance there on Thursday evening, but [illegible] will be followed by a reception at Symphony Hall on Friday afternoon, when [illegible] will receive. [illegible] will be the scene of many [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] will be at home to her friends on Thursday afternoon at the Copley-Plaza.

STARS WHO WILL MAKE GRAND OPERA SEASON BRILLIANT

Coming to Boston a Week From To-morrow.

THE season of grand opera by the Charles Metcalfe Opera Company under the direction of [illegible] will open at the Boston Theatre next Monday evening with a performance of "Faust." The following week, however, the company will be heard in a repertoire of the best works of the season, including [illegible] Mme. Marcella Sembrich, Mme. Olive Fremstad, Mme. Louise Homer, Mme. Bella Alten, Mme. Lillian Nordica, Mme. Maria de Macchi, Signor Enrico Caruso, Signor Pol Plançon, Signor Anton Van Rooy, Signor Albert Saleza, Signor Francisco Nuñez, Signor Adolph Muhlmann, Signor Nahan Franko and Signor Alfred Hertz, conductor.

Viena and Mr. Nahan Franko. Mr. Luigi Vicarel will have charge of the ballet. Mr. Louis Charlier is the technical director, and the productions generally will be faithfully as possible, be as near as those given at the Metropolitan Opera House, in New York. Mr. Alfred Hertz has made his mark in Boston by his clear-cut interpretation of the Wagner music dramas.

Mr. Alten will be a newcomer. Like Mr. Cameron, he was unable to visit Boston last season. Mr. Franko, however, has been seen frequently at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, where he has directed the [illegible] as well as third conductor.

The Repertoire.

The repertoire for the week will be as follows: Monday night, Lucia di Lammermoor; Tuesday evening, "Faust"; Wednesday matinee, "Lohengrin"; Wednesday night, "Il Trovatore"; Thursday evening, "Tannhäuser"; Friday evening, "Carmen"; Saturday matinee, "Lucia di Lammermoor"; Saturday night, "Il Trovatore."

It is expected that the sale of seats will be large, as the advance subscription has been unusually large.

Many New Singers Coming With Company.

Her success was [illegible] and she was engaged [illegible] for several of the leading parts in opera houses. At the request of Mapleson the famous [illegible] was [illegible] and was afterward engaged by the [illegible] Verdi festivals in Berlin and Prague. She will make her Boston debut as Santuzza in "Cavalleria Rusticana."

Lillian Nordica, the prima donna soprano, will be heard in the role of Elsa in "Lohengrin" and Micaela in "Carmen." Mme. Nordica has been a favorite with Boston audiences for many years. She was born in Farmington, Me., and began her career as a concert singer. She made her debut in opera in London in 1887 as Marguerite in "Faust." Her success was immediate, and she was engaged [illegible] for several of the leading parts in opera houses. At the request of Mapleson the famous [illegible] was [illegible] and was afterward engaged by the [illegible] Verdi festivals in Berlin and Prague. She will make her Boston debut as Santuzza in "Cavalleria Rusticana."

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STARS AND SHOWS AT THE BOSTON THEATRES.

Continued From Page 24

Amusement Notes.

[illegible]

Three Million Homes

Know What Liquozone Can Do. Who Else Will Try It Free?

We Paid $100,000

[illegible]

What Liquozone Is.

Liquozone is a product which in all [illegible]

Kills Inside Germs.

[illegible]

Germ Diseases.

[illegible]

50c. Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never used it, please send us the coupon below. We will then send you an order on a local druggist for a full-sized bottle a fee bottle—and will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This applies only to the first bottle, of course—to those who have never used it.

The acceptance of this offer places you under no obligations. We simply wish to convince you; to let the product itself show you what it can do. Then you can judge by results as to whether you wish to continue.

This offer itself should convince you that Liquozone does as we claim. We would certainly not buy a bottle and give it to you, if there was any doubt of results. You want those results, you want to be well and to keep well. Then be fair enough to Liquozone to accept our offer today. Let us show you, at our expense, what this wonderful product means to you.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

[illegible]

Mail this as or before you get using Liquozone will be [illegible] for a time.

How the Stomach and Kidneys Depend on the Inside Nerves

[illegible]

My Free Dollar Offer

Any sick one who has not tried my remedy Dr. Shoop's Restorative may have a Full Dollar's Worth Free. I ask no deposit, no reference, no security. There is nothing to pay, either now or later. I will send you an order on your druggist which he will accept in full payment for a regular, standard size Dollar bottle. And he will send the bill to me.

C. I. Shoop, M. D.

[illegible]

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

THE PIE KNIVES ARE WON, BUT LOOK OUT FOR THE EGG SETS

Eight Million Eggs Are Eaten Every Year in New England. Can You Cook 'Em? Then Win a Prize.

Some "Eggs-Pert" Testimony

"EGGWARD the Star of Empire Takes Its Way."

These may not be the exact words of poor old Horace Greeley, but they state the case in point.

It has been said that the egg was a gift from the gods, and so it was do for lovers of pork and hash. It is good for a dinner and a supper.

What would life be without the egg? It would be a tragedy to give us death.

If all the eggs eaten daily in New England were placed end to end, but there! What's the use? Imagination cannot grasp such an idea of immensity. However, the fact remains that New England probably eats more eggs than any equal area on earth.

The egg can be eaten raw or cooked, that's where it differs from roast beef. Raw, there is only one way to eat it. Break the shell and swallow it. BUT there are probably several billion ways of cooking eggs.

Do you know the best way?

Just write out the most delicious way to cook eggs you know and mail it to the "Egg Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, Scollay Square, Boston.

If your recipe is one of the five best received before Saturday, March 4, you'll get a beautiful silver cruet set, consisting of one sugar sprinkler, two salt shakers and two pepper shakers as shown in the illustration.

Remember, real cut glass and not imitation silver.

THE FIVE WINNERS OF THE SOUP LADLES.

MRS. FRANCES, No. 8 Lee street, Somerville.
MRS. M. A. WALKER, No. 11 Smith street, Lowell.
MRS. F. O. BERQUIST, No. 207 Lexington street, East Boston.
MRS. WINNIFRED GLINES, No. 27 Nonquit street, Dorchester.
MRS. WILLIAM ORTON, No. 858 Broadway, Chelsea.

Here are the winning recipes for soup ladles, given by the BOSTON AMERICAN for the best recipes for soup. Thousands of recipes were offered, over thousands of them were good, consequently the selection of the best was a task of such magnitude that the decision of the Russo-Japanese trouble in the Far East became a trivial matter.

Elsewhere is printed the five prize winning recipes. They have been tested by an expert chef for the BOSTON AMERICAN and found all that could be desirable in the soup line. The recipes are as follows:

Tomato Bisque Soup

Take one can tomatoes and one onion cut fine. Bring onions and tomato to a boil slowly, then strain and add half teaspoonful of soda and one pint of milk; be careful to add the soda to the tomatoes before adding the milk. Thicken with one tablespoonful of sifted flour. Stir continually until boiling and the mixture perfectly smooth. Season to taste. This makes four portions.

MRS. FRANCES
No. 8 Lee street, Somerville.

Shrimp Cream Soup

One-fourth pound fat pork chopped fine, put in kettle and fry until brown; add one pint boiling water, two small sized onions well chopped, six good sized potatoes sliced thin, half tablespoon salt, butter size of walnut and shake of pepper; ten minutes before serving add one can of shrimps and one pint of milk. Let come to a boil and serve with oyster crackers.

MRS. F. O. BERQUIST,
No. 207 Lexington st., E. Boston.

Gumbo Soup

Cut up a chicken as for a fricassee and dredge it thickly with flour. Fry a sliced onion in bacon fat, remove the onion and brown the chicken; brown also one quart of slice okra pods. Place the chicken on an okra in a kettle, cover with boiling water, add one quart of sliced tomatoes. Simmer until the chicken is tender. Remove the larger bones and all the fat, add salt, cayenne, and a very little sugar. Serve without straining and with boiled rice.

MRS. WINNIFRED GLINES
No. 27 Nonquit st., Dorchester.

Jugged Soup

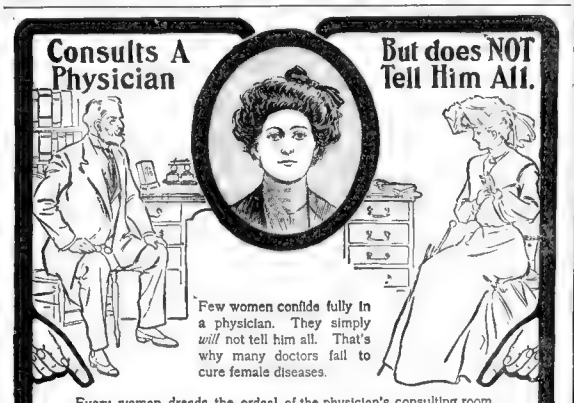
Into an earthen dish put six potatoes, sliced thin; one onion, sliced thin; three tomatoes, sliced thin, or one cup canned tomatoes; one small turnip, sliced thin; one cup of canned peas, one grated carrot, another cup of tomatoes, one quarter cup raw rice. On each layer sprinkle a little seasoning made by mixing one tablespoonful each of salt and sugar, one-half teaspoon pepper and a pinch of allspice. Pour two quarts of stock over and cover securely. Set in a pan of water, put in oven and cook four or six hours. Serve with fresh crackers.

MRS. WILLIAM ORTON.
No. 848 Broadway, Chelsea.

Cucumber Soup

Pare and slice enough cucumbers to fill three cups. Parboil for ten minutes; drain and add to four cups of chicken stock, with a slice of onion, and cook until soft. Rub through a sieve and thicken with one quarter cup each of butter and flour rubbed together. Season with salt and pepper, then add one pint of hot milk. Strain and serve. It might be given a green tint by adding a little green coloring, such as is used for cake and frosting.

MRS. M. A. WALKER,
No. 11 Smith street, Lowell.



Few women confide fully in a physician. They simply *will* not tell him all. That's why many doctors fail to cure female diseases.

Every woman dreads the ordeal of the physician's consulting room. A sensitive, refined woman shrinks from the searching questions and the physical examination!

It is not so in writing to Mrs. Pinkham. Thousands of women owe their present health and happiness (yes, and their good looks, too) to the fact that they have *told all* their physical troubles to Mrs. Pinkham and followed her advice and been cured of female diseases.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Cures more women every year than any other medicine in the world. If you are in doubt about your case, write in perfect confidence to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. You will receive in reply a personal letter of advice free.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For three months I was sick in bed with female trouble and had four doctors, who all agreed that I must undergo an operation and have my ovaries removed. My sister advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before I submitted to an operation. I did so and am very glad to say that after I had used five bottles I was restored to perfect health, which I have enjoyed ever since. I am only too glad to recommend your medicines, as they saved me from an operation which might have proved fatal.

MRS. M. KUTTNER.
556 South Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. Hayes also profited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Sometime ago I wrote you describing my symptoms (fibroid tumor) and asked your advice. You replied and I followed all your directions carefully and to-day am a well woman."

22 Ruggles St., Roxbury, Mass. MRS. E. F. HAYES.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Where Others Fail

YOUR LIFE INSURED FREE

AGAINST DEATH AND ACCIDENT

How to Get Your Free Insurance Policy.

Cut out this Coupon, fill it out carefully in ink, giving your full name AND AGE, and mail with ten cents (or ten cents worth of stamps), FOR REGISTRATION FEE and POSTAGE, to this newspaper addressed.

FREE INSURANCE POLICY,
HEARST'S SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS,
P. O. BOX 1641, NEW YORK CITY.

THE SUNDAY AMERICAN-JOURNAL-EXAMINER

Insurance Registration Bureau Application.

Insured's Signature. .AGE. .

Postoffice Address of Insured (Street, Number Town & State)

Beneficiary (Person to Whom Death Benefit Shall Be Paid)

Postoffice Address of Beneficiary.

Relationship of Beneficiary to Insured.

Be sure you answer all the questions on this blank; don't omit your AGE.

☞ Only One Policy Issued to a Person. ☜
☞ Persons under 16 or over 65 years will not be insured. ☜

Of course those who HAVE ALREADY SENT in their 10 cents and the registration blank do NOT have to send in any more money nor fill out the registration blank again; the above registration blank is printed again to-day FOR NEW APPLICANTS ONLY.

If you have NOT already sent in your application all you have to do is to mail the above application blank, with 10 cents to this newspaper (send it to the address given above) and we will mail you a special United States Casualty Company Policy for $100.00.

The policy is for one year, and you are not required to send in any more money. But you must save the following FREE COUPON every Sunday, which keeps you insured for the week.

READ this coupon, then cut it out and keep it until next Sunday:

☞ KEEP THIS COUPON AT HOME UNTIL NEXT SUNDAY. ☜

Sunday American-Journal-Examiner

FREE COUPON

$100.00 INSURANCE

SUNDAY, FEB. 26, 1905.

If you are registered keep this coupon, and in case of accidental injury this week, mail THIS coupon with statement of the accident and NUMBER OF YOUR POLICY to the United States Casualty Company, 141 Broadway, New York City.

☞ *Save this Coupon, which keeps you insured for this week; next Sunday's Coupon for next week. A new Coupon each week. Keep this Coupon until next Sunday.*

Conditions of the Policy

THE UNITED STATES CASUALTY COMPANY OF NEW YORK, provided the Insured shall have in his possession the free insurance coupon taken from one of the Hearst Sunday Newspapers (the New York Sunday American and Journal, or the Boston American, or the Chicago American, or the San Francisco Examiner, or the Los Angeles Examiner, or Das Morgen Journal), bearing date of the Sunday next preceding the day of the accident, WILL PAY

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

If the Insured sustains a bodily injury effected exclusively by external and violent and accidental means which shall cause the DEATH of the Insured; and provided such injury occurs:

(1) While actually riding as a passenger in a railroad car or steamboat or public automobile, omnibus, or

(2) While actually riding as a passenger in a passenger elevator, or

(3) While actually riding as a passenger in a horse-drawn public or private vehicle, or

(4) By falling down while walking on a public highway or upon a causeway, or

(5) While within a private dwelling house, store, barn or outhouse, owned by the Insured or leased by the Insured or occupied by him as his principal residence and not as a tenant, lodger or boarder, or

(6) While actually riding in a private automobile, if not the hired chauffeur,

Should such accident NOT cause the death of the Insured, but be the cause of any one of the following disablements, the United States Casualty Company will pay for:

LOSS OF BOTH HANDS (by actual and complete severance at or above the wrists)..... $50.00

LOSS OF BOTH FEET (by actual and complete severance at or above the ankles)..... $50.00

LOSS OF BOTH EYES (by actual and total and permanent loss of sight)..... $50.00

And subject to the usual conditions of insurance policies.

☞ REMEMBER ☜

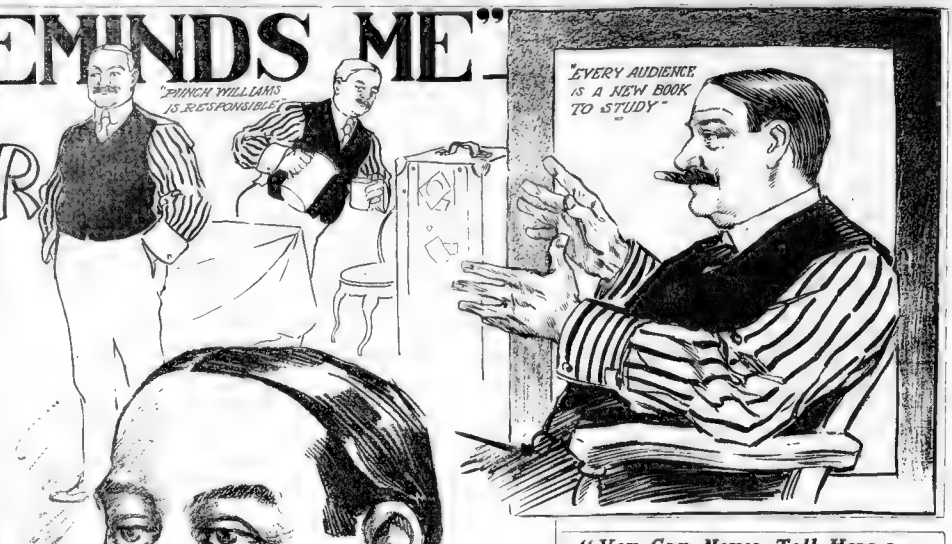
No person shall hold more than one policy. No persons under 16 or over 65 years of age will not be insured.

If you send your ten cents in STAMPS (instead of money) BE CAREFUL not to stick them to the registration blank; just drop them in loose and dry into the letter.

"THAT REMINDS ME" SAYS DOCKSTADER

THE MINSTREL KING REAPS A CHOICE NEW CROP OF RICH STORIES.

By J. Frank Davis.



Said Lew Dockstader:

"The funniest thing I know is my molasses story. Ever hear it?"

I said I hadn't. Mr. Carll hadn't, either.

Thereupon Lew Dockstader arose from his rocking chair and went into an adjacent room, whence issued sounds of a desk ransacked, bureau drawers opened and shut, and trunk lids slammed — such sounds as issue "without, left upper entrance," in the fourth act of Faversham's "Letty," while Faversham is supposed to be searching for the pictures of his sister.

Eventually Mr. Dockstader came back and resumed his chair. "I must have mislaid it," he said, reaching for a match, his half smoked cigar having gone out during the quest.

I laid that molasses story somewhere," he said. "It is all written out better than I can tell it."

Something was said about the difference in his appearance off and on the stage.

"It wouldn't be fair to tell his name, but there was a chap with me once," he said, "who had a gorgeous first-part make-up and a fine figure. One day he got a 'mash letter' from some foolish girl in the audience, who suggested meeting him. When he had washed up after the show that night he met her. She took one look at his face, and then she said: 'Go back to the theatre and black up!'"

Wanted Her Money Back.

"Audiences are funny. Every one of them is a book—and a new book every night. If I am successful, it is because I work hard and study my book. And the women's pages in it are the hardest to understand.

"You can never tell how a woman is going to take an off joke. Sometimes she laughs before you get to the point, and sometimes she comes trailing along with her appreciation of the joke after you've got into the fifth story beyond it. Of course, this is true of men, too, but it is truer of women. Somehow or other they haven't the same sense of humor as men, as they average."

And He Didn't Even Laugh.

"That's one I don't get at. I'm once season there was a man in the front row. He never smiled, saw him and tried to land him into a laugh. If I can get this undertaker I said to myself, 'I'll certainly make a hit with the rest of the house.' But there was no help doing. He didn't laugh all the evening. He sat still and coldly watched me the night. He came around to see me after the show and brought his son with him. I don't know, sir," he said, "but I don't think I can find that molasses story. It's tremendously good."

"Let us see," said Dockstader, with a grin. "I, for the truth, I can't remember it. Was it, Punch Williams?"

"I don't know, sir. A—a—I'm afraid, I guess," said Buttons.

That's typical of the way Dockstader, and the two boys get on with it.

He didn't see it," said Dockstader. "He's like a man that sat down in the front row to find out just how one of my minstrel jokes got over. The curtain went down his cheeks."

"Is he going through the door?" asked Buttons.

"He's going through the door with his eyes shut," said Dockstader. "Hello, Bill! How's your wife to-day, eh, old chap?" The response is:

THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Increasing cloudiness and probably rain or snow, Sunday and Monday light to fresh variable winds.

High water: 4:29 a. m., 5:00 p. m.

HEARST'S

BOSTON AMERICAN

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

AND NEW YORK JOURNAL.

NEW YORK JOURNAL

48 PAGES. 48 PAGES.

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POLICEMAN HERO AT FIRE.

Patrolman McNally Helps Save Two Children, and Is Himself Overcome.

SPRINGFIELD STREET HOUSE IS THE SCENE

Little Ones Would Have Perished but for Prompt Action of the Police.

NUMBER OF NARROW ESCAPES FROM DEATH

Patrolmen Newcombe and Oakes Also Distinguished Themselves.

After helping to save the lives of two children during a fire which did considerable damage to the dwelling house at No. 20 Kirby street yesterday afternoon, Patrolman M Nally of the Dudley street station is in the City Hospital suffering from the effects of smoke inhaled while engaged in his heroic work.

The children, supposed to be named Shapiro, had been left behind in the burning building, forgotten in the general rush for safety, when the alarm of fire was started.

The occupants of the building fled panic-stricken after being aroused by the police, and but for the prompt action and bravery of Patrolman McNally the two children undoubtedly would have perished.

The cause of the fire is unknown. Members of Engine 27 were called in a still alarm, and soon extinguished the blaze. Previously, however, a number of narrow escapes from death had been effected. Patrolman McNally, Newcombe and Oakes had rushed to the scene, seeing there is no chance of the fire apparatus. Smoke was pouring from the windows and rooms of the building when the officers arrived, but they immediately forced their way into the house. They ascended the stairs to the upper floors, and when a number of tenants had been aroused it was supposed that everyone was safe.

Then there was a sudden cry from the third floor, and Patrolman McNally was the one who had to be carried to the hospital.

The children were found at once, safely housed and in bed. It is supposed that they are children of parents at Shapiro, in whose apartments the fire started. They were spirited away after being brought to the street. The occupants of the house protest that they are not the cause of the fire.

Former Governor George S Boutwell, critically ill with pneumonia.

BOUTWELL NOW NEAR DEATH.

Stricken With Pneumonia, Venerable Ex-Governor's Condition Is Very Grave.

BOSTON SPECIALIST CALLED TO GROTON

Disease, Starting in Seemingly Slight Cold, Has Made Rapid Progress.

HIS ADVANCED AGE SERIOUS OBSTACLE

Chief Executive of State, Secretary of Treasury, Representative and Senator.

Groton, Feb. 26.—Ex-Governor Boutwell is still alive, and the attendants at his bedside report that his condition has slightly improved. At a late hour this evening Mr Boutwell roused from the stupor which had held him for several hours. He was given a little nourishment and soon sank into a sleep.

The disease, because of the former statesman's extreme age, made rapid progress, and it was deemed advisable to-day to call Dr Fred C Shattuck, of Marlboro street, Boston, specialist in diseases of the lungs, into consultation with Dr. H. L. Warren, the attending physician.

Dr. Shattuck, after a telephone conversation with Dr Warren, decided the case is complicated by the fact that Mr Boutwell's bodily vital vigor has been greatly lessened by the infirmities of age.

The fatal symptoms developed in the home of health all Winter. At a late hour ago, when the patient's strength began to fail the progress of the cold to pneumonia was rapid.

Mr Boutwell was eighty seven years old the twenty-eighth day of last month. His constitution has been good and he has preserved his health to unusual ages of human self, but his advanced age militates against recovery.

Elected Governor in 1850.

Seven governors of Massachusetts were born in Dudley and Sutton, Worcester county, Alexander Rice Talbot and Boutwell. These, Mr Boutwell is the only survivor. It is more than half a century since he filled the executive chair of the Commonwealth, for having been elected in 1850 and inaugurated in January, 1851, he was one of three terms of that, the youngest of all the Massachusetts governors to reach Washington, D. C.

Mr Boutwell began having severe attacks of illness in the legislature, and in the three succeeding years he was the victim of the candidates proved ill, and that year was one of the severest ever known in this State. Boutwell was the only candidate for governor who was a Republican in the United States Senate, all three opposed to his party. He published a letter of George Boutwell in the Boston Journal, the Salem Register, Richard Frothingham, who Sumner went to Washington.

It began a followed that governor Boutwell became a leading property in Massachusetts. He clear to him as able as ever, and was a leading figure in the Senate. He was one of the managers of the impeachment trial of President Johnson, and was active among those who advocated the impeachment of Andrew Johnson. He was also a member of the committee which took place at the New York Athletic Club to-night, resulted in a clean sweep for the representatives of the morning organizations. The New York Athletic Club won all the events in which it was represented, and in addition captured the relay race, which was not on the programme. The water polo game was also won by the New York Athletic Club.

One thousand persons were present when the first event was called. The crowd was largely composed of members of the clubs participating in the meet, and the rooters were out in full force. Each club had a band, and the music was kept up throughout the evening.

Mr. Bolton was responsible for the success of the meet. He arranged the programme, which was one of the finest ever offered to the public in the history of the New York Athletic Club. Secretary Bonnell, Lieutenant Commander Hamilton and Lieutenant Commander Wood also worked hard to make the meet a success. Each of these officials was behind the scenes all the time, and they were untiring in their efforts to see that everything went off smoothly.

Mr. Bolton was assisted by Referee Frank Sullivan, Judges Frank Goodwin, Dr. Gustavus Kirby and Harry Lee, Starter Frank Sullivan, Timekeepers

MYSTERIOUS BOX RECEIVED AT HOME OF CHENEY MAY SOLVE BOND PUZZLE

RUMOR IT CONTAINS THE MISSING VALUABLES.

Continued from Page 29.

Mrs. Wilber a Visitor.

Searched House in Vain.

Consulted Lawyer.

Gave Him Only Sympathy.

As Much in Dark as Ever.

Herman S. Cheney, lost Strong Box and Mrs. A. Mabel Wilber.

CHADWICK GIFTS TO BE RETURNED BY FRIENDS.

$50,000 in Articles Said to Have Been Imported by the Noted Cleveland Woman to Go to the Government

Cleveland, Feb. 25.—Addresses, supplies from the Chadwick estate to the extent of $50,000, it is believed, will be voluntarily returned to Collector Leach within a few days. These latter, it is alleged, had been purchased by Mrs. Chadwick and rose most of its freedom. In these articles, it is said, is not duty had been paid.

According to those advices persons who have been the victims of Mrs. Chadwick are now anxious to get rid of their gifts, and are fairly falling over one another in their efforts to get the articles into the hands of the Government.

It is also of what has already been returned. Last week Mrs. Chadwick's solicitor, it is believed, to be at least $25,000 worth of articles, on which there will be collected, is believed to be at least $5,000.

Treasury Department at Washington has at its command a body of men in the search for the Chadwick valuables.

CHIVALRY OF HIGH IDEALS HEARD IN SYMPHONY.

By Kent Perkins.

A program of remarkable distinction and elevation was splendidly played by the Symphony Orchestra last night at the sixteenth concert of the season at Symphony Hall. The music and the work of the soloist, Gericke and the orchestra were received with warm manifestations of appreciation by the audience. The program was as follows:

Egmont Overture, Op. 84 ..... Beethoven
1) Tempo di Marcia.
2) Andante Pastoso.
3) Finale. Allegro Moderato.

Concerto for Pianoforte in A Minor, op. ..... Schumann
(a) Allegro Affettuoso.
(b) Intermezzo. Andantino Grazioso.
(c) Allegro Vivace.
Symphony No. 1 in C Minor, op. 68..... Brahms
1) Un poco Sostenuto. Allegro.
2) Andante Sostenuto.
3) Un poco Allegretto e Grazioso. L'istesso Tempo.
4) Adagio. Allegro non Troppo, ma con brio.

GOVERNOR DOUGLAS WANTS TEXTILE SCHOOLS.

"IN EYE DISEASES LIES GRAVEST OF DANGERS."

Superintendents and Foremen at Brockton Banquet Monday Will Be Talked to by Him on Trade School Ideas

NOTED GUESTS AT "3D ALARM" SPREAD

SWEDEN AND NORWAY CRISIS IMMINENT

London, Feb. 25.—According to a dispatch to the Morning Post from Christiania [illegible] Sweden and Norway are in daily confer. The extreme Norwegian party is steadily growing in strength, which tends to hasten the threatened industrial crisis in Norway. This will involve the retirement of Premier Hagerup, the Prime Minister and Minister of Justice, and his three fellow ministers, who appeared as aggressive anti-Swedish policy. Fridjof Nansen, the well-known Arctic explorer, who lately entered actively into politics, is regarded by the Norwegians as the most popular candidate for the Premiership.

PETE DAILEY IN TRAGEDY AT LAST

Cleveland, Feb. 25.—"I was never touched in New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, or any of the larger barracks, but once here in an long game the job was done."

That is the way Pete Dailey the comedian, who lies, has a public this week, in a local theatre, expressed himself when he awoke Saturday morning and found he had either lost or had had stolen $400 and railroad tickets for himself and his eight Lulu girls from Cleveland to Philadelphia.

ASKS $5,000 FOR ALIENATED LOVE

Because she asserts that her husband's affections were alienated by Mrs. Lillian Carter Mrs. Ida Buffum wife of Arthur Buffum, of Malden, has brought suit against the former for $5,000. The case is now being heard by Judge Bishop in the Superior Civil Court at East Cambridge.

MAINE PRIESTS HONORED BY POPE

Rome, Feb. 25. The pope has signed a brief appointing Very Rev. F. F. Hayes, vicar general of Portland, Me., as a domestic prelate, and Rev. Fathers E. H. Wallace of Lewiston Me. and P. V. Tracy of Oxford, Me., as private chamberlains, with the title of monsignor.

PREPARATIONS FOR INAUGURAL BEGUN.

Pageant on March 4 Will Be Grandest and Most Elaborate Ever Seen in the History of the United States

POLICE ARRANGEMENTS TO PROTECT PRESIDENT

By Boston American Leased Wire.

Washington, Feb. 25. Next Saturday President Theodore Roosevelt will be in Washington as President, and assume the duties of the office to which he was elected after having held that office because of the assassination of President McKinley. The inauguration will be attended with more ceremony, more pomp and pageantry than has ever before been seen at the inauguration of a Chief Executive in the United States.

Already the work of decorating the city [illegible] as well as [illegible] to feed an [illegible] crack the crowds of [illegible] visitors expected here. Special [illegible] protection by the police will be offered to [illegible]

[illegible] Washington [illegible] Inauguration [illegible] Roosevelt [illegible] Taft [illegible] Washington [illegible] Roosevelt [illegible] Taft [illegible] Washington [illegible] Roosevelt [illegible] Taft [illegible] Washington

MOTHER SAVES ANOTHER'S CHILD, WEEPS BY OWN DEAD

Lizzie Farrell, in the upper part of the picture, saved from drowning by Mrs. Elizabeth McGrath, shown below with little son, whom she also rescued.

HEROIC WOMAN'S LITTLE ONE IS DROWNED.

Desperate Dash Into Waters of Charles River Results in the Dragging of Two Little Ones From Death Under Ice

Sat By Child's Coffin.

Farrell Girl Broke Ice.

Man Pulled Them Out

A WOMAN INVENTS A MACHINE TO WHIP WIFE BEATERS.

Urges It Upon the Consideration of Attorney Peabody, Who Will Ask the Legislature to Establish It Women's Post

F. VON VEGSEY, BOY VIOLINIST, PLAYS BOSTON ADIEU.

Gives a Remarkable Rendering of Difficult Mendelssohn Concerto, and Also Pleases All His Other Selection

By Kent Perkins.

REGISTERS UNDER A FALSE NAME AND DIES IN HOTEL.

STATUES OF TEXAS PATRIOTS AT CAPITOL

Washington, Feb. 25.—[Special.]—Miss Elizabeth Ney, the famous sculptress, who is to be given a commission by the Texas legislature to execute statues of Texas heroes, is expected to arrive in Washington tomorrow. She is coming to confer with Senator Culberson and Representative Burleson of Texas

SALE OF HAMPSHIRE & WORCESTER LIKELY

Ware, Feb. 25.—George S. Taft, president of the Hampshire & Worcester Street Railway company, said this afternoon that a sale of the road was probable, but that no negotiations had been entered into.

TUCKER PLANS TO GO WEST WHEN HE IS FREE.

Kaney Brings Cheer

The Day's Routine

CONGRESS EXPECTS TO ADJOURN ON SATURDAY.

REV. MR. FRITCH TO TURN FROM STAGE TO ROSTRUM.

1,150,000 PENNIES SPENT FOR GUM ON SANTA FE.

Six Marriages Have Record Breaking Year in the Sale of Tootsome Mates in One Piece Lots to Travellers

$500 FIRE IN BANGOR

GENERAL MILES A MEMBER

PITTSBURG PHIL'S MOTHER ROBBED BY THIEVES.

Special to the Sunday American.

WILL DEVELOP MYSTIC SHIPYARDS

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Have You Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble?

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for YOU, all our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

BABY'S AWFUL SKIN HUMOR

Many Doctors Called It Chronic and Said Sores Never Could Be Healed.

CURED BY CUTICURA

Child Was Getting So Bad Mother Didn't Know What to Do—Hospital Physicians Said There Was No Hope—Complete and Permanent Cure by Cuticura at Expense of $1.75.

Mailed Free, How to Cure Every Humor of Infancy and Age

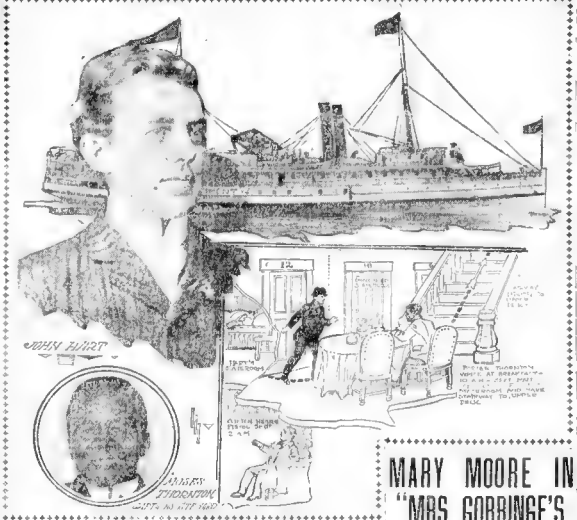
MYSTERY OF HART MURDER BAFFLES POLICE; SLAYER HAS DISAPPEARED

KILLED VICTIM ON HIGH SEAS; VANISHED.

100 Passengers on Board the Jay Liner Larchmont When Crime Was Not Suspected

INNUMERABLE CLUES LED TO NO RESULT

Body Lay in Stateroom, but Was Not Found Until the Boat Had Arrived at New York, 8 or 12 Hours Later



Man slain on Steamer Larchmont, which is shown on the left, captain's steward, and sketch of cutout taken by man who committed murder, showing dead man's berth

Detectives Baffled.

LOWELL WOMAN IS CERTAIN HER SON IS MURDERED.

Mrs. Rioux Identifies Dress as His Property, and Body Found in River Last Week Must Be His

WOMEN HYPNOTIZED HIM, HE SAID, STRIKES 3.

Cambridge Man Says He Did Strike Advocate Lane, and Police Plan Big Haul

Steward Saw Man Pass.

Believes Son Murdered.

Left With Strangers.

Describe Mysterious Man

MARY MOORE IN "MRS. GORRINGE'S NECKLACE."

Wyndham's Co-Star Makes Her First Appearance at the Colonial in a Clever Comedy. Drama Is Very Well Received

PLAYED GOLF TOO MUCH; LEFT LEG AMPUTATED.

CHELSEA SOLDIERS' HOME ROBBED OF SUPPLIES.

"Woman in Case" Says One.

7-YEAR SENTENCE FOR JOHN J. SHEEHAN

FOR FIFTY YEARS A WORCESTER LEADER

SHOE SHIPMENT RECORDS BROKEN

GIRL IS SLAIN; BODY FOUND IN DITCH.

Paterson Tragedy Like That in Which Mill Girl, Jennie Boschiete, Was Murdered by Three Men Companions

VICTIM HAD STRUGGLED DESPERATELY FOR LIFE

By Boston American Leased Wire.

CHARLTON MAN KILLED BY TRAIN

PORTO RICO WILL HAVE AGENT HERE

Violin And Complete Outfit

Given Away Absolutely FREE

We Will Give You Absolutely Free this fine full size Violin, made of well seasoned Beech Wood. Color is Rich Reddish Brown, Hand Rubbed in Oil, to fine Piano Polish. Trimmings such as pegs, finger board, tailpiece are fine Ebony Finish. One Full Size Bow, Two Sets Strings, Big Cake Rosin and Self-Teaching Instruction Book, packed in neat box. We Will Send You This Complete Outfit just as described for selling 24 pieces of our handsome jewelry at only 10 Cents Each. These beautiful goods are Entirely New This Season and the Greatest Sellers you ever saw. You can easily sell the 24 pieces in half an hour. Just send your name and address and we will send you the 24 pieces by First Mail, Postpaid. When sold, send us the money you received for them and we will send you one of these High-Grade Violins and Complete Outfits the very day we receive your remittance to pay you for your trouble. You Need No Money in Advance. We Trust You with the goods until you sell them, and Take Back all you cannot sell or write Now. Don't Delay. And be the first in your town to have one of these fine Violins and complete outfits. Costs you nothing to try. Address,

ARLINGTON MFG. CO., 741-748 Unity Bldg., Dept. 710, CHICAGO, ILL.

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Interesting Experiment in a Restaurant

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA COMPANY HAVE ADOPTED

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They are a promise to pay, always honored on presentation.

Merchants Legal Stamp Co.

564 Washington Street

We Give Trading Stamps

GREEN and LEGAL

See Special for This Week

4.00 Worth Stamps with a 50c purchase lot of Coffee 50c

1.00 Worth Stamps with a lot of Tea 10c

1.00 Worth Stamps with 2 pkgs. A. & P. Cornstarch 7c per pkg

1.00 Worth Stamps with 2 pkgs. A. & P. Seeded Raisins for 25c

1.00 Worth Stamps with 1 pkg. A. & P. Cleanest Currants 25c

1.00 Worth Stamps with 1 pkg. Macaroni 10c

1.00 Worth Stamps with 1 pkg. N. T. Laundry Starch 8c

1.00 Worth Stamps with 2 cans Campbell's Concentrated Soup, can 10c

Try A. & P. Spices—They Are the Best Made

Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.

92 Court Street, opp. Sudbury St.
239 Tremont Street, near Eliot St.
109 Meridian Street, East Boston.
326 Broadway, Chelsea.
37 Market Street, Lynn.

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Send two cents for our complete catalogue containing all the popular vocal and instrumental music published.

Vocal. Vocal. Vocal. Instrumental.

SPECIAL

The latest successes by Paul Dresser, writer of the famous "On the Banks of the Wabash," "The Blue and the Gray," etc

Vocal Vocal Vocal

REMIT IN DRAFT OR MONEY ORDER ON NEW YORK OR IN STAMPS.

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TELLING BLOWS STRUCK IN PEOPLE'S FIGHT FOR CHEAPER GAS

CAPITALIZATION PLOT LAID BARE.

Continued from Page 20.

Bemis Evidence Unshaken.

CHEAPER GAS WON FOR PEOPLE OF SUBURBAN CITIES

Look to the Legislature.

Mayors at Conference.

Difference In Methods

$1,164.17 FOR THREE WEEKS' BOARD.

CHARGE CROKER'S WIFE JOIN HIM IN IRELAND.

By Boston American Leased Wire

TO WORCESTER PLAN IS OPPOSED BY LABOR FEDERATION.

PRETTY NEWS GIRLS ENTER WRATHFUL PROTEST.

New York Subway Paper Dealers Threaten to Strike Because of the Fact That They Must Work 12 Hours a Day

By Boston American Leased Wire.

THE MEDICAL SENSATION OF THE AGE—THE DISCOVERY OF PE-RU-NA

BY DR. S. B. HARTMAN

MISS JOSIE SCHAEZEL
R R No 1 Appleton Wis.
MRS CHAS STEINECKE,
Stoughton, Wis.
MISS MARGRET FAHEY,
49 Adams St. Troy N.Y.
MISS ELLA M MILLER
140 F St N.E. Washington, D.C.

Other Remedies Failed—Pe-ru-na Cured.

Mrs Chas Steinecke, Stoughton Wis, writes

"My experience with Peruna has been most pleasing. I've recently been taking a bottle and a half each month and I can say it is a good medicine for my health. I would advise any person suffering from catarrh to get Peruna without delay."

"Peruna was recommended to me and I bought a bottle and soon began to improve. I kept on taking it and it cured me from all my troubles. I am pleased to testify to its merits."

Cured in Four Weeks of Severe Cold on Lungs.

"After a few doses of Peruna, I began to mend, and felt that if I kept on taking it, it would not be long until I would be well. I was right, for in four weeks I was well again.

Given Up by Doctors—Cured by Pe ru na.

"We have used Peruna in our family for years and I am very pleased to say that it cured me of catarrh of the lungs when the doctors gave up all hope of my recovery.

Entirely Cured by Several Bottles of Pe-ru-na.

"With pleasure I recommend your medicine for catarrh of the head. Having taken several bottles, I find myself entirely cured. I cannot praise Peruna too highly."—Ella M. Miller.

The World's Greatest Medicine Factory.

A Doctor's Prescription.

Pe-ru-na Removes the Cause of Catarrh

Forty Thousand Patients.

Pe-ru-na's Popularity.

Pe-ru-na Actually Cures.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind.

Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit.

BUT 42 YEARS OLD, IS MOTHER OF 17, AND A GRANDMA.

Mrs. Connor of Covelo, Cal., Disproves the Race Suicide Theory—She Has Never Lost a Child, and Is Youthful

CHARGED WITH ATTEMPT TO KILL

OLD PIER TO GO AT NARRAGANSETT

A Smiling Face signifies robust health and good digestion. You can always carry a smiling face in spite of care and worry if you keep your liver right and your digestion good by using

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Dr. BURKHART'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Will Positively Cure Kidney and Liver Diseases, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Catarrh, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Constipation. 17,500,000 people were treated in 1904. 25c. All druggists

CHICHESTER'S PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, Always reliable. Ladies ask for CHICHESTER-S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co. 2065 Madison Square, PHILA. PA.

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For Kidney & Bladder troubles. SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY. Cures in 48 Hours URINARY DISCHARGES. Each Capsule bears the name Midy. Beware of imitations.

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R. H. WHITE COMPANY

We Sell Goods Cheaper for Equal Qua

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More Incredible Bargains in Plain, Fancy and Black Silks

NO SUCH SELLING OF SILKS HAS BEEN KNOWN IN BOSTON BEFORE! OUR PRICES ARE A REVELATION!

Come To-morrow and We'll Surprise You

27-Inch Plain and Fancy Pongees, 29c — 29c

23-Inch Foulard Silks, Worth Up to 75c, for 49c — 49c

Dress Taffetas for Shirt-Waist Suits for 59c — 59c

23-Inch Black All-Silk Pongees for 29c — 29c

Black Silks		Colored Silks	
	39c	20-Inch Pongee Silks in all the choice colors	39c
36-Inch Black Taffeta Silk	49c	19-Inch Colored Taffeta Silk	49c

You Can Save a Third to a Half On These Dress Goods Items

42-Inch Fancy Panama Voile, Value 75c, for 39c — 39c

42-Inch French Voile, Value 1.00, for 59c — 59c

54-Inch Broadcloth Flowveau, Value 2.00, for 69c — 69c

Fine Value for — 29c

Fine Taffetas at 50c a Yard — 50c

50c — 50c

Polonaise Twill for Jackets Value 75c — 25c

75c Black Dress Goods Marked at 39c — 39c

50c — 50c

Black Mohair Brilliantine, 54 Inches Wide, Value 1.00 — 69c

25c White Waisting for 12 1-2c

In the White Goods Dept. — 12½c

Wash Dress Goods — 19c

8c — 1.00

Silk Warp Henrietta — 25c

Women's 2-Clasp Suede Gloves

For 65c Instead of 1.50 a Pair — 65c

Mercerized Poplins — 25c

Mercerized Dress Muslins — 12c

Mercerized Dress Muslins — 12c

Many Odd Lots of Fancy Goods At Less Than Half — 98c

Toilet Goods — For Tomorrow Only — 25c

Leather Goods and Belts

Popular Corsets In New Spring Models — 1.00

Women's, Misses', Children's Outerwear Less Than Cost

The Biggest Mark-Down for Many Years in Winter Clothing

Quantities Are Exactly as Advertised

289 Pieces at $4.98, Former Prices $10.00 to $22.50

10 Tailor-Made Suits at $25.00 — 4.98

Women's Suits at $9.75, Former Prices $20.00 to $25.00 — 9.75

Skirts at $1.98 and $2.98, Former Prices from $3.50 to $5 — 1.98 and 2.98

Silk Shirt Waist Suits at $5.95 — 5.95

Misses' and Children's Dept.

Children's Wool Dresses Reduced — 2.95 — 4.95

Children's Wash Dresses Reduced — 49c — 6.75

Boys' Combination Suits

For Boys from 7 to 16 Years of Age — 2.98

75c Corduroy and Wool Knee Pants 29c — 1.98

For One More Week We Continue Our Dressmakers' Supply Sale

Many of These Goods on Special Counter New Soda Fountain

The same low prices for wash or other goods will be in force for a few days longer. Come to-morrow. Take advantage of the opportunity to buy your dress goods and silks at ridiculously low prices. Remember that we will not sell any of these goods after this week, but the same goods will be sold at regular prices

Waists Marked Away Down

All Winter Waists Half and Less — 69c — 98c

$5.00 Waists marked down to only 1.98
$6.00 Waists marked down to only 2.98
$7.00 Waists marked down to only 3.98

Bargains in the New Spring Waists, in Lawns, Linens, Silks and Laces

98c — 2.98

98c — 3.98

3.98 — 4.98

Another Lot of House Dresses Way Below Half Price

Muslin Underwear D.p.

House Dresses of Grass Linen, Etc. — 1.98

250 House Dresses at 49c and 98c — 1.49

250 House Dresses for 98c and 1.49 — 98c

Infants' and Children's Wear Marked Down Half and Less

12½c

Children's Lawn — 49c

French Cloth Hats — 1.98

Children's Husband Drawers — 49c

Children's Dresses — 98c

Children's Dresses — 98c

Art Embroideries

50c — 98c

25c

75c

12½c

Loom Ends of Ribbon Sale

19c

Wo... Winte... And W...

That...

Stat...

In J...

Astounding Bargains in Men's Suits and Overcoats

Here are Bona Fide Savings Up to Half

Men's Fine $10.00 and $12.50 Suits, Reduced to $5.00 — 5.00

Men's Fine $12.50 and $15.00 Suits for $7.50 — 7.50

Men's Suits and Pants Suits for $7.50 — 9.75 — 1.69

12.50 — 9.75

100 Men's Overcoats marked from $10.00 each to $5.00 — 5.00

Young Men's $10.00 and $12.00 Overcoats for $5.00 — 5.00

Great Lots Reduced to Sell — 9.75 — 9.65

Men's Furnishing Dept.

50c and 75c Laundered Percale Shirts for 25c — 25c

25c

49c — 25c

50c

69c — 50c

98c — 1.00

98c — 1.50

Men's Hose and Underwear

3000 Pairs Men's New Spring Half Hose Displayed for the First Time To-morrow

12½c — 25c

15c

35c

Men's 50c, 75c and $1.00 Underwear for 29c — 29c

50c

Our China Dept. Offers These Extraordinary Bargains:

Decorated Tinted Ware — 50c

Decorated Tinted Ware — 10c

Decorated Tinted Ware — 3c

Tinted Ware — 5c

Tinted Ware — 8c

Tinted Ware — 10c

Big Basement Bargains In Housefurnishing Dept.

85c

25c — 1.75

30c

69c — 2.25

49c and 59c — 19c

1.45 and 1.98

29c and 35c

38c and 45c — Free Coffee Monday — 19c

Curtains, Couch Covers, Portieres

Furniture Covering and Drapery Fabrics

Marked Lower Than You've Ever Seen Them Even Here

	5.00	7.50
4.50	7.50	50c
5.00	75c	
25c	79c	
10c	1.00	1.00
	1.50	1.50
12½c, 15c and 20c	69c	2.50
	2.50	1.00
	1.50	5.00
	3.50	69c
	4.50	

A Rousing Purchase and Sale of 500 Rolls Floor Oil Cloths At Half Price and Less

	Straw Matting	75c
15c	5.95	98c
19c	7.95	98c
25c	11.75	1.15
45c	39c	

In Linen Dept. — 15.00 Pattern Table Cloths at 7.50 — 7.50

In Lamp Dept. — 2.69 — 2.98

1.00 — 1.00

In Cotton Dept. — 9c Cotton for 6½c yd. — 6½c — 89c

Blanket Dept. — 2.00 Bed Spreads for 1.39 — 1.39

Atlantic Mills Sheets — 50c — 1.15

2.00 Comforables for 1.50 — 1.50

6.00 Blankets for 4.75 — 4.75

Picture Dept. — 15c

Men's Gloves — At 59c Instead of $1.00 — 59c

50c

Linoleum Proof Perfection — 75c

Linoleum Proof Perfection — 1.25

Men's Shoes

$3.00 and $3.50 Values for $2.25 — 2.25

1.95

1.48

1.48

Trunk & Bag Dept.

5.00

3.98

1.00

Mill End of WritingPaper — 18c

Playing Cards — 10c

STOCK MARKET HAS BROKEN RECORD.

Yesterday's Aggregate Sales of 1,258,000 Shares Is the Greatest for Saturday in the History of New York

NEW YORK CENTRAL IS FIRST IN SPECULATION

Millions Changed Hands on Railroad Deals, and Its Prices Jump More Points in Two Hours

MARKET WORKING INTO A FINE FRENZY.

The market ... worked up into a fine frenzy. Bear tallies[illegible] good deal ... in an exciting sensational way. The shorts ... engaged in a desperate battle for the control of Union Pacific ... they age to struggle over the fate to get the common people into ... immediate ... made from day to day by leading stocks ... the point ... at which ... the public has not come in ... Wall Street ... was last caught in a panic. Prices ... are moving ... long ... soon rise another, but a ... Yesterday ... to supply ... much longer. It can last. When ... Pacific ... New York Central, Pennsylvania and Canadian Pacific ... the ... with extraordinary ... in the market ... and ... speculation.

There seems no end to the money supply. The banks showed a gain in surplus yesterday of $5,741,650, and loans were reduced $14,730,700. Deposits decreased $12,751,000. The surplus now stands at $14,860,075. A year ago it was $32,156,200, and two years ago there was a surplus of only $5,951,900. The great decrease in deposits and loans is due to withdrawals by the trust companies, which have been making their own loans since the rate rose above 2 per cent.

There is [illegible] a state of nervousness that nearly all bankers and ... speculation will be checked on Monday when the ... loans amounting ... to the large ... mark. Sentiment is so strongly bull ...

Butte Rich in Copper.

Mamie[illegible] Director in B. Evan, of Anaconda fame, ... copper company, ... [illegible] ... for every ... cent ... last year ... per ton ... Anaconda ... Boston ... Butte ... of silver ... Tennessee ... month in ... the ... ore ... [illegible] ... Pennsylvania Came Next.

... Fruit Company's New Stock.

... Conservatives Are Wary.

The ... of late that the ... are beginning to ask ... market ... those who ... the end ... Trades ... stock ... enough ... date ... affair ... the public ... yet. ... making ... commissions, ... have ... effects ... [illegible] ... road situation, ... character. ... the railroad ... active ... is in ... remains ... Northern ...

Fight for Union Pacific.

The general ... the upward ... been due ... on one ... the other ... This ... The ... reason ... [illegible] ... effect ... is the ... possible ... stand ... be going ... I see ... that the ... stock ... A ... the ... [illegible] ... [illegible] ... [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON THEATRE

LAWRENCE McCARTY.....Lessee and Manager

HIGH CLASS ATTRACTIONS AT FAIR PRICES

25-35-50-75 ALL ORCHESTRA $1.00

LAST WEEK

OF THE LAUGHING SUCCESS

The Best New England Play Ever Written

QUINCY ADAMS SAWYER

ALL THE OLD FAVORITES. SAME BIG PRODUCTION

BUY YOUR TICKETS NOW, AS THEY ARE GOING FAST

TWO BIG SOUVENIR PERFORMANCES

Wednesday Afternoon and Evening, March 1st

49 Portraits of the Most Popular Actresses and Actors of the Day

TO-NIGHT

THE RECORD BREAKING SHOW

No Advance in Prices

ORCHESTRA AND BALCONIES (RESERVED) 25c

Few Front Seats 50c

NOTHING HIGHER!

EASILY THE BEST SHOW IN TOWN

Only Appearance of the Star of Two Continents

MAY YOHE

And Her Own All-Star Vaudeville Company Intact.

ST. ONGE BROTHERS — America's Premier Comedy Duo.

BROTHERS CARSON — Europe's Novelty Hand Balancers.

WAGNER SISTERS — Premier Operatic Artists.

MIDGE & MORTON — Refined Comedy Cyclists.

CARNEY & EVANS — Rev. Experts of Trick Comedy.

THE OLYMPIA — Novelty Juggling and Acrobatic Specialists.

HAL CLEMENTS — Funny Xylophonist.

BELLA & ADAMS — Classy Singing and Dancing Specialists.

LITTLE COMEDY DUO — Lightning Change Artists.

NOTE—Owing to the long run of "Quincy Adams Sawyer" at the Boston Theatre, the box office will open at 9 A. M. today. Tel. 722-4. Mail orders for the Big Show.

MONDAY, MARCH 6, SEASON OF

GRAND OPERA

With the Entire Company, Chorus, Ballet and Orchestra from the Metropolitan Opera House, New York.

Under the Direction of MR. HEINRICH CONRIED

REPERTOIRE:

Mon. Eve., Mar. 6 — Lucia di Lammermoor
Tues. Eve., Mar. 7 — Tosca
Wed. Eve., Mar. 8 — Siegfried
Thurs. Eve., Mar. 9 — Faust
Fri. Eve., Mar. 10 — Lohengrin
Sat. Mat., Mar. 11 — Die Walkure
Sat. Eve., Mar. 11 — Les Huguenots

Single Ticket Sale Tuesday, Feb. 28, at 9 A. M.

PRICES:

	Parquet.	Other Performances
Orchestra Circle	$3.00	$3.00
Balcony, 1st and 2d Rows	10.00	5.00
Balcony, 3d, 4, 5, 6 Rows	5.00	3.00
Second Balcony	3.50	2.00
Gallery	2.00	1.00

WEBER PIANOS USED

KEITH'S

WEEK OF FEB. 27, 1905

Doors Open at 1 P. M. Performance Continuous Until 10:30 P. M.

THE SENSATION OF THE VAUDEVILLE SEASON

Special and Positively Limited Engagement of the Foremost Character Comedian of the English Stage, the World Famous

ALBERT CHEVALIER

In Selections from His Repertoire

First Time Here. Will Not Appear Elsewhere in New England

The Dumonds — Trio of Talented Italian Street Singers and Musicians. First Time in 3 Years.

Trained Cats — A Troupe of Feline Actors and Acrobats, Trained by Herr Carl Tellow. First Time in Two Years.

Quinlan and Mack — In One of the Finest Black and Whitface Specialties of the Season. First Time Here.

Rice and Prevost — The Greatest Clown Comedian in the World and His Acrobatic Assistant. Positively Last Week.

The Huntings — Quartet of Eccentric Comedians, in "A Night in the Boat House." First Time Here.

John Birch — His Unique and Original Novelty Act. Made With the Hats. First Time Here.

Mr. and Mrs. Fisher — Presenting the Rural Comedy Sketch, "The Half Way House." First Time in a Year.

The Fraser Trio — Operatic Selections. First Time in 3 Years.

Lawrence Crane — Old Irish Man-tion and Dialectist. First Time This Season.

Owley and Randall — Expert Novelty and Comedy Jugglers. First Time in a Year.

Meakin, Lawrence — And Master Dale, in Sketch of Comedy, Singing and Dancing Specialties. First Time Here.

Lorraine and Gandy — "The Man with the Funny Legs and the Woman with the Big Head." First Time Here.

Leo Chick — Comedy Directist. Introducing a Merry New Years Greeting. First Time Here.

The Biograph — Cannot Be Exhibited Elsewhere.

Week of March 6: Prices 25c 35c 50c

JII JITSU. Presenting a Troupe of Japanese Acrobats and Wrestlers.

Reserved Seats

EMPIRE THEATRE

Formerly BOSTON MUSIC HALL

ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE

TWICE DAILY EVERY SEAT RESERVED

Doors Open at 1 and 7 P. M.

Matinees, 25c and 50c—Evenings, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c

WEEK OF FEB. 27

JOSEF YARRICK AND HIS

MAGIC KETTLE

The One Mystery of the Age.

Engagement Extraordinary — Toby Claude, "The Vest-Pocket Comedienne"

World's Only Act of Its Kind — La Troupe Carmen, Acrobatic Wire Performers

Return of the Favorites — Genaro & Bailey, Unrivalled Dancers and Singers

An Absolute Novelty — Rawson & June, Australian Boomerang Throwers

A New Comer, But a Good One — Julius Tannen, Monologist and Impersonator

A Great Pair of Fun Makers — Crawford & Manning, Grotesque Comedians

Something New in Harmony — Musical Bennetts, Black Art and Melody

Exceptionally Good This Week — Vitagraph, From Cairo to the Pyramids

Last Week But One of the Talented Actress

ISABELLE URQUHART

In the Sparkling Playlet, "Even Stephen"

TONIGHT—CONCERT

Box Office Open at 1 P. M.

LOTTIE VINCENT

A QUEEN OF QUEENS

RISE

AT THE OLD

HOWARD

THIS WEEK

FOOZOOMIN

ARABS

FRANK GARDINER AND LOUIE VINCENT

"WINNING A QUEEN"

THE CHARACTERS:

Clarence Rockefeller ..... Frank Gardiner
Jack Dalton ..... Louie Vincent
Bert Dawson ..... George Hamlin
Lord Hamilton ..... M. E. Perkins
Ralph Jones ..... Ralph Jones

HOWARD AND NORTH

RIO BROTHERS

PAULINE MORAN

POWERS BROTHERS

FRANKIE ST. JOHN AND JOHNNIE LE FEVRE

THE D'ELMARS

"HAPPY JACK" LYLE

CHARLEY FARRELL

CONNELLY AND ROWE

BILLY KINKAID

THE KINETOGRAPH

LIVE WIRES

THE BURLESQUE

GEO. B. ALEXANDER

SUSIE SMITHERS AND MARY WISE

ALWAYS SOMETHING DOING

1 TILL 11 P. M.

AT THE OLD

HOWARD

PHONE HAYMARKET 2000.

GLOBE

EVENINGS 25-50-75-1.00

BARGAIN MAT. WED. 25-50

POP. MAT. SAT. 25-50-75

ONE WEEK — BROADHURST AND CURRIE OFFER THE UNIQUE COMEDIAN

BEGINNING To-morrow Eve.

NAT. M. WILLS

IN THE SECOND EDITION OF THE BIG MUSICAL COMEDY

40 BEAUTY CHORUS — A SON OF REST — 60 CLEVER PEOPLE

THE SHOW YOU LIKED SO WELL LAST YEAR

NEXT WEEK—IN OLD KENTUCKY—SEATS NOW

TONIGHT GRAND CONCERT

Benefit Emergency Hospitals

25-50 Ticket Office Open Sunday 2 P. M.

THE ALL FEATURE SHOW TONIGHT, HEADED BY

HENRY LEE — Great Men Past and Present Accurately Pictured

Breaking Tableaux of Pres. Roosevelt, Secretary Taft, Cabinet, Admiral Dewey, W. Lawson, Mark Twain and others.

ROBIN — Comedy Juggler

THE WILSONS — Refined Comedy Singing and Dancing

SEWELL & STEELE — Singers and Eccentric Comedians

THE NEWSBOYS' TRIO — Singers and Eccentric Comedians

GLOBUS OPP — Novelty Comedy Acrobat

SCOTT & MARBLE — Comedy Sketch Artists

JULIA KINGSLEY & NELSON LEWIS — In the Latest Laugh-Maker, "After Lucile's Niece."

MAJESTIC THEATRE

EVES. AT 8

MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

A Jig-antic or Jig-gantic Jag of Joy, or would you say—"A Gigantic Gag of Gaiety?"

De Wolf HOPPER

SECOND AND LAST WEEK

In the New York Lyric Theatre Spectacular Revival of the Merry

WANG

With a Company of Seventy Artists — Including Marguerite Clark — Ada Deaves — Frank Belcher

NEXT WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 6, Return of the Favorites.

MR. F. C. WHITNEY announces a return engagement of two weeks of the Merry "Musical Cocktail,"

PIFF, PAFF, POUF

Same Big Metropolitan Company and the Original English Pony Ballet.

SEAT SALE TOMORROW, 9 A. M.

Grand Opera House

Few Doors Above Dover Street "L" Station. Tel. 1109 Tremont.

BLAIR & WILBUR and MAGEE, Proprietors. GEO. W. MAGEE, Manager

EVE'GS at 8. Prices: Orchestra 30c, 50c, 75c. Bal. 30c, 50c. Fam. Cir. 20c

Matinees Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2

SPECIAL PRICES MATINEES, ORCHESTRA 30c., 50c.

Family Circle 20c.

Hear the Rube Quartette

10—Big Specialties—10

Commencing Tomorrow Night—The New Melo-dramatic Farce Comedy

Her First False Step

SEE The Daring Bank Robbery—The Exciting Race for Life—The Explosion of a Naphtha Launch—The Thrilling Rescue of a Child From a Den of Lions.

BRING THE CHILDREN TO THE LION FEEDING RECEPTIONS BY LITTLE DOROTHY at the MATINEE.

NEXT WEEK—Lottie Williams in "Only a Shop Girl"

CASTLE SQ. THEATRE

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Castle Square Theatre Dramatic Stock Co.

WEEK OF FEB. 27.

HALL CAINE'S GREATEST PLAY,

The Eternal City

All the Scenery from Liebler & Co.

Matinee Prices 15c., 25c., 50c.

Evening Prices 15c., 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c.

Seats 2 and 8 P. M. Open 1.00 and 7.30. Box Office open 8 A. M. to 10.00 P. M. Sunday Matinee souvenir Bonbons.

March 6—THE MAGISTRATE.

PARK THEATRE

TOMORROW NIGHT AT 7:45

Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2

DANIEL FROHMAN WILL PRESENT

CECILIA LOFTUS

IN

ISRAEL ZANGWILL'S COMEDY

The Serio-Comic Governess

TO-NIGHT

300

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MUSICIANS

PROTECTIVE ASS'N CHARITABLE FUND

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New England's Greatest Musical Event

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LITTLE EGYPT'S OWN Burlesquers

DAILY MATS. 10c, 25c

EVGS. 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c

SMOKING ALLOWED

TONIGHT BIGGEST AND BEST SHOW IN TOWN

"A Scream" PAT WHITE

"Life in the Wild West" AND "Mixing Things Up"

Harry Hastings AND Viola Sheldon IN "THE ELOPERS"

DAILY MATS. 10c, 25c

EVGS. 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c

SMOKING ALLOWED

TONIGHT Columbia Benevolent Soc'y

10c 15c, 25c Nothing Higher

For Amusement News and Notes, See Pages 24 and 26.

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Pitts Kimball Co.

THE Under-Price Department Store of Boston

Undermuslins Sale Of Vast Importance

WE HAVE just purchased the entire remaining stock of one of the largest and best manufacturers of popular priced Undermuslins in this country, and will place it on sale without reserve, on

Monday, February 27th (To-morrow)

We bought these goods at practically our own price—a price which will enable us to offer without question,

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The stock includes all the latest and best novelties in Gowns, Chemises, Corset Covers, Drawers and Skirts. Some elaborately trimmed, others of the simpler styles, are well made and all of this season's manufacture. Every garment is marked at a special price, in most cases representing a saving of fully one-half.

Night Robes, 39c.

NIGHT ROBES—Empire style, revers of fine embroidery, fronts of tucking and 1 row of embroidery, with ribbon to tie. Our Price 39c

NIGHT ROBES—V or high necks, yoke of solid work, embroidery, cluster of tucks ... Our Price 39c

NIGHT ROBES—V or high necks, yoke of fine tucking with embroidery ... Our Price 39c

NIGHT ROBES—V necks, trimmed with 2 rows of torchon lace, worth ... Our Price 39c

Night Robes, 49c.

NIGHT ROBES—V or high necks, yoke of fine tucking, insertion of embroidery between cluster of pin tucks, fine tucking, worth ... Our Price 49c

CHEMISE NIGHT ROBES—Low neck, trimmed with embroidery and ribbon ... Our Price 49c

NIGHT ROBES—V necks, yokes have four Val. insertions, neck trimmed with beautiful lace, bottom of skirt ruffle trimmed, worth ... Our Price 49c

NIGHT ROBES—V or high yokes have 2 rows of embroidery between 3 rows of pin tucks, neck and sleeves edged with embroidery worth 75c. Our Price 49c

NIGHT ROBES—Revere yoke two insertions of Val. lace, same in bottom of skirt, neck and sleeves edged with embroidery, tucking, ribbon drawn through, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 49c

NIGHT ROBES—Square neck, front and sides have embroidery insertion between beautiful tucks, bottom of skirt trimmed with ruffle to match, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

Night Robes, 75c.

NIGHT ROBES—Yoke with eight embroidery insertions between 18 beautiful tucks, neck and sleeves edged with embroidery, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

NIGHT ROBES—Mammoth collar, yoke has 10 rows of pin tucks with 10 rows of Val. insertion between, neck and sleeves edged with embroidery, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

NIGHT ROBES—Square neck, sides have insertion of embroidery with ribbon to draw, neck and sleeves edged with embroidery, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

Night Robes, 98c.

CHEMISE NIGHT ROBES—Nainsook round necks trimmed with three rows of Torchon lace and edge of same, lace to match, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

CHEMISE NIGHT ROBES—Mu[illegible] ... Our Price 98c

CHEMISE NIGHT ROBES—Square neck and front of [illegible] ... Our Price 98c

NIGHT ROBES—[illegible] ... Our Price 98c

Kimonos, 19c.

LAWN KIMONOS—White [illegible] ... Our Price 19c

Night Robes, 25c.

NIGHT ROBES—V necks, yokes of all-over hemstitched tucking, ruffle of 4th tuck and sleeves, worth 50c ... Our Price 25c

NIGHT ROBES—V necks, yokes of pin tucks, ruffle trimmed, worth 39c ... Our Price 25c

White Skirts, 39c.

WHITE SKIRTS—Cambric flounce with hemstitched hem, under flounce, worth 75c ... Our Price 39c

WHITE SKIRTS—Cambric flounce trimmed with wide edge of torchon lace worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

White Skirts, 49c.

WHITE SKIRTS—Flounce has two insertions and edge of American Lace, Under Flounce, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

WHITE SKIRTS—Umbrella-shaped flounce with edge of embroidery, tucks between, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

White Skirts, 59c.

WHITE SKIRTS—Deep flounce with two insertions and edge of black puffed lace, under flounce, worth $1 ... Our Price 59c

WHITE SKIRTS—Umbrella flounce tucked and edged with fancy lace, under flounce, worth $1 ... Our Price 59c

White Skirts, 75c.

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with 2 tucks, ruffle 5 tucks and Torchon lace, under flounce with ruffle worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with five hemstitched tucks, wide edge of embroidery on bias, under flounce with ruffle worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with one wide insertion of Val. lace and fine ruffle, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with two wide insertions of black torchon lace and tucked ruffle, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

White Skirts, 98c.

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with three rows of insertion, between 3 tucks, 3 tucks at bottom, all headed with embroidery, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

WHITE SKIRTS—Cambric flounce of fine cross bar muslin, with 2 rows of insertion and 2 tucks, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with 3 rows of insertion, 3 tucks, 3 rows of Torchon lace, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with 3 rows of insertion, 3 tucks, 3 rows of Torchon lace, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with two rows of insertion, 3 tucks, 3 rows of Torchon lace, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with 3 rows of insertion, 3 tucks, 3 rows of Torchon lace, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

White Skirts, 1.25

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce with wide insertion of embroidery, under flounce, ruffle of 12-inch Swiss embroidery, worth $1.75 ... Our Price 1.25

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce tucked, deep ruffle of 12-inch Swiss embroidery, set full, worth $2.00 ... Our Price 1.25

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two rows of Val. insertion, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $1.50 ... Our Price 1.25

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of Torchon lace, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $1.50 ... Our Price 1.25

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of Torchon lace, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $1.50 ... Our Price 1.25

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of Torchon lace, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $1.50 ... Our Price 1.25

White Skirts, 1.49

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce tucked, deep ruffle of 12-inch Swiss embroidery, set full, worth $2.00 ... Our Price 1.49

WHITE SKIRTS—Deep flounce with insertions of fine Cambric Embroidery, under flounce, worth $2.00 ... Our Price 1.49

White Skirts, 1.98

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of new butterfly embroidery, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $3.00 ... Our Price 1.98

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of fine Cambric Embroidery, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $3.00 ... Our Price 1.98

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of fine Cambric Embroidery, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $3.00 ... Our Price 1.98

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WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of fine Cambric Embroidery, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $3.00 ... Our Price 1.98

WHITE SKIRTS—Lawn flounce has two insertions of fine Cambric Embroidery, tucks between, and edged with fine ruffle, worth $3.00 ... Our Price 1.98

WHITE SKIRTS—Umbrella flounce has ruffle of 12-inch Swiss embroidery, set full, worth $3.00 ... Our Price 1.98

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These are the latest models of the famous R & G. designed to give the *Tapering Waist*-line which the spring fashions make imperative.

All styles and sizes in high and low bust.

Prices $1.00 to $3.00

Corset Covers, 19c.

CORSET COVERS—[illegible] ... Our Price 19c

CORSET COVERS—French [illegible] ... Our Price 19c

CORSET COVERS—Low neck and short sleeves, [illegible] ... Our Price 19c

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, square neck with two rows of embroidery, [illegible] ... Our Price 19c

Corset Covers, 25c.

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, low neck, trimmed with ribbon drawn beading, back and front ... Our Price 25c

CORSET COVERS—French, two insertions of torchon lace across fronts, neck and arms [illegible] ... Our Price 25c

CORSET COVERS—French, three insertions across front of [illegible] neck and arms trimmed with embroidery, worth 50c ... Our Price 25c

CORSET COVERS—French neck, back and front edged with embroidery and ribbon drawn beading, worth 39c ... Our Price 25c

CORSET COVERS—Low neck, front have six Val. lace insertions, neck and arms lace edge, worth 50c ... Our Price 25c

CORSET COVERS—Yoke of eight insertions of Val. lace, neck trimmed with lace and ribbon drawn beading, worth 50c ... Our Price 25c

CORSET COVERS—Neck trimmed with bow-knot lace insertion and edge, and wide ribbon drawn through beading, worth 50c ... Our Price 25c

Corset Covers, 39c.

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, French neck, has insertion of [illegible] ... Our Price 39c

CORSET COVERS—Low neck and back and front with insertion and ribbon beading, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

CORSET COVERS—Low neck with embroidery insertions, edge and ribbon drawn beading, back and front, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

CORSET COVERS—New French yoke of ribbon drawn, embroidery, neck and sleeves edged with [illegible] ... Our Price 39c

Corset Covers, 49c.

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, low neck trimmed back and front with insertions and edge of [illegible] ... Our Price 49c

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, square necks with two rows of insertion, embroidery, and ribbon beading, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, low neck trimmed with [illegible] ... Our Price 49c

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, square neck trimmed with two rows of Ruffled Ruching and edge of Val. lace set in [illegible] ... Our Price 49c

CORSET COVERS—Nainsook, low neck trimmed with insertions of small [illegible] ... Our Price 49c

Drawers, 19c.

DRAWERS—Cambric ruffle with three tucks, hemstitch [illegible] ... Our Price 19c

DRAWERS—Deep ruffle edged with fine torchon lace ... Our Price 19c

Drawers, 25c.

DRAWERS—Ruffle trimmed with insertion and edge of Val. lace ... Our Price 25c

DRAWERS—Ruffle trimmed with insertion and edge of torchon lace, worth 35c ... Our Price 25c

Drawers 25c

DRAWERS—Ruffle trimmed with edge of embroidery, worth 39c ... Our Price 25c

DRAWERS—Ruffle trimmed with tucks and beading above ruffle, worth 39c ... Our Price 25c

DRAWERS—Ruffle trimmed with beading and edge of hemstitched tucks, worth 50c ... Our Price 25c

DRAWERS—Ruffle trimmed with three rows of wide black pattern Cambric lace, worth 39c ... Our Price 25c

DRAWERS—Ruffle has five hemstitched tucks and insertion of torchon lace, worth 39c ... Our Price 25c

Drawers, 39c.

DRAWERS—Ruffle has four hemstitched tucks and deep edge of embroidery, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

DRAWERS—Ruffle has insertion of edge of Val. lace between two rows of tucks, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

DRAWERS—Deep ruffle of Swiss embroidery with tucks above, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

DRAWERS—Ruffle has two clusters of tucks with wide edge of embroidery, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

DRAWERS—Ruffle made of a six-inch edge of embroidery, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

DRAWERS—Ruffle of Swiss ruffle with scallop of hemstitched tucks, worth 50c ... Our Price 39c

Drawers 49c.

DRAWERS—Ruffle has insertion and edge of new butterfly lace with tucks and hemstitching above, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

DRAWERS—With four hemstitched tucks and ruffle edged with wide Cambric lace, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

DRAWERS—Ruffle hemstitched to drawers ruffle tucked with wide edge of new pattern lace, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

DRAWERS—Ruffle has four hemstitched tucks with edge of new English button embroidery, worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

DRAWERS—Trimmed above ruffle with pin at [illegible] tucks, ruffle the same with edge of [illegible] ... Our Price 49c

DRAWERS—Deep ruffle with two insertions and edge of Val. lace and tucks; worth 75c ... Our Price 49c

Drawers 75c.

DRAWERS—Nainsook ruffle, two insertions and edge of beautiful lace, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

DRAWERS—Nainsook ruffle trimmed with several rows of [illegible] tucks, worth $1.00 ... Our Price 75c

Drawers 98c

DRAWERS—Nainsook ruffle has two insertions and edge of Fine Thread with tucks above, worth $1.25 ... Our Price 98c

DRAWERS—Above ruffle tucked with wide insertion of embroidery, ruffle tucked at [illegible] with embroidery, worth $1.50 ... Our Price 98c

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Bright, Crisp, Accurate, It Chronicles Events of Moment in Boston on the Date of Their Occurrence, Making It Unnecessary for the Reader to Wait for a Morning Paper Before He Knows What Happened the Day Before. Its Sporting News, Editorial and Magazine Pages, With Other Special Features, Combine With Its News Columns to Form an Evening Newspaper Which Has Hopelessly Distanced All Competitors in General Excellence.

BOSTON AMERICAN
PART TWO.
SUNDAY

HEARST'S
BOSTON AMERICAN
THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER
AND NEW YORK JOURNAL.
BOSTON, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1905.

NEW YORK JOURNAL
PART TWO.
SUNDAY

CRIMES OF STANDARD OIL TRUST LAID BARE BY MISS TARBELL IN THE AMERICAN

IT MAKES HIM SMILE.

HAS PLUNDERED PUBLIC FOR 30 YEARS.

In Series of Remarkable Articles She Proves How the Giant Monopoly Is a Conspiracy in Restraint of Trade

MAY BE A WITNESS FOR GOVERNMENT

MISS TARBELL TELLS OF CRIMES OF STANDARD OIL

By Ida M. Tarbell.

I have been asked [illegible] BOSTON AMERICAN [illegible] to tell in a few words the story of the Standard Oil Company. I have spent [illegible] in the study of [illegible] and I find [illegible] Standard Oil Company has been built [illegible] Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

1. I believe that the Standard Oil Company is to-day, and that it has been for many years, a conspiracy in restraint of trade.

2. I believe that the Standard Oil Company to-day [illegible] and that it has for thirty years [illegible] an unjust tax on the people of this country.

3. I believe that the Standard Oil Company to-day [illegible] has been for thirty years a chief obstacle to the free development of American commerce.

I look on the Standard Oil Company as a great [illegible] because for thirty years [illegible] deliberately and [illegible] ruin or [illegible] itself every [illegible] tempted to withstand.

It has accomplished this

Its Methods.

First By entering [illegible] with railroads to prevent [illegible] from getting the same rates of freight as those that it enjoyed.

Second By preventing [illegible] from getting the [illegible] other roads of a kind.

Third By [illegible] were secured

First By spying on the [illegible] ing them to the lowest [illegible] frightening the [illegible] their orders.

Fourth By waging relentless war on [illegible] who dared [illegible] selling oil for [illegible] were put out [illegible] higher than [illegible] the cost of the [illegible]

These methods [illegible] hands. And they are [illegible] history.

To-day the Standard Oil Company [illegible] take its place in [illegible] the Wealth [illegible] the Standard Oil [illegible] dependent [illegible] this by a direct [illegible] ulation of refined [illegible] points, which [illegible] fourteen [illegible] and Standard [illegible] All of this [illegible] interstate [illegible]

To-day the Standard Oil Company [illegible] operates [illegible] over a [illegible] By [illegible] engineers of [illegible] ships of [illegible] easy [illegible] the refined [illegible] are [illegible]

In Absolute Control.

To-day [illegible] Company can [illegible] any [illegible] time [illegible] to give [illegible] any [illegible] Standard [illegible] Standard [illegible] fights it [illegible] Standard [illegible] of [illegible] of [illegible] Standard [illegible] Standard [illegible] Standard

PARIS PRELATE CONFESSES HE IS A FREEMASON DUBLIN SEUMAS MacMANUS DISCUSSES LORD CURZON ST. PETERSBURG RUSSIA AROUSED OVER GORKY'S IMPRISONMENT LONDON

FRENCH BISHOP HAD JOINED THE FREEMASONS.

Prelate Confesses to Pope He Was a Member of Organization When He Was Confronted With the Proofs

DESIGNS PROMPTLY TO AVERT SCANDAL

By the Marquis de Castellane.

Special Cable to Sunday American.
Copyright, 1905, by American Journal Examiner.

Paris, Feb. 25.—France has produced a Prince Talleyrand. Such a thing has never been suspected before and it required for this to produce such a phenomenon as Monsignor Bishop of Dijon, who was ordained with this famous name.

Such is the main character of the discovery is the fact that its author is the most part believe in the case for the local, and they are in high esteem of all high minded men.

It is known by what means Bishop Le Nordez succeeded in this fraternity came to be known, but what I have learned from the lips of one of the most prominent cardinals is the manner in which the bishop came to confess. When the matter was first discovered before His Holiness Pope Pius X. protested against what he termed a calumny, and it was directed by the Italian cardinals. Are you quite sure?" Pope Pius X. said, quietly, "would it not be well to ask the very man if there is any truth in the Bishop's hand in this?" The prelate, finding himself confronted with the document had indeed signed it.

However the Vatican was willing, to relieve the matter as much as possible, and it was decided that Monsignor Le Nordez should be given an opportunity to confess.

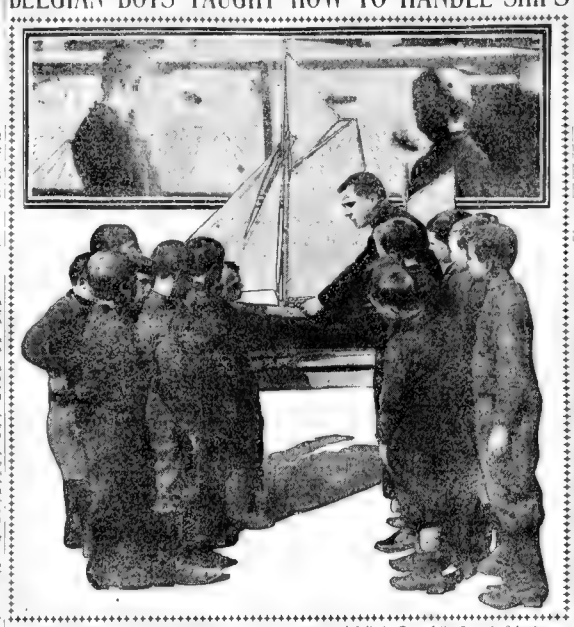
Comtesse de Biron Dead.

The Comtesse de Biron, who has been for many years at the head of artistic circles in Paris, died yesterday. She was the daughter of the famous Marshal Bazaine, who was convicted of treason after the Franco-Prussian war. Her husband, the Marquis de Biron, is the head of the Duval family.

Prince's Debts Nearly Paid.

It is announced that about ten millions of francs, the total debts of the late Prince Napoleon, have been settled by the heirs. Everybody who has been to Rome knows this unhappy story. What is left of the Bonaparte family is now in England.

BELGIAN BOYS TAUGHT HOW TO HANDLE SHIPS



Belgian Fisherboys Taking Their First Lesson in Masts and Sails in One of the Brussels Schools.

EARLY LESSONS FOR THEM IN MASTS AND SAILS.

Youngsters Look Forward to the Time When They Can Build Vessels and Captain Them on Ocean Voyages

Brussels, Belgium, Feb. 25.—Boys in this country are taught the art of building and handling ships even after they enter the public schools. Below a group of the boys bow to manage the big sailboat in the Canal Charleroi.

The instructor is demonstrating to the boys how to manage the big sailboat, which country he saw in his

SEUMAS MacMANUS TELLS OF EMPIRE MAKERS' TROUBLES

Lord Curzon's Failure in Thibet Illustrates Difficulties in Way of Ambitious Englishmen.

BY SEUMAS MacMANUS.

Special Cable to Sunday American.
Copyright, 1905, by American Journal Examiner.

Dublin, Feb. 25.—Lately meeting in a [illegible] with one of the most active leaders in the Irish movement, I asked him what he thought of Lord Curzon's Thibet expedition. He answered that he considered it a pair of boots. The Punch cartoon is in full color with human property.

Marie Corelli Wroth.

Miss Marie Corelli is exceedingly wroth that Andrew Carnegie has profusted Stratford-on-Avon by erecting a Carnegie library at it.

Miss Corelli has of late years taken to [illegible] Avon [illegible] Shakespeare's memory [illegible] Avon, she has been very hostile to the people [illegible] Shakespeare by [illegible] bringing the Shakespeare by [illegible]

That success for Avon [illegible] drawing to [illegible] Avon [illegible] Shakespeare [illegible] Avon [illegible] Shakespeare [illegible] Avon [illegible] Shakespeare

BERLIN GERMAN PRESS SCORES THE MONROE DOCTRINE LONDON TWO WEDDINGS INTEREST THE AMERICAN COLONY EDINBURGH RICH GOLD MINE FOUND IN SCOTLAND NICE

OUR PATIENCE ASTONISHES GERMANS.

Submission to Corporations Such as Standard Oil Is Incomprehensible to People Who Own Their Monopolies

PRESS SHARPLY SCORES THE MONROE DOCTRINE

By Malcolm Clarke.

Special Cable to Sunday American.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—The German people are more interested than ever in what happens in the United States, or perhaps it would be more correct to say that they are very much interested in the doings of President Roosevelt.

The German press never gets tired of finding resemblances between the most typical American President since the days of Lincoln and the Kaiser. His action in shelving the agreements with European Powers after the rebuke which the Senate intended to administer is warmly lauded here, as is his evident sole efforts of curbing the trusts.

It seems absolutely absurd to the average German that the free American people allow all genuine reforms trotting to further the welfare of the masses to be hindered by a body of Senators, eminently owned by the corporations.

"People Most Patient."

But of all the people on earth," says a prominent Berlin paper, "the people of the United States are the most patient. One has only to read the American papers to see how public affairs are managed in the United States, so people of other lands would not stand it for a single day. Every [illegible] working man pays tribute to the Standard Oil Company. . . . I never have spoken in Germany, where a real republic can not be rewarded away from us, as owned by the people. The efforts of Washington are engaged in an endless hopeless fight to shake off the yoke which the corporations have put upon it, while here in Germany the most reactionary curtails the rights and liberties of the people. For years efforts have been made in the United States to pass a pure food law. . . . Such a law is now in course of preparation, but what a long struggle it has been! Germany would be the first country to pass such a law, but it would be the last to see it properly carried out. . . . The Standard Oil Company has been allowed to [illegible] in Germany, while

HOW THE BIG BASEBALL CLUBS ARE PREPARED FOR COMING SEASON

More New Faces Will Be Seen in National League Than in the American.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

BOSTON.

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CLEVELAND

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DETROIT.

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NATIONAL LEAGUE.

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CINCINNATI.

BROOKLYN.

BOSTON.

ST. LOUIS.

PHILADELPHIA.

BAT NELSON WILL BET ON HIMSELF TO BEST 'YOUNG CORBET.'

Little Dane Sure of Victory Tuesday, but Denver Boy Has Trained Faithfully, and May Turn the Tables This Time.

Special to the Sunday American.

LITTLE FIGHTERS READY.

"Young Corbett and Battling Nelson are in fine trim for their bout in Frisco Tuesday night. "Corbett" was "snapped" while out hunting recently for the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN, and here is the result. The lower photo shows Nelson ready for battle.

MANAGER ROGERS BUSY PLANNING FOR THE TRIP OF NATIONALS SOUTH

Tenneyites and Detroit Tigers to Meet at Charleston Nexth Month.

I CURE MEN

MY BEST REFERENCE IS. NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED.

DR. E. B. HERRICK MEDICAL COMPANY

37 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

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Guarantee of NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED

SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT

VARICOCELE

HYDROCELE

STRICTURE

SPECIFIC BLOOD POISON

NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY

PRIVATE DISEASES

ASSOCIATE DISEASES

CONSULTATION AND ADVICE FREE

DR. E. B. HERRICK MEDICAL CO. 37 TREMONT ST. BOSTON, MASS.

Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 1 only. X-RAY examination FREE.

LEOMINSTER A. A. WILL HOLD FAIR

MOTT HAVEN GAMES WILL BE HELD IN PHILADELPHIA.

PHIL FINCH IS FIRST IN FEATURE RACE AT NEW ORLEANS.

Special to the Boston American.

DORCHESTER BOYS TO HOLD GAMES

JENKINS-PARR MATCHED.

B. A. A. BOXING SHOW.

Walthour to Run Race to Start Fight With N. C. A.

Suspended Pace Followers Will First Show Their Hand in Atlanta.

AMATEUR BOXERS WILL COMPETE IN A. A. U. CHAMPS.

HOW THEY RAN AT PANAMA TRACK

Special to the Sunday American.

DUFFEY WINS IN MELBOURNE

TIGERS NEED PLAYERS.

FOR MEN

Strong Vacuum Appliance

SOLD ON TRIAL

STERWA CO 9 Cambridge St. Room 201 E. Boston

THE $1.00 DOCTOR MEN MY FEE IS $1.00

69 DARTMOUTH STREET BOSTON

Between Tremont St. and Columbus Ave

J. P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the possessor of his manhood take Astro Pills. One box is will tell a story of marvelous results. Thousands have been restored to health, vitality, from the very lowest form of nervous debility, by their use. Both by mail in plain package and on receipt of this ad. and $1.

Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

AUTOMOBILES MAKING PLANS FOR BIG LOCAL SHOW BASEBALL NEWS AND GOSSIP OF ALL THE LEAGUES BOWLING HOW THE BIG LEAGUES STAND ATHLETICS

ALLSTON BOWLERS ARE STILL THE LEADERS IN BOSTON TOURNEY

Coming Week May Possibly See Changes in Some of the Big Leagues.

BY TEN STRIKE.

INTER COUNTY LEAGUE.

GREATER BOSTON LEAGUE.
STANDING OF TEAMS AND PIN RECORD.

NEWSPAPER LEAGUE.
TEAM STANDING AND PIN RECORD.

TRUST COMPANY LEAGUE.
TEAM STANDING AND PIN RECORD.

BOSTON INTERCLUB LEAGUE
TEAM STANDING.

COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.
TEAM STANDING AND PIN RECORD.

MYSTIC VALLEY LEAGUE.
TEAM STANDING AND PIN RECORD.

MERCANTILE LEAGUE.

PAPER TRADE LEAGUE.
TEAM STANDING AND PIN RECORD.

BOSTON ELEVATED LEAGUE
TEAM STANDING AND PIN RECORD.

SAM LANGFORD WILL BE SEEN IN CHELSEA

PAPER TRADE MATCHES.

ANSON FOR CITY CLERK.

KEELER "ON DUTY" WITH HARVARD CANDIDATES.

This photograph was taken by a BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN photographer outside of the Harvard baseball cage. It shows Coach Keeler examining the injured finger of C. J. Stevens, one of the candidates for the varsity nine.

HYDE PARK BOYS EASY WINNERS

BROWN BOYS WIN TEAM RACE FROM TUFTS RUNNERS.

SPEEDWAY DRIVERS NOT BAFFLED BY SOFT ROADWAY.

Henneberry, the Harvard Flyer, First in the Thirty-five-Yard Dash at the Lawrence Light Guard Games in Meffert

Gen. Miles, John Shepard and All the Veterans Enjoy Exciting Brushes With Their Fast Steppers, Despite Wet Go

Brown Beats Tufts

Two for Lazzero.

Team Race.

General Miles Beaten

Big Foreign Autos Will Be Seen in Local Show

LANGLEY WINS A PRIZE.

Yale Crews Kept Indoors Late This Year Owing to Ice in Harbor

Most Famous Men

Say, All Young Men Should Marry And Raise Families---Are YOU In Condition To Do So?

MEN IF DISEASED OR IN TROUBLE, CALL ON ME AT ONCE. MY GUARANTEE FOR A PERFECT CURE IS, PAY ME WHEN CURED. YOU TO BE THE JUDGE. I am the pion

FIRST CURE YOU, THEN YOU PAY ME NO CHARGE FOR MEDICINES

DR. COLLINS

HAVE YOU ANY SYMPTOMS OR DISEASES?

you need not pay one dollar until cured.

DR. COLLINS Medical Inst. 11 Berwick Park,

Consultation Free

Strictly Private

313 DR. LOUGEST Columbus Avenue, BOSTON, MASS.

Next Back Bay Station

BILLION DOLLAR THEFT PLOT BY STANDARD OIL IN KANSAS EXPOSED

Billion Dollar Theft From Kansas Oil Producers the Appalling Plan of the Standard Oil Monopoly, Says Ex-Attorney General Monnett of Ohio, the Famous Trust Fighter

Of the 230,000,000 barrels of oil in sight in 10 years the Standard Oil proposes to give to the rightful owners 25,000,000 barrels and to pay them but 70 cents a barrel. This would leave for themselves the gross sum of $308,250,000, more than 50 per cent. of which is clear profit. The total value of the prospective output is a billion of dollars.

"Were it not a Republican form of Government, where popular vote could express the sentiment of the State through its representatives in a general assembly, the bloody riots of the Kremlin would be justified on the historical soil of Bleeding Kansas," says Attorney General Monnett.

STUPENDOUS STEAL, SAYS MONNETT.

Continued from Page 13.

Hard-Headed Farmers Aghast.

Kansas Ready for the Onslaught.

Pipe Lines Not Excluded.

Cannot Dodge the Issue.

Standard Oil Controls Rates of Transportation

By Ida M. Tarbell.

The Noted Author Who Made an Exhaustive Investigation of the Standard Oil Trust.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 25.—In my judgment the Standard Oil Company ought to develop clearly the fact that that organization controls practically the entire system of transportation on which the oil industry depends.

Their system is composed of nearly 40,000 miles of pipe lines, doing an interstate business. The pipes are not under the Interstate Commerce Commission, and on good with railroads to keep up p...

For forty-five years the cost of transporting oil in pipes were less than ... Parties attempting to do an independent refining business pay four to six times as much for transporting oil as the Standard refiners pay.

The Standard ... refuse to carry oil at all as it is doing now in Kansas. ... can dictate the amount of the crude product it will allow the independent refiners to use, as it has been doing for two years with certain independent refiners of Ohio and Pennsylvania.

The first aim of this inquiry should be to find out the precise relation of transportation by pipe lines and railroads to the Standard Oil Company. The pipes should be declared common carriers, put under the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the company forbidden to pool with railroads.

Higher prices to outside refiners than those paid by the Standard refiners in the final accounting should be made a criminal offence in granting or taking railroad rebates.

COURSE OF THIS PRINCE'S LOVE RUNS SMOOTH.

Kaiser Deprecates Rumors of Quarrel Between the Young Royal Couple, Which, He Declares, Are All Untrue.

TELLS WHY HE CAUSED SON TO RETURN HOME

RUNAWAY BRIDE IS MADE WELCOME IN SPRINGFIELD BY BRIDEGROOM'S FAMILY

RECEPTION IN HER HONOR BY HER MOTHER-IN-LAW.

Forgiveness by Her Family for Her Romantic Match Is Expected by Friends, Who Are Charmed by Her

Mrs. Jesse Gould Dav, runaway bride of Springfield man, who has charmed the society set in that city

OKLAHOMA BILL BACKS UP KANSAS IN THE OIL FIGHT

PUTS SHOT IN HIS BRAIN IN CROWDED PLAYHOUSE.

"BUG CHASERS" GO ON STRIKE AT LAWRENCE.

JOHN F. FALVEY, OF SOUTH BOSTON, DEAD

WAR ON TRUST BY CONGRESS GIVEN FRESH IMPETUS

SAYS KANSAS WILL FIGHT STANDARD OIL TO A FINISH

THE KING OF BLOOD PURIFIERS SSS

In every collection of things there is a superior, one that stands above all the rest and is known as the best, or king of its class. By its record of forty years of cures S. S. S. has demonstrated its superiority over all other blood purifiers and is known and recognized everywhere as the best—The King of Blood Purifiers. The people everywhere endorse it, and there are few homes where the great remedy is not known and used, and today there are thousands in all parts of the country who have been cured of diseases by its use and who are daily recommending it to those who are in need of a blood purifier. It has held the confidence of the public for this long period of time, and is more in favor now than ever before, because it does all that is claimed for it, and "S. S. S. for the blood" has grown to be a household saying.

One of its greatest claims to the title of "The King of Blood Purifiers" is that it is purely vegetable, being made entirely from roots, herbs and barks of the forests and fields, selected for their purifying and healing action on the blood and their fine tonic properties for building up and strengthening the entire system. Not so with the usual blood medicines, for they contain Potash and other strong mineral ingredients that derange the stomach and digestion, and otherwise damage the health.

Bad blood is responsible for most of the ailments of mankind. When from any cause the Liver, Kidneys, Bowels or other organs of bodily waste become torpid, dull or sluggish in their action, and fail to carry out the poisons which are being constantly formed in the system, these poisons are absorbed by the blood. As this vital fluid is the very life of the body, nourishing and supplying strength to every muscle, nerve, bone and tissue, disease in some form is sure to follow when it becomes contaminated.

Gentlemen—My opinion of S. S. S. is that every bottle is worth its weight in gold. It has been used extensively in our family, given both young and old, and always with the best results. It thoroughly cleanses the blood of all impurities, at the same time it builds up the general health, gives appetite, strength and energy. We have given it to our children as instructed, and found it to be non-injurious to the system and always capable of purifying the blood and restoring health. It is superior to everything else as a cure for blood diseases.

Schuylkill Haven, Pa. MRS. CLARA DAUBERT.

Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Pimples, Boils, etc., while they show on the skin, have an underlying cause which is far deeper—a poisoned blood supply—and until this is corrected and the blood made pure and strong, the distressing itching and burning as well as the disfiguring, humiliating symptoms will remain to torment the sufferer. No amount of salves, washes, skin foods, rouge, etc., can reach the trouble; a real blood remedy is required. S. S. S. cures these and all other skin diseases, and when it has cleansed the blood of the poisons and impurities the cure is permanent and lasting. Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula, Chronic Sores or Ulcers and Contagious Blood Poison are all deep-seated blood diseases. When the blood becomes contaminated with the poisons producing these diseases, the entire circulation grows polluted and vitiated, and these painful and dangerous diseases will continue to grow worse and more dangerous until this vital fluid is cleansed of all impurities and made strong and healthy again.

In all these disorders S. S. S. has proved itself a perfect remedy, and has well earned the title of "The King of Blood Purifiers." It goes down into the blood and forces out all poisons of every kind, all waste and foreign matter, and makes it pure and health-sustaining as nature intended, curing the disease permanently. Nothing reaches inherited blood taint or old chronic troubles like S. S. S., and being a strictly vegetable remedy it can be taken by old or young without fear of bad after-effects or injury in any way to the system. Not only is S. S. S. a blood purifier and system builder of the highest order, but a tonic and appetizer without an equal, and is unexcelled in cases of general debility, loss of appetite, weakness, that tired, run-down condition, lack of energy and force, and other distressing complaints common to Spring and Summer months.

If you have any blood trouble write us about it, stating the case fully, and our physicians will help you to get rid of it by free medical advice, and will send books on the different diseases, which contain valuable information, without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF Brass and Iron Beds

Having purchased several hundred Brass and Iron Bedsteads from a bankrupt manufacturer at about one-half the usual cost, we are prepared to offer same at prices never before equalled in the retail trade. For example:

25 Full size, Heavy All Iron Beds, usually sold for $3.00. For this sale..... 1.85

50 Brass Trimmed Iron Beds, usually sold for $3.75. For this sale..... 2.48

75 Extra Heavy Beds, with large brass rail on head and foot, full size and three-quarters width, regular price $8.00. For this sale..... 4.98

50 Fancy Arched Top Iron Beds, with heavy brass trimmings in green or white, regular price, $8.50. For this sale..... 5.19

25 Fancy Iron Beds with heavy brass rail and 3 spindles in head and foot, regular price $10.50. For this sale..... 5.98

12 All Brass Beds, regular price $24.00. For this sale..... 17.50

6 Full Size All Brass Bow Foot Beds, very heavy, regular price $37.50. For this sale..... 19.98

And dozens of other patterns in Brass and White and Colored Beds at similar low reductions

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS

The Plimpton-Hervey Co.

5 UNION STREET

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS Opp. Faneuil Hall

C. H. LANE & CO. 384 WASHINGTON ST. THE CORNER CORNER FRANKLIN ST.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY ONLY

Clearance Sale

STILL GREATER REDUCTIONS

BOSOM SHIRTS

Now .75 Were 1.50
Now 1.00 Were 1.50
Now 1.15 Were 2.00

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

Now .75 Were 1.50
Now 1.15 Were 1.50
Now 1.45 Were 2.00

NECKWEAR

Squares, Ascot & Four-in-Hands.

Now 2 for 2.5 Were .50
Now .25 Were .50 and .75
Now .50 Were 1.00 and 1.25
Now 1.00 Were 2.50

SUNSHINE OR STORM COATS

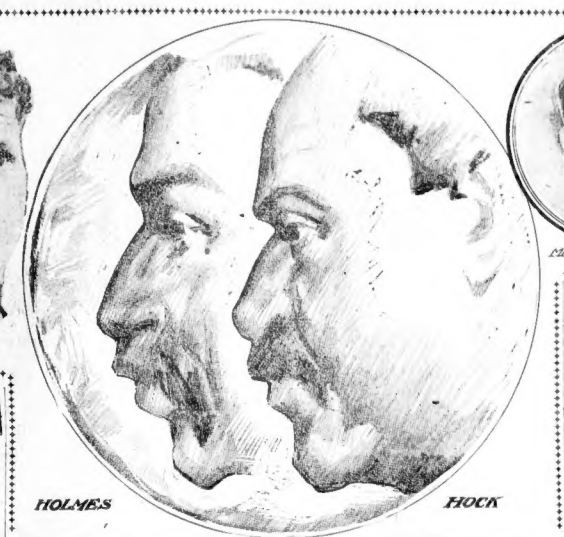
Now 8.50 Were 15.00
Now 11.00 Were 18.00
Now 14.00 Were 20.00
Now 18.00 Were 25.00

Suspenders Now 25c. Were 50c.

WAS HOCH, ALLEGED SLAYER OF MANY WIVES, A PUPIL OF HOLMES IN "MURDER CASTLE?"

MRS. MARIE WELNER HOCH

MRS. EMILY FISHER HOCH



HOLMES — HOCH

Johann Hoch and H. H. Holmes in profile, with pictures of women Hoch is alleged to have murdered, and her sister, whom he married.

CASES OFFER A REMARKABLE PARALLEL.

Chicago Men Identify the "Bluebeard" as the Janitor of the Building in Which Many Women Were Slain Years Ago

HORRIBLE CRIMES OF HOLMES RECALLED

Man Now Held on Charge of Poisoning Wife Confesses to Bigamy, and List of Women Victims Is a Very Long One

Dr. Johann Hoch, the suave, blue-eyed German, who has confessed in Chicago, to having married fourteen women, and whom the police are certain married at least three more, the most cold-blooded murderer of helpless women of the century?

Has he wedded nearly three-score women, only to rob, desert or kill them?

Did he commit the murder for which he has been held for the Grand Jury? Did he commit five other murders of which the police believe he is guilty? Did he commit still a half-dozen more of which they suspect him, but have no proof?

These questions, and scores more, are being asked throughout the country regarding Johann Hoch, bachelor, chemist, musician, ardent Roman, self-confessed polygamist and accused poisoner.

And one of the most interesting of them all is this: Was Johann Hoch the friend, accomplice and pupil of H. H. Holmes, infamous murderer of women and children, whose arrest in Boston six years ago and subsequent execution in Philadelphia, was the sensation of two years?

Acomplice of Holmes?

Indications point to an affirmative answer.

Holmes, in one of his many confessions, said that the Pietzel children, for the murder of whose father he was hanged, were killed by Edward Hoch, janitor at "Holmes Castle," in Chicago. There were various things that seemed to corroborate this story, but after a long search for Hatch the police of Chicago decided he was a mythical character, the more willingly as Holmes had killed so many people that even if it were proved some one else murdered the Pietzel children, it would not alter his fate.

Hoch, whose many aliases have admittedly included the names "Hoelz" and "Hatch," has been identified by two reputable witnesses as "Jake," a janitor at one time at the Holmes castle.

The methods of Hoch in winning his wives have much in common with the methods of Holmes.

Hoch strenuously denies any complicity with Holmes or acquaintance with him. He has never wavered from the story told immediately after his arrest, that he did not come to this country until 1895, in which case he could not have participated in the Holmes murders, which were committed prior to that year. Yet the police feel sure that they will yet be able to find others, besides the two who have already identified him as "Jake the janitor," who will be able to swear that he was in the United States in the late eighties, and thus corroborate the pale, who are sure he was an inmate of the infamous castle on West Sixty-third street, Chicago, before its destruction by fire and the revelation of its horrors.

Murdered for Insurance.

It is little more than two years since Boston awakened one morning to learn that H. H. Holmes, wanted in at least three States for heinous crimes, had been located and arrested in this city.

Holmes was one of the cleverest insurance swindlers the country has ever seen, and one of the most desperate. He made a practice of insuring insurance upon the lives of women and children and murdering them. He was a man of education and suave address, and was an expert chemist, versed in the art of compounding subtle and insidious poisons.

In Chicago Holmes had a big three-story house, known in the history of his crimes as "Holmes Castle," in which many of his victims were put to death, and in the cellar of which they were buried. This building, in 1900, it is burned to the ground. It has always been believed that Holmes fired it to hide traces of his crimes. 6,420 Union avenue, Hoch's latest place of residence in Chicago, stands but a block from the site of the Holmes murder house.

Holmes insured Benjamin F. Pietzel of Philadelphia for $10,000. On September 5, 1894, he murdered Pietzel. Soon after that the three Pietzel children, Nellie, Howard and Alice, disappeared. The bodies of Alice and Nellie were found buried in a cellar in Toronto, and the charred bones of Howard were found in a house belonging to Holmes at Irvington, near Chicago. All their deaths were traced to Holmes.

His arrest, it was believed, saved the life of Mrs. Pietzel.

Arrested in Boston.

The insurance company discovered evidence of the crime, and Holmes became a fugitive from justice. The police of the whole country searched for him. On November 17, 1894, Superintendent Hancock of the Boston Pinkerton Bureau, Deputy Superintendent of Police Hunt of this city, located him in Boston and placed him under arrest. After much red tape, the details of which are comparatively fresh in the minds of the newspaper reading public of a decade ago, Holmes was taken to Philadelphia. There, in 1895, he was hanged.

While he was tried and convicted of only one murder—that of Pietzel—it was susceptible of proof that Holmes murdered many others, including a number of women who, after association with him, had died mysteriously and unexpectedly.

Nearly all the deaths were connected in some way with the "Holmes Castle" in Chicago. And to-day, ten years later, Johann Hoch, who has married many women, who have died after died in strange and terrible ways, is identified as the janitor of that infamous building.

Was Johann Hoch not only the assistant of Holmes, but his pupil?

Holmes was a man of smooth manner, especially compelling in fascinating himself with women. Hoch has run Hoch nearly a score of widows, by his own confession. Those who have watched the fate of wedding him attribute their easy conquest, speedy marriage and their mostly consequent robbery and desertion to his winning ways. "He talked so beautifully about love and marriage and such things," as one of the German victims of his arts expressed it a day or so ago.

Made Study of Prisons.

It was said of Holmes that he had made a life study of the effect of noxious drugs upon the human system; that he was an adept in the compounding of poisons which do their work ludicrously and leave little or no trace. Of Hoch it is said that he, too, was a chemist, although he denies the title—and that he has all the skill of Holmes in the preparation and administration of poisons.

One physician, employed to judge, Dr. Joseph Springer, a former coroner's physician of Chicago, has hazarded the opinion that the death of some of Hoch's wives was caused by the introduction into the blood of curare, the most deadly poison known to mankind. This is the poison with which certain tribes of South American savages dip their arrows, and but one sixteenth of a grain, introduced into the blood by the slightest scratch, will cause speedy death. Dr. Springer thinks Hoch gave his wives a drug with a roughened inner edge, to which curare had been applied. A scratch from the ring would be fatal.

It was said of Holmes, to explain his power over women, that he had practised mesmerism or hypnotism. The same is said of Hoch, especially by Mrs. Fink of Aurora, Ill., the sixth known wife of Hoch, who says he made her marry him by overpowering her will after a five minute courtship. Hoch deserted Mrs. Fink three days after marriage and left behind him, in a trunk, books on hypnotic influence and kindred subjects.

Discovered Arsenic.

Holmes was brazen, would not break down under the most terrible "third degree" the police could invent for him, and relied upon the subtle nature of his poisons and the cleverness with which he had conceived his tracks to release him in the end. To the moment of his execution he had hope. Hoch has also undergone racking examinations by the police of New York and Chicago, has loved a dozen of his wives, and has heralded and frustrated the story of his life, without breaking down or confessing to any crime worse than bigamy and swindling through marriage adventures. His only trouble he will not be convicted of any one of the murders at present under investigation.

Yet the police of Chicago feel certain that even apart from the murder of Mrs. Welcker, in the police of Philadelphia, they have sufficient evidence of the murder of Pietzel. In her remains the physicians have discovered arsenic, and the coroner's jury has ordered Hoch held without bail for the grand jury on a charge of murder.

Most of Hoch's dead wives were buried under the authority of death certificates signed by reputable physicians, certifying that they died of heart disease or Bright's disease or acute inflammation of the stomach. The investigation of the cases has brought out the fact that there are at least eight brilliant physicians who can be administered to cause these diseases, and unless suspicion is attracted especially to the cases, there is little likelihood that the symptoms of the poison will not be concealed behind the symptoms of the secondary complaints.

"A Lot of Fool Women."

"You can't prove any more against me than that I married a lot of fool women," Hoch has said over and over again to the police.

He has decisively denied that he ever knew H. H. Holmes.

Yet William A. Styler, who for two years was a resident of the Holmes block, picked Hoch out from a group of prisoners, several of whom resembled Hoch closely, without hesitation. "You are Jake—and you know it," said Styler, adding, "God knows I'm right."

John McKinney, a former policeman, on whose beat the Holmes castle was located, has also identified Hoch as the janitor of that establishment.

That "Jake" could have been here in 1892 when Holmes came to this country from Germany until 1895?

A letter to the police is that it is supplied proof that Hoch did come here in 1895, but they believe the explanation to be that he fled from Chicago and the United States when the Holmes castle burned and Holmes was arrested, and returned to America when he believed it was safe, two years later.

The officials of Chicago and of many other American cities, as well as the police of Germany, where Hoch's photograph has been identified as that of a man named Jacob Schmidt, one of the names under which Hoch was married in this country, are earnestly endeavoring to unravel the tangled skein of mystery.

But a small proportion of the tragic history of H. H. Holmes's life of crime ever came to light. The secret of the fate of most of his victims died when his neck was encircled by the hangman's noose.

Will the mystery of the marriages and tragedies of Johann Hoch remain unsolved in like manner until the graves give up their dead?

CRUISER BOSTON RID OF FEVER

San Francisco, Feb. 25.—The United States cruiser Boston has arrived here from Panama via Acapulco.

After two deaths aboard from yellow fever, the cruiser was ordered north to Puget Sound. All sickness having passed, however, Captain Mills decided to put into this port.

She has two convalescents on board, a marine and a Japanese messman.

Lieutenant W. B. Leahy and Paymaster F. P. Sackett were left in the hospital at Arcon, both with yellow fever.

WORCESTER BROWN 'GRADS' FORM CLUB

Worcester, Feb. 25.—Worcester County graduates of Brown University met today to form a lunch club. A permanent organization was formed with the following officers:

President, Dr. Roy W. Greene; Secretary and Treasurer, John A. Lynch; Executive Committee, H. P. Goold, Clifford S. Anderson and John A. Clough.

It was voted to have the next meeting in Worcester Patriots' Day, the date of the annual baseball game between Brown and Holy Cross.

SUES FOR ALIMONY DUE EIGHTEEN YEARS AGO.

Mrs. Goodnow, of Worcester, Endeavors to Collect $400 a Month, Total of $80,000, From Late Husband's Estate

Worcester, Feb. 25.—After waiting eighteen years for the alimony allotted her by a court without, she says, having received a cent of it, Mrs. Sarah A. Goodnow, widow of Edward A. Goodnow, philanthropist, has filed a suit in the Probate Court against the executors of her husband's estate. If the claim is allowed, Mrs. Goodnow will receive a sum of nearly $80,000.

The will of Mr. Goodnow is not contested. Mrs. Goodnow made a claim for $400 per month alimony in 1887. This was allowed by Judge Adin Thayer. Mrs. Goodnow also made a settlement with her husband for $25,000, with $5,000 additional for attorneys' fees. She asserts this was not paid.

The executors are Moses C. Goodnow, James A. Logan and George Richardson.

FIRST TEAM ON ICE TRIP FOR 50 YEARS

Middletown, Conn., Feb. 25.—For the first time since the winter of 1855-56 a team was driven yesterday from Deep River, a short distance from the mouth of the Connecticut River, up the river to this city and back again. The distance one way is about twenty miles.

BILLS TO PREVENT SALE TO MINORS OF CIGARETTES.

Two Measures Before Public Health Committee Provide for the Licensing of Dealers and Punishment of Violators

Two bills which call for the regulating of the sale of cigarette and cigarette wrappers will be considered by the committee on public health at the State House during the week.

On bill provides that dealers shall procure a license from the city or town in which they are located to sell cigarettes and wrappers. They can sell even then only to customers over eighteen years of age, known to them or certified by some reputable citizen as being of good moral character.

The bill provides that licenses shall cost $25 per year. If a dealer is convicted of violation of the act his license may not be renewed.

It provides for a fine of not more than $50 for each violation. If a minor accepts cigarettes or wrappers under false representation, the bill provides for punishment for him also.

The second bill goes even further. It provides that any person who gives "or sells" cigarettes or wrappers to any minor child or any school, college or university shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $50, or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days for each offence.

Home Furnishings

OUR SPECIAL OFFER to furnish a home complete for $100 gives such excellent opportunities to persons starting housekeeping that hundreds have already availed themselves of the chance. Think it over.

Hall Tree

Like illustration. Made of quarter sawed oak, golden finish. Hand polished French bevel mirror 7 inches wide. Hooks 6 best nickel. Height 70 in. Price.

9.50

Parlor Tables

Made of well seasoned oak, golden finish. Top 18 in. Price. 75c
Top 24 in. Price. 1.00
Top 24 in. top. 1.75

$100

1 Parlor Suit (5 pieces), consisting of a Sofa, 1 Gent's Easy Chair, 1 Lady's Easy Chair, 1 Parlor Rocker, 1 Parlor Table. Upholstered in fine quality Carpet, 2 yards wide, 3 Pairs Lace Curtains, 3 Yards Figured Silkoline for Sash, 1 Window Shade, 1 Bed, 1 Woven Wire Spring, 1 Soft Top Mattress, 1 Pair Blankets, 1 Comforter, 1 Sewing Chair, 1 Golden oak Commode, 1 Golden oak Chamber Table, 2 Cane Seat Chairs, 1 Cane Seat Rocker, 10 yds. Stair Matting, 1 Kitchen Table, 2 Kitchen Chairs, 1 Wash Boiler, 1 Tea Kettle, 1 Coal Hod, 1 Coal Shovel, 1 Oak Finished Dining Chairs, 1 Oak Corner Cupboard, 1 Oak Extension Table, 6 Dining Chairs, 1 Sideboard, 1 Dinner Set, 1 Chamber Set, 1 Vase, 1 Lamp, 1 Clock, 1 Stove, 1 Tea Kettle, 1 Iron Kettle, 1 Iron Tea Kettle, 1 Coal Hod, 1 Coal Shovel, 1 Dust Pan, 1 Kitchen Table, 2 Kitchen Chairs, 10 yds. Oilcloth.

$100

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE

Ladies' Desk

Solid oak, golden finish, 40 in. high, 30 in. wide, 15 in. deep, has 2 large drawers, 2 small drawers, 2 pigeon holes, 1 writing pad, 1 pen tray, 1 inkstand, 1 paper cutter, 1 calendar, 1 letter file.

15.00

Dressing Case

Solid oak, golden finish, 30 in. high, 18 in. wide, 10 in. deep, has 1 large drawer, 2 small drawers, cast plate handles, bevel plate beveled edge, bevel plate top and shape, nicely carved, 2 brass hooks, ball bearing casters. Price.

9.

Dining Tables

Like illustration. Hand polished quarter cut top, round. Round Top, 4 feet across, extra drop leaves. Round Top, 4 feet high, handsomely turned and fluted. Price. Round Top, 4 feet high, handsomely turned and fluted, 6 or 8 feet in diameter. Price.

16.95

China Tea Sets

56 pieces, hand decorated, with spray flowers, handles on cups and covers; dishes are the shape shown in cut. Any one piece of these sets, which we

7.50

112 piece English Porcelain Dinner Sets, fancy decoration gold trimmings

11.50

Dining Ext. Tables

Like illustrations, made of solid oak, top 42 inches square, or plain, can be extended to 6 feet, 8 feet or 10 feet, 3 drop legs, 4 heavy extension slides, smooth turned and fluted legs, handsomely carved and well worth double the price.

10.75

Goods Sold for Cash or by our Easy Payment System

IN PARLOR FURNITURE, as in every other department of our business, we try to excel. A whole floor of our vast establishment is devoted entirely to these goods.

Desk Chair

Made of thin steel seat, golden finish, cushioned seat, French leather.

3.98

3-Piece Parlor Suits

Like illustration, frame made of kiln dried hard wood, mahogany finished, carved and polished. Seats fully equipped with the finest quality of steel springs and covered with Verona velour in either red or green. Price.

15.00

Ladies Rockers

Our Fancy Rockers make handsome and very comfortable ladies' rockers, and very attractive. Because they are throughout substantially made and constructed, we can sell them at a very low price. Like illustration, golden finished.

3.75

MISFIT CARPETS

Our designs and colorings are all new, and an examination of them will convince you that we have attained High Art in Carpets and Rugs and that our prices are astonishingly low, when quality and style are considered.

Misfit Tapestry Carpets

New patterns, however, scattered to select from, the very best qualities of the best makes, and the prices are the lowest that will ever be offered in Boston. Some of the patterns are worth 75c per yard, and this per yard.

59c

Misfit Wool Carpets

All-wool extra super quality, wool seams, small patterns, suitable for chambers and dining rooms, worth 5c per yard in whole carpets, ready to lay on floor. Price, per yard.

4 c

China Closet

Like illustration, made of quarter sawed oak, golden finish, 60 inches high, 36 inches wide, double front glass doors, 2 drawers, 2 shelves. Price.

$20

Misfit Velvet Carpets

Oriental patterns in rich colors and designs. These extra fine qualities are worth from 75c to $1.00 per yard, and are suited for Parlors, Dining Rooms and Halls. Your choice of the lot, per yard.

1.00

Misfit Ingrain Carpets

One good wide goods low quality. Floral and small figures, two and one-quarter yards wide. Just the thing for the bedroom. We have a large quantity of these goods and can supply you well. Bring the size of your room. Price, per yard.

3 c

Book Cases

Like illustration, made of quarter sawed oak, golden finish, 42 inches high, 36 inches wide, 12 inches deep, has 2 adjustable shelves. Price.

4.75

SHAWMUT FURNITURE COMPANY...

267-269 Tremont Street, Opposite Hollis Street

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings — Leave Elevated Trains at Pleasant Street

4 FULL QUARTS $3

CALLAHAN FAMOUS HOME WHISKEY

EXPRESS PAID TO ANY R.R. POINT IN NEW ENGLAND

We Don't Want Your Money

Unless You Find Callahan Whiskey All We Claim.

WE COULD NOT AFFORD to refund your money for the mere asking, unless Callahan Whiskey was as good as we say. We could not for FIFTY YEARS ship the largest quantity of whiskey into New England of any distillery in America unless ours was the best. Upon the skill and care of distilling depends the character, richness and flavor, strength and purity of a whiskey. With fifty years' careful study, we have reached a degree of perfection in distilling whiskey not known outside of our distillerier. This enables us to produce the purest, most invigorating, mellow and healthful whiskey to be had.

This Special Offer to You for a Limited Time

DON'T DELAY.....IF YOU WANT TO SAVE

the incidental costs and expenses of salesmen, wholesaler and retailer, and enjoy the pleasure and healthfulness of a guaranteed pure whiskey, at a price lower than ever before possible to you. Order it direct from the distillery to your home. Do it today. Send us $3.00, postoffice or express money order (currency should only be sent in registered letter), and we will ship you in plain unmarked case four (4) full quarts of Callahan ten-year-old Pure Rye Whiskey, free of any transportation charges, to any railroad point in New England.

If you don't find the goods all we claim return them at our expense and we will refund your money. Could we say more? We take all the risk. We KNOW you will be pleased. Maybe your neighbor will join you in a trial order. DON'T FORGET that our bottles contain FULL QUARTS.

References—National Shawmut Bank of Boston, Bradstreet's and Dun's Mercantile Agencies

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John F. Callahan & Co. 154-162 Federal St. Boston, Mass.

DIRECTORY OF WANT ADVERTISEMENTS.

REAL ESTATE.

MACCORRY & BURNS

NEW Spring edition of The Farm Journal now ready, brim full of bargains; send for a copy at once; don't delay; only a few copies remain; farm agency for the last one. MACCORRY & BURNS, 113 Devonshire st.

GRASS and milk farm, only 20 miles out; 120 acres; one half all grass land; will cut forty tons hay; 30 cows can be kept; 2 acres of wood; fruit; orchard; 7 rooms; 14 cows, horse and cart; barn 40x60, clapboarded and painted; new; these horse and cows; only a $10,000 farm for $5,500; splendid bodies on trailer line and only 1 mile to steam road; 3 miles to main water; a farm of this kind that sees it will buy it; send for it; before the rest do and it is gone. MACCORRY & BURNS, 113 Devonshire st.

$5,000 FARM of 3000, all stocked, in college town, 30 acres in level field, suitable for market gardening, and wood for home use, will cut 25 tons hay, easy; attractive 10-room house, well painted, a beauty; 2 miles to electric power stations; famous now has charge of farm, would like to remain; 30 cows can be kept; 2 large barns and necessary; including retail milk route; $5,000 buys everything. MACCORRY & BURNS, 113 Devonshire st.

POOR MAN'S home in city of 12,000; market for everything; 30 acres, all mowing and tillage, capable of cutting 40 tons hay; 1 acre choice orchard of 100 trees, 1½-story 6-room cottage; painted white; in good repair; 2 good barns; very pleasant location for farmer or will rent to good tenant. MACCORRY & BURNS, 113 Devonshire st.

50 TRAINS a day, express service, 17½ fare for season ticket; productive 50 acre farm, nicely located, fine pasture, 2 acres choice fruit, 25 acres cleared land, balance woodland, soft coal; attractive 7-room house, well painted, piazza; barn 40x60, with ell 24x30; 2 horses, 12 cows; all implements; built to the highest perfection; fine buggy horse and harness; 1 year electric power; all tools, range, hay, rake, peanut sower canned corn, etc.; our investigation is invited at once. MACCORRY & BURNS, 113 Devonshire st.

BEST 20-acre grass farm in Mass., new house, finished in cherry, $6,250, will trade for city property; also 2 fine farms for sale in Boston, Etc. Easy buildings and farms to rent. Send for catalogue. Open every day and evening. Office 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays, 1 to 5 p. m. MACCORRY & BURNS, 113 Devonshire st.

HYDE PARK BOOMING.

EUGENE N. FOSS

is boosting the town; he has already bought hundreds of lots and is selling them as rapidly as coming. Terminology, new car shops, etc. Just read those

HOUSE BARGAINS.

2 HOUSES and extra lot, always let for $432 yearly, price only $4,000; easy terms.

$1,000 will buy you a house that will always let for $52 monthly. Four single houses; price only $3,000; 5% on one and be convinced of my exceptional bargains.

PETER J. WEBB,
1 BEACON ST., HYDE PARK.

CHAS. E. GIDDINGS,
204 WASHINGTON ST.
FARM—129 a., pasture for 30; house, good harness, all tools; worth $7,500. GIDDINGS.

ONE 6-ton, fine summer home, near large lake; bargain at $1,500. GIDDINGS.

LARGE list of desirable farms, good value, easy terms. GIDDINGS, 204 Washington st.

SALE OR EX.—Fine 17-a. house, Beacon st., $20,000. GIDDINGS.

ISLAND FARM, 400 a., free and clear, for good rowing property. GIDDINGS.

MAINE coast, Mount Desert, fox and clear, $16,000. GIDDINGS, 204 Washington st.

$2,500 BUYSIT.

This southern New Hampshire 140-acre farm; 50 acres tillage, balance pasture and woodland; 30 to 35 tons hay; for cash it can be had for $2,500; 3-acre orchard; 7-room house containing 9 large rooms with chamber, bath, sewerage, electric lights; fine; with cellar, carriage house 20x35, hen house 14x20, 50-ft. buildings all connected; 2 good wells; running water in house and at barn; 1 acre of asparagus; good meadow; 2 acres of strawberries; blueberries and cranberries; 1½ miles from station, 3 miles from electric road; 1 mile from school; good place to locate a home or keep summer boarders; good fishing; hunting; pure grapes; free high school and library in town; wood and timber enough to make more than half pay for place; if desired would make excellent business together; for further particulars call at office, JAMES P. FOX, 1,932 Tremont street, opposite Mason street. Open evenings.

$100 OR A HOUSE LOT FREE

to anyone buying a lot (at the address below) and building a house; May 1 next; 5 lots only left; we are going fast; some now while they last and get a lot; don't miss a very good lot; also some fine ones to lease for 3 years; close given free to those who build; cheap lumber; city water; water in front of lots; shade trees on sidewalks; lots level; convenient to electric cars; 20 minutes or sidesman at office on the land, 60 Mass. av., first electric car stop in Arlington.

WANT TO BUY A FARM?
SEND FOR OUR REAL ESTATE ADVERTISING CIRCULAR OF BARGAINS; ALSO FREE COPY OF FARMER'S REVIEW, published by HOWARD P. MARRINGTON & CO., 256 Washington st.

SOUTH BOSTON

FOR SALE—Two 10-room houses, store, 75 by 40; supply inches daily to So. Boston High School; 2 tenements, 6 rooms each; convenient; stable, 2 stalls.

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

THORNTON ST., BOX.—House of 10 rooms; $1,100 cash; rent, $360; taxes, $60; price $5,200. ARTHUR L. THOMAS, 3 Pemberton sq.

A RARE BARGAIN IS SOLD AT AUCTION.
FARM of 10 acres, 2 miles from shore, church and school; good house, 8 rooms; good barn; running water house and barn; 2 large henhouses, scarcely in good repair order; will be sold at a low auction price and further particulars write J. H. NILES, Hingham, Mass.

FOR SALE—In No. Reading, house 6 rooms, small stable, henhouse and 9 acres; land; will exchange for small property; near steam and electric cars; price $1,500. Call or send GILBERT & COX, 530 Old South Bldg.

FOR SALE—In Needham, house 8 rooms, good water, one acre land, convenient to school, electric cars; price $2,100; will exchange for city house; $1,700; take $400 down. GILBERT & CO., 530 Old South Bldg.

FOR SALE—In Needham, farm, 9 acres land, all tillage, 12 rooms, with improvements, large stable and cottage, within 5 minutes steam and electric cars; price $3,000; will exchange for house in Boston. GILBERT & CO., 530 Old South Bldg.

FOR SALE—In Needham, 2 acres land, high village, railroad, telephone, 2 acre, 7 rooms, barn, farmhouse, fruit, $2,000; will exchange for house, $700; 5 acres, mansard, 14 large rooms, barn, fruit, $3,500; 5 acres, 8 rooms, barn, fruit, $2,500; 2 acres, 6 rooms, barn, fruit, $1,500; farm bargains, ELMSLEA, East Brookfield, Mass.

FOR SALE—In South Reading, excellent 10-acre farm of 100 acres, 60 in wood land, fit to cut; good barn, with double stable; running water in the barn, winter 20 cows and 5 horses; square house, in 3 lots; 1 acre choice apple orchard and small fruit; electric pass the door; 1 hour from Boston; price only $3,000. Apply to owner, 60 Mass. av., Arlington.

FOR SALE—At Milton Mass., near Russell Estate, one of the most desirable home locations on the finest land in the State, level as a floor, 2 acres of fruit trees; house 10 rooms, bath, set in perfect repair, good terms. F. W. BROAD & CO., 28 School st.

FOR SALE—Near Union sq., Somerville, 2 tenements containing 6 rooms each; rents reasonable and in perfect repair; bargain. Apply 411 Somerville av.

FOR SALE—$6,700, brick house in E. Boston; 9 rooms; modern conveniences; lot 50x100; rent $50 a month. HOWARD P. MARRINGTON & CO., 256 Washington st.

FOR SALE—House 15 rooms, two families, all improvements, rents $30; price $3,000; will take change. Inquire 1 Boylston pl., 28 Washington st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—Or to let, 10-room house, with all modern improvements; also stable; 2 minutes from Beach car. Will sell cheap. Apply at 1 Beach, 2d floor, Boston.

FARMS—$1 down, $1 weekly buys $100; $200, $2 weekly; $300, $3 weekly; $400, $4 weekly; $500, $5 weekly. HOWARD P. MARRINGTON & CO., 256 Washington st.

FARM VILLAGE on City Col. small house, $1 weekly. HOWARD P. MARRINGTON & CO.

I WANT TO BUY a small house and will pay cash; must be cheap for cash; Cambridge; write full particulars, P 166 Boston American.

PAY CASH (cash means anything you will say) and nowhere, ALLEN, 19 Tremont st.

TENTH edition of Farm Journal, illustrated, of 200 farm bargains in New England; 100 pages; 100 illustrations; mailed free to any address; issued by E. A. STROUT Farm Dept. Box 59, 150 Nassau st., New York or Tremont Temple, Boston.

VILLAGE FARM, 200 acres, in beautiful Piscataquis Maine, 11-room modern house, 2 stables, barn, hard floors, water piped to building, farm, car loads, lumber, timber, shade, fruit, also many immense cuts; 3,000 lbs. potatoes, etc., to be sold with farm; owner has other interests requiring his attention; this is a rare chance; price, cash, $4,500; terms, $5,000. Apply or address to E. C. COE, SMALL & HATCH, 6 Hamilton pl., Boston, and opp. City Hall, Melrose.

WANTED—A house, 12 rooms, bathroom, steam heat, stable, fruit; must be cheap; Allston or vicinity preferred; state price. JOHN E. WHELAN, 101 South Bldg., room 722.

FARMS

ANYWHERE in New England and over 500 to select from; send for it; stamps, for freedom's sake from taxes; we have no taxes; when you have one you have to sell. If so, we can sell it; we have customers; we want your farm; don't delay; write us to-day. E. G. BRADSHAW CO., 101 Tremont st.

34 ACRES, 11-room house with open fireplaces, good cellar, never failing spring water in house, and large shed for wood, stabling etc.; good well and pump in yard; 2 miles to steam road; 1 mile to electric cars; 1 hour from Boston; a rare bargain; $2,000; terms easy. E. G. BRADSHAW CO., 101 Tremont st.

EXCHANGE or sell on easy terms, modern 8-room house at Wyoming, 3 minutes to station; 9-room house at Melrose, 5 minutes to station; and 4 tenements in electric line location. 7-room house at Somerville, 5 minutes to station; these places are in A-1 condition in every way and are being looked for repairs and would make very desirable homes. E. G. BRADSHAW CO., 101 Tremont st.

FREE AND CLEAR—10-room home to exchange for vacant lot; lodging house; small farm. E. G. BRADSHAW CO., 101 Tremont st.

A SUMMER or all the year round place at Hartwell, Mass., 6 acres land, on the shore of pond; 2 acres of them choice wood lot; all high and dry; land house of 9 rooms; barn 16x18. Heating apparatus; hot and cold water; fine view; 40 minutes. Price with house all furnished $3,000; without furniture, $2,500. ALBERT E. BLAKE, SHAW CO., 101 Tremont st.

FOR SALE—Farm of 9 rooms; 13 cows; all improvements; built in the best perfect condition; fine buggy horse and harness; 1 year electric power; all tools, range, hay, rake, peanut sower canned corn, etc.; our investigation is invited at once. MACCORRY & BURNS, 113 Devonshire st.

RUSH & CO.,
1722 DORCHESTER AV.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY, consisting of 76 tenements, every one nearly rented and painted; monthly rentals, $1,400; will sell at a bargain; tenements are always in demand; a thorough business opportunity; price $16,000, $6,000 down, balance 4 per cent.

LARGE DOUBLE HOUSE, arranged for 8 families, 6 rooms each; rents, $30 per month; lot, 50 x 100; in good condition; 2 minutes to electric cars; price $7,000; $500 less than assessed valuation; reasonable mortgage; 5 per cent. Call for it. For further particulars apply to RUSH & CO., 1722 Dorchester av.

FARMS, $1 DOWN, $1 WEEK

10 ACRES, $100—Good soil, plenty of wood, house, healthy location; you can make something at once and build a home for $100; money advanced to build. BARTLETT, 30 Court st.

$100, $2 down, $1 week, house, barn, ¼ acre on Indian lake. BARTLETT, 30 Court st.

$500—$5 down, $5 month, house, barn, wharf, 1 mason, 5 acres, ocean front, Maine.

PENINSULA, 12½ acres, surrounded by salt water, 2 miles from beautiful city; delightful building lots; $100.

CAPE COD, 10 acres, fronting on salt water, harbor; $100; $5 down, $5 month.

DORCHESTER—Block of 3 brick apartment house, 11 apartments and store; equity in all built for cash, but to junior service, built 1901; rents for $2,712 yearly; expenses $1,476, net $1,232, equity $6,000. I. P. BERRYMAN.

DORCHESTER—3 brick apt. houses, 3 flats each, built 1902; rents $2,700; net $1,902 on $9,000 equity; assessed $30,000.

MALDEN, near Malden Center, fine and clear, $16,000. GIDDINGS, 204 Washington st.

$2,500 BUYSIT.

WICK, 1 house, 12 apartments, 2 stores; rents $15,800; price $12,500; rented $1,728; this is a rare chance. I. P. BERRYMAN.

ROXBURY—2 apartments, 2 stores, brick; 5 yrs. old; rents $1,600; price $13,000; assessed $10,000; terms right; fine location; make about 12 per cent. on money invested. I. P. BERRYMAN.

REAL ESTATE, every description, farms, village estates, city homes and investment property; call and see me. I. P. BERRYMAN, 53 Tremont st.

WANT carpenter, plumber, painter or real estate man to for investment; 6 houses; all need repair at his convenience; good chance for 2 steps; references required. I. P. BERRYMAN, 53 Tremont st.

$5,000, $1,500 CASH, balance on mortgage, 5 per cent.; 2-family house, 7 rooms and bath each; modern; lot, 3,000 ft.; worth $7,000; 9 rooms and bath, 6,000 ft. land; $8,000; 3 minutes to Wood Island Park; 5 minutes to Wood Island Station. W. D. PARKER, 60 State st.

$6 MONTH buys good farm, good buildings; handy city. ALLEN, 19 Tremont st.

C. E. JENNINGS

2-FAMILY HOUSE, $2,750.

EVERETT—11 rooms, 2 baths, hot and cold water, enameled sinks; 2 furnaces, all rented. Owner, 1004 Old South Bldg., 944 Broadway, Everett; 1004 Old South Bldg.

$1,900—HOUSE AND STABLE.

20 ORANGE COURT, off Ferry st., Everett—7 rooms and bath; all modern conveniences; lot 50 x 100; rented for $19 a month to a tenant. Owner, 1004 Old South Bldg., 944 Broadway, Everett.

23 CLINTON ST., EVERETT—8 rooms, bath, furnace, hot and cold water; 1,000 feet land; fruit trees; rented for $16 a month. C. E. JENNINGS, 944 Broadway, Everett.

AND 9 WOODLAWN ST., EVERETT—2 family houses, 13 rooms, 2 baths, 2 furnaces; rooms on first floor; rented for $30 a month. Owner, 1004 Old South Bldg., Boston.

$1,000 COZY COTTAGE

IN EVERETT—6 rooms, bath, cold pipe and sconces; $250 down, $10 per month. C. E. JENNINGS, 944 Broadway, Everett; 1004 Old South Bldg.

HEIRS CAN BORROW on or sell undivided estate or future inheritance; strictly confidential. Address HEIRS, P 1, Boston American.

By the lower the rate. C. E. JENNINGS, 1004 Old South Bldg.

POULTRY FARM.

AND IT IS A DANDY, right in the village; 4 acres; good land, set to fruit; good 7-room house; large barn; 5-room house, in good order; flight of hens; 1,000 hens can be kept; all tools; will not owner must sell, and price is $2,650. MRS. M. E. RAYMOND, 1004 Old South Bldg., Mass., or C. E. JENNINGS, 1004 Old South Bldg.

15,000 FEET LAND.

EVERETT—On Waverly av., 2-family house, 11 rooms and 2 baths; every room; hot water heat; rented for $30 a month; price, $2,800. C. E. JENNINGS, 1004 Old South Bldg., 944 Broadway, Everett.

MELROSE

BARGAINS cannot be equalled; this is the time to get them; up with prices; 5 rooms with modern improvements, $2,250; 6 rooms, $2,500; 7 rooms, $2,700; 8 rooms, $2,800; 9 rooms, $3,000; 10 rooms, $3,200; 11 rooms, $3,500; 12 rooms, $3,800; 13 rooms, $4,000; 14 rooms, $4,200; 15 rooms, $4,500; 16 rooms, $4,800; 17 rooms, $5,000; 18 rooms, $5,200; 19 rooms, $5,500;

DIRECTORY OF WANT ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS AND SALESMEN.

Set solid, 12½c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

QUEEN PROTECTOR.
THE DELIGHT OF EVERY WOMAN.
Saves soap and washboard—a woman's invention for women. No trouble, no soaking, no rubbing. Agents wanted. Exclusive sale given. Big profits. Write for full particulars. Sent by mail, postpaid, for $1.00. Exclusive territory or refund money agents buy more.
E. N. CORNEAU & CO., 39 River St., CHICAGO

AGENTS — Our Steel Collecting Pan is the best seller and most useful article ever placed on the market. Big profits to agents. COOKING UTENSIL CO., 9 Park Sq., Boston, Mass.

MONEY IN MUSHROOMS.
Cheaply grown, by anybody either in cellar, shed or outhouse; no capital needed; send for free booklet and particulars. Book, 10 cents; capital, $5. MUSHROOM IMPORTING CO., Brighton, Mass.

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Self-taught; show cards, signs; outfits, $1.50; we can supply you with profitable employment; by mail, or, stamps. CRESCENT SIGN CO., Box 382A, Fall River, Mass.

$5 A DAY the year round. Facts free. Weber Music Co., Boston, Mass.

AGENTS, we have a new article that you are selling like wild fire and guarantee you $25 per day clear profit; you can have the agency for your town for 10c. postage; sample, 5c. Send no capital; we guarantee to send you complete samples free for one week and letter we can prove that you are general agents and man of ability; to them we offer the superintendency of your district; write quick and secure audit and territory. ACME BRAHM MFG. CO., Detroit, O.

AGENTS, PEDDLERS, STORES—Washington's birthday, hats, shamrocks, emblems, rubber rabbit tails, badges, horns, confetti, canes, etc. Send for our 2,000 different novelty catalogue for retail and carnivals. celebrations. W. F. MILLER, 134 Park ave., New York.

A LEADER, our bathing girl barometer with Billy, the live-stock, on guard; absolutely magnetic and practical novelty, 2½ inches, for office and home; our other specialties; big profits; big sample barometer, for dime. B. H. BLENDING CO., Chelsea, Mass.

AGENTS WANTED—In country places only; absolutely fortunate which sells; $3 outfit free; no damage; positively no alcohol; it makes enough; exclusive territory; write for particulars; enclose 2c. envelope for reply. ANCHOR MFG. CO., 1st floor, 1133 Broadway, cor. Fifth ave., New York.

AGENTS, PEDDLERS, STORES—Washington's birthday, hats, shamrocks, emblems, rubber rabbit tails, badges, horns, confetti, canes, etc. Send for our 2,000 different novelty catalogue for retail and carnivals. celebrations. W. F. MILLER, 134 Park ave., New York.

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AGENTS—Something new, no competition; lithographing initials for horses' blankets; magnificent back hammer; holds 60 tacks; always ready for use; 30 to 50 per cent. profit; sample hammer, stamp. E. E. BEALE, 373 Washington st., Boston.

AGENTS wanted everywhere to sell Dr. Sapolio Salve; every merchant buys from 1 to 10 in dozen lots; sells on sight; profits 100 per cent. DR. SAPOLIO CO., 1133 Van Buren st., Chicago.

AGENTS BONANZA—Our unbreakable, tough glass lamp chimney; all styles; guaranteed to outlast lamps; profits from simplest, $3 other new fast selling specialties. MIRO CO., Dept. 1, Pittsburg, Pa.

AGENTS for Mme. Campbell's celebrated, complexion free. Send 10c. for sample. MME. CAMPBELL'S TOILET PREPARATIONS, 43 Brooks st., Emerald, Mass.

AGENTS—$72 monthly; new combination rolling pin, 9 articles combined; flaunting seller; sample free. PURITAN MFG. CO., Dept. 6, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS to sell Metallic Bread Boards, big profits. THE METALLIC BOARD CO., 61 Tremont st., Boston.

AGENTS to sell Air Suction Carpet Sweepers; the only one on market; rapid seller. VICTORIA QUALITY CO., 40 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS to sell special shoes direct to consumer. CUSHMAN SHOE CO., Lynn, Massachusetts.

AGENTS WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in any New England city and town to introduce our goods; write for our proposition. FEERLESS MFG. CO., Box 1, Bridgeport, Conn.

FROM $2 to $5 a day easy money can be made by our agents; new specialties; write for terms; free. to 22 Lewis Wharf, Boston, for prices list.

HOUSEKEEPERS—Agents wanted everywhere; the best selling article ever invented; sells on sight; 300% profit; write now; terms. SAMPLE FREE. Address, Box 1, Cincinnati, O.

LADY AGENTS make easily $5 daily selling our guaranteed skirt supporter. Sample and HEALTH CORSET CO., 17 East 14th st., New York City.

LEARN PHOTOGRAPHY AT HOME—Catalog free. Send 2c. stamp. ROCHESTER PHOTO SCHOOL, Rochester, N. Y.

NEW BUSINESS—Money coming in daily; $50 per week; no canvassing; exclusive territory; people come to you; particulars free and stamp for addressing envelopes. ECONOMIC MFG. CO., Hazel st., Youngstown, O.

NEW article; every seventeen Ideal Tumbler-fect free forenoon; merits All; whirlwind seller; big profits; get big outfit, 10c. IDEAL COMPANY, Marietta, Ohio.

PLASTER PARIS MOULDER and outfit teaches perfect moulding of models, etc., direct from originals. A. H. HARRINGTON, Cambridgeport, Mass.

SELLS for 10c., some agents get 15c. each; costs less than 2c.; can be sold in every home; terms and samples 10c. P. L. MITCHELL, Lock Box 14, Winchendon, Mass.

FROM $2 to $5 a day easy money can be made by our agents; new specialties; write for terms; free. to 22 Lewis Wharf, Boston, for prices and facts.

WE WANT GOOD, reliable agents everywhere to sell our goods to the new home trade; everybody a household urgently; they are sight sellers in every home; you can make from $5 to $10 per day; if you are ready we have no time to waste; nothing else we can offer, but we have the best line of any money making proposition for agents; answer us this and no question; write. Address the AMERICAN BREAD & PASTE BOARD CO., Cambridge, O.

WANTED, salesmen of ability and neat appearance to call on retail merchants in their territory; elegant side line convenient to carry; good commission basis; permanent. BELMONT MFG. CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WE START men and women to take part interest in reliable, paying business; also salary given; $18 weekly and expenses; investment of a few cents. P. O. Boston American.

WE START men at $18 a week and expenses to introduce our tea and coffee; $25 weekly after a few months; no canvassing; position permanent; we pay salary given; $18 weekly and expenses; investment of a few cents. P. O. Boston American.

WE START men, with or without experience, to sell goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade; $75 monthly and expenses; position permanent; no canvassing; references. Address, with stamp, MANAGER, 1133 Broadway, New York.

WE START men, with or without experience, to sell goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade; $75 monthly and expenses; position permanent; no canvassing; references. Address, with stamp, MANAGER, 1133 Broadway, New York.

$50 EVERY week and expenses to agents; new household specialty; work is permanent; goods quickly sold; exclusive territory; no capital required; we furnish everything; experience unnecessary; write for terms. THE VICTOR MFG. CO., Dayton, O.

$25 WEEKLY, calling on everyone keeping a horse; 50 per cent. profit; handsome sample outfit free; exclusive territory; experience unnecessary; no house canvassing; agents third out of harness; exclusive territory. THE HAMILTON CO., Cincinnati, O.

$1.00 DAILY selling oxidized medallion fob silver letters; sells like a human hand; sample free. AMID MFG. CO., 484 Broadway, New York.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Set solid, 5c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

A MEAT CUTTER and grocery clerk wants position, 14 yrs. experience, 2 yrs. reference from last employer; can drive horse. Address, 1 Bow st., Mass.

A RELIABLE wants situation as coachman, good driver, understands his business thoroughly; also has had experience as gardener; single; age 30; can be seen. Address, 1 Bow st., Mass.

ASSISTANT cook in club or restaurant; position wanted by young man. Address F 78, Boston American.

AUDITING or bookkeeping by thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, age 34; first-class references furnished. Box 87, Boston American.

A COLORED MAN wants a space as cook, will try to make it pay for himself. Call or address, or write H. Y Anderson st., city.

A YOUNG MAN wishes a place to work at any situation. A. P. BOHOLT, 962 24 st., South Boston.

BAKER—Position wanted by first-class baker and bun, but bread moulding. 93 Lamartine st., Jamaica Plain.

BAKER—A young man, temperate, would work alone making bread; is used to oven; has good references. 16 Lisa st., Somerville, Mass.

BAKER—Experienced and good, wants steady job. THE BARBER, 23 Revere st., city.

BAKER—Situation wanted by first-class man on bread and cake, city or country. 30 Harvard st., Cambridgeport.

BOWEN'S the place for reliable farmers, stablemen and 3d coupés. 1133 Broadway.

BOY, aged 17 years, wants to do housework, collect references. Address S. DOUGLASS, 23 Beach st., Boston, Mass.

CONFECTIONER, pastry master or asst. steady man, city or country, wants position. F 10, Boston American.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Set solid, 5c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

COACHMAN desires situation; single, experienced in every detail, temperate and willing; best of references; best reference from present employers. Address A. C. P., 8 Dalton st., suite 6, Boston, Mass.

COACHMAN or general man desires situation; is single, thoroughly experienced with horses, carriages, etc.; careful driver; strictly temperate, willing and obliging; best references. Address D. E., 33 Dwight st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED stableman and nurse wants position caring for invalid gentleman; would take position as attendant. Address G. S., Boston American.

EXPERIENCED expressman, strictly sober, would like situation; city or country. F 12, Boston American.

ENGINEER, 1st class, wants work where a steady, reliable man of ability is desired; a good worker and electrician; age 30. Box 798, Rockland, Mass.

FOREMAN—Situation wanted by married man with small family, on farm with cottage; understands the care of stock and farming; will go any place; reference if needed. Address Box 121, Harvard, Mass.

FOREMAN or caretaker of gentleman's place, by married man, 20 years' experience; 10 years' last experience; handy with tools; best of references. W. G. A., 165 Grant st., South Framingham, Mass.

GREENKEEPER—Wanted, by a sober, industrious man, a position as greenkeeper; six years' experience; can furnish best of references. Address, 135 Nonantum st., Brighton.

GARDENER—Position wanted by a man, 34, single, wants situation. April 1st on gentleman's place, driving; care of land; references. 39 Pearl st., Somerville.

GARDENER—Position wanted to take charge of gentleman's place; understands care of horses; can furnish best of recommendations. Address F. C., 1 Bow st., Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by middle-aged woman; is a competent housekeeper; good cook; best of references. Address F. C., 1 Bow st., Mass.

POSITION in office, or outside, in any capacity, by a business man; experienced; can furnish best of large business experience; highest references. Address W. B., 1 Bow st., Mass.

POSITION wanted by drug clerk, 15 years' experience; best of references. Address 39 Pearl st., Bernice av., Woonsocket, R. I.

POSITION wanted by young man as sole clerk; good experience, 4 years' experience; best of references. JAMES J. KELLEY, 39 Pearl st., Somerville.

RESTAURANT or lunch manager, up-to-date man, desires to offer. Address Box 1, 1 Bow st., Boylston st.

SUPERINTENDENT of farm or gentleman's place; position wanted; practical experience; competent; best of references. Address, 1 Bow st., Mass.

SITUATION in office or outside, by young man; 3 years' experience; best of references. Address F. C., 1 Bow st., Mass.

SHERIDAN, 9 Bellevue pl., Amherst, Mass., for caretaker.

STRONG young man, 25 years old, wants work in hotel, stock keeper and dining room; best reference. P. O. Box 477, Woburn, Mass.

SITUATION wanted by young man of 22 yrs., as assistant bookkeeper or general office work; first-class references if required. Box 1, 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

SITUATION by sober, job, some wood. Can; Call preferred; best reference. Address Box 151, Revere, Mass.

WANTED—Real estate firms to give me their work, such as carpenter, plumbing and paper hanging. Address, H. 28 Orchard av., Wakefield, Mass.

WOULD LIKE situation in laundry, 5 years in office boiler preferred; can start; age 20. 14 Scott st., Worcester, Mass.

WAITER—Situation wanted by young man in club or private family; can be hired off for one week. 107 Bowdoin, Dorchester.

YOUNG MAN of good character and education wants a full room 1 cash position; willing to work at figures; recommendations and references. Address 9 Ida st., Roxbury.

YOUNG MAN wants position as first-class waiter in hotel or restaurant; 3 years' experience; good driving. F. A. P., 16 Linwood st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN wants position as first-class cook; please apply or write, H. PINA, 12 Portland st., Boston.

YOUNG COUPLE (white) seek situations, country preferred; man understands farming and gardening; wife first-class cook; write full particulars. 6 Groton st., Cambridge.

YOUNG MAN wants position in store; has had best ref. C 23, Boston American.

$23 TO $30 weekly and steady job, watch; man, porter, teaming preferred, by intelligent man, willing to work. P 9, Boston American.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Set solid, 5c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

A COLORED WOMAN wants position as first-class competent cook; latest cooking school training. Address 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston.

A GOOD COOK and laundress would like work by the day or week. Address 1 Bow st., Mass.

A WOMAN wants work by the day or week; washing, ironing, cleaning, etc., city.

A YOUNG GIRL would like a place, to go home nights, general house or kitchen work. 19 Village st., Dorchester.

AMERICAN LADY as housekeeper in widower's family; no objection to one child; American references. F 3, Boston American.

AMERICAN WOMAN wants work of any kind; cleaning or washing, by any part of Dorchester. 30 Harvard st., Cambridgeport.

AN AMERICAN GIRL would care for some children, or do housework in small family. 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

ATTENDANT or nurse; position wanted by a young lady who has had experience; would be capable of invalids; nervous mental cases especially desired. Box 1, Bow st., Boylston st., Boston.

ATTENDANT, useful companion, or housekeeper; lady of good education and refinement; experienced in the nursing of nervous invalids; willing to travel. Call or address S. M. B., Brookline.

BOOKKEEPER, d. e., young woman, five years' experience in wholesale grocery business; references; capable taking full charge; best of references; Boston or suburbs preferred; get particulars immediately; mention this paper. F 11, Boston American.

CAPABLE Irish girl, excellent cook, laundress, three children; 2 years' experience. 224 Blue Hill ave.

DRESSED GIRLS desire work; laundress, dishwork or day; office work, cleaning, cooking, 67 Williams st., corner Shawmut.

COLORED GIRL would like kitchen work, reference; call Dorothy Lacosta, 5 Bowdoin st., Burbank st., city.

COOK, woman, good references like days' work; can do white shirts, B. JOHNS, 81 Kendall st., city.

COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER, 12 years experience, desires position; will accept reasonable compensation; right man can earn $3,000 per annum; references. Address 31, 90 Waltham st., Boston.

COOK—Protestant; an Scotia girl wishes cook-ing in private family and would accept small wages; best of references. Call at or address 23 North-field st., Dorchester.

COOK and second who would take laundry work; have experience in both; references. Address Mrs. Cook, 2 Bay State rd., Boston.

COOK—Situation wanted, by young woman; first-class cook; good reference; no washing; prefers Brookline; small family. Address, 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

COOK, competent, desires place in Boston or suburbs, Brookline preferred; no laundry; will be in Boston Monday, Feb. 27. Address, 1 Bow st., Mass., or write to 186 Kenrick Park, Newton, Mass.

DRESSMAKING, by the day or week. Address MRS DAVENS, 2 Winslow place, West End.

DRESSMAKING, by the day or week, by experienced young lady who desires foreign privileges. Address 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED, competent American as clerk in office where no typewriting is required. L 8, American.

GIRL 16 years old wishes position in office or store work. B. P., 2256 Washington st., Rox.

GIRL would like to do sewing at home; is capable. R., 1 Claremont st.

INFANTS' NURSE—Competent woman wants a situation; can take full charge if required; will go to the country; best of references. 29 Bow st., cor. N. C., 88 Union Park st.

LAUNDRY WORK wanted; will call for and return; done under healthy conditions; each washing by itself; references. Address 1 Bow st., Mass.

MRS. REED, No. 45 Erie st., Dorchester, Mass., for housework.

NURSE and housekeeper, experienced American, wishes position; would like to go to the country; good care for children; best of ref. W. S. H., 37 Lovell st., Roslindale.

NURSE and housekeeper, experienced American, wishes position; would like to go to the country; good care for children; best of ref. W. S. H., 37 Lovell st., Roslindale.

NURSE—Situation wanted by an experienced nurse with an excellent reference. Apply at 326 Dudley st., Roxbury, or call 'phone, 1,000 Roxbury.

SEAMSTRESS, thoroughly experienced and reliable, would like engagements by the day; first-class fitter; first-class work and references. F 76, Boston American.

SEAMSTRESS, thoroughly experienced and reliable, would like engagements by the day; first-class fitter and cut; first-class work and references. F 76, Boston American.

SITUATION WANTED by an American woman as cook; would like to go to the country or shore; good reference; none but private family need answer. Address 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

SITUATION wanted by lady understanding fine hair dressing, manicuring. Address A. L., MURRE, 15 Whittemore st., Arlington, Mass.

SMART, experienced kitchen girl wants work in a restaurant; can give references. 231 Harrison ave.

SWEDISH woman wants work by day or hour. 19 Prospect st., Cambridgeport.

WAITRESS, Swedish; competent to take charge of lady's place; best of references. Mrs. McDEVITT, 22 Lawrence st., tel. 1072-2, Tremont.

WANTED—By a middle-aged woman, a place to do sewing; dressmaking or plain sewing; best of reference. Apply at 507 Charles st., East Cambridge, Mass.; rear top bell.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Set solid, 5c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

ASCENSION SOCIETY,
6 FEDERAL ST.
No Charge to Employers.

WOMAN and child; general or housekeeping; small wages required.

COOK; light place; good home; wages secondary; best reference.

TABLE, chare, pantry or any work for two sober girls; country hotel or general boarding house.

GIRL, neat, smart, American, any position light; in family, or doctor or dentist's parlors.

COLORED, neat, smart; 25 years; moderate wages; good home required.

LAUNDRY work or cleaning; $1 per day.

SWEDISH GIRL; light work; good wages.

WANTED—Care of lodging house, must be first class; 40 to 45 years old; good reference. MRS. A. W. WELLS, general delivery, Malden, Mass.

WANT position as housekeeper by Protestant lady; no objection to one child; reference. Miss ETHEL, 2 Bellevue st., Dorchester.

WANTED—By elderly sewing woman, sewing in family; will work at reasonable price. B 20, Boston American.

WANTED—Laundry to take home. Mrs. V. F. BLANCHARD, 9 Bradlee st., city.

WORK wanted by a Protestant woman, by the day, washing, scrubbing, cleaning, or would do any part of the house; can cook, and do fancy ironing. MRS. MINNIE MACK, 10 Bowdoin st., Boston.

WORK by day or hour or washing to take home, in or out of town. MRS. RANEY LAW-RENCE, 170 Dartmouth st., Boston.

WORK by day or hour, in or out of town. 157 Northampton st., upper bell, Boston.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted in a country family; would like a home; no objection to one child. Call at or write 151 Hillside st., Roxbury.

YOUNG LADY, refined, good sewer, needle, would call; references. 39 Pearl st., Somerville.

POSITION wanted by young man as sole clerk; good appearance, 4 years' experience. JAMES J. KELLEY, 39 Pearl st., Somerville.

YOUNG LADY would like housework in small family. MISS MACKIE, 29 Bowdoin st., Dorchester, Mass.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Set solid, 10c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

ARITHMETIC self-taught; do not despair because thrown back; don't forget that you have learned shorthand; PROF. SPANGEN'S method; success no teacher. 228 Tremont st., Boston. Call or write. Testimonials, rates and prospectus sent free. Only practical shorthand book ever published. GEO. A. ZELLER, Publisher, 72 South 4th st., Lynn, Mass., established 1870. Agents wanted everywhere.

AMBITIOUS young men, learn to go into the electrical novelty business; no capital required; offer liberal. ELECTRIC NOVELTY MFG. COMPANY, Shaw Bldg., Phila., Pa.

A RELIABLE YOUNG MAN with $300 to $600, in an established business; one familiar with office boiler preferred; can start; a rare chance if satisfied. Address P 10, American.

AMBITIOUS young men wanted for opportunity to earn $25 per week. See MR. SMITH, family to earn $25 per week. See MR. SMITH, room 1, 167 Tremont st., Boston.

AMBITIOUS PERSON to make up advertising. Call room 1, 167 Tremont st., Boston.

ANYBODY may earn $10 weekly working at home; no canvassing; no peddling; send stamp for stamp. IDEAL COMPANY, Marietta, Ohio.

ANYBODY may earn $10 weekly working at home; no canvassing; everything furnished; send stamp for stamp. IDEAL COMPANY, 1,267 Broadway, New York.

A RELIABLE PROTESTANT GIRL wanted at 79 Joy st., Boston, for housework. Must be a good cook; no washing; second girl kept; wages, $5.

A YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist in light housework; good home; Call at 411 Marlboro st., Newton, Monday before 2 and 4 and 7 and 8 evenings required.

A YOUNG, capable girl wanted for general work in boiling house; no cooking. 24 Union pl., Roxbury.

A THOROUGHLY experienced, responsible man wanted to take charge of profitable truck and stable. Address, with references, 441 Stanford st., Malden.

AN EXPERIENCED second-mate wanted; must have certificate; also a cook. Address, with references, 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

COLORED GIRL wanted; general housework; references in family. 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

COLORED GIRL wants position with dressmaker. B. H., 60 William st., suite 1.

EXPERTS wanted; setting and finishing; $25 per 100 letters sent on stamped addressed envelope; send stamp. ECONOMIC CO., 1,267 Broadway, St. Louis.

EXPERIENCED MARKERS and sorters wanted per, steady work. WIRT OBER LAUNDRY, Cambridge.

EXPERIENCED lunch counter girl. ROYAL LUNCH, 15 Canal st., corner Causeway and Hanover.

FIRST-CLASS COLLAR SHAPER. Apply to HARRIS HAND LAUNDRY, 9 Bennett st.

GIRL for general housework in family of three. MRS. PAT CO., 66 Hemlock st., Dimondale av., Dorchester.

HOME WORK—$9 to $18, no canvassing; $5 to $6 per week evening; employment unobjectionable; send stamp for instructions, sample, etc. AMERICAN MFG. CO., Box 1,000, Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES, $25 thousand copying letters; no mail-ing; particulars, stamp. NATIONAL CO., 1133 Broadway, New York.

LADIES, $25 thousand copying letters; no mailing; particulars, stamp. NATIONAL ADVERTISING CO., 1133 Broadway, New York.

LADIES having fancy work to sell, embroideries, battenberg, crochet, etc., can find a ready market; consult LADIES' EXCHANGE, 1133 Broadway, New York.

LADIES—$2 to $5 per day; send 2c. stamp; full particulars; we will bring you in $8-$12 work; reliable firm; no canvassing. MISS WARD, 1133 Broadway, New York.

EXPERIENCED HANDS and sorters wanted per, steady work. WIRT OBER LAUNDRY, Cambridge.

EXPERIENCED lunch counter girl. ROYAL LUNCH, 15 Canal st., corner Causeway and Hanover.

FIRST-CLASS COLLAR SHAPER. Apply to HARRIS HAND LAUNDRY, 9 Bennett st.

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HELP WANTED—MALE.

Set solid, 10c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

HEALTH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE—Our new policy pays for loss of time caused by any illness or accident. PAYS FROM FIRST DOLLAR. PAYS WHILE YOU WORK. The company is chartered under Massachusetts laws, has deposited in security for the protection of its policyholders with the Mass. State Treasurer, and is examined by the Insurance Department. Its assets are ample. Thousands of satisfied customers testify to its prompt payments. Write for terms. AGENTS WANTED. ACCIDENT ASSURANCE CO. OF BOSTON, 201 Devonshire st., Boston, Mass.

FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN (ON Massachusetts and other railroads; young men, age 21 to 35; $75 to $100 per month; experience unnecessary; we can secure you a position; railroads are now calling for 2,000 brakemen and firemen; $60 to $75 monthly; name position preferred; send stamp for application blank. RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Room 227, 227 Monroe st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TELEGRAPHY
The BOSTON SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY prepares young people quickly for RAILROAD, COMMERCIAL, PRESS, STOCK AND WHEELER TELEGRAPH SERVICE; good positions for graduates; students assisted; 3 months' course for Wireless Telegraph; call or send for catalogue. 1133 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—Engineers, electricians, firemen, machinists, carpenters, blacksmiths to send for our free illustrated and descriptive catalogue of 672 pages; 643 illustrations, 1,035 questions and answers; tells how to secure and hold positions; 44 pages compiled and free. GEORGE A. ZELLER, Publisher, 72 South st., Mo. Louis, Mo.

WANTED AT ONCE—Two pullers-over for Chase's Boston Theatre; the finest and largest shoes; also cowskin on rough sandpaper soles; steady work; good wages. CHASE SHOE CO., Worcester, Mass., CHASE SHOE CO., Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—A man to solicit subscriptions in the Boston and Cambridge districts; liberal terms; apply 672 pages; 643 illustrations, 1,035 questions and answers; tells how to secure and hold positions; 44 pages compiled and free. GEORGE A. ZELLER, Publisher, 72 South st., St. Louis, Mo.

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WANTED—A young man having had some experience purchasing hardware; state age, experience, salary wanted; best of references required. F 7, Boston American.

YOUNG MAN to learn the drug business, 16 or 18 years of age; high school graduate; a good student of Somerville preferred; excellent opportunity for ambitious young man. Address, F. H. ELFORD, 255 Pearl st., Somerville.

YOUNG AND GOOD-LOOKING DAILY MAIDS, to do their hairdo 2, to 2:30. HALL'S BARBER SHOP, 1133 Broadway, cor. Fifth ave., New York.

$20,000 WEEKLY easily earned question permanent; no canvassing; no peddling; send stamp for particulars. COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING AGENCY, Philadelphia, Pa.

HEARTS ARE WON

BY DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY; how we have no display everything attractive to this line; a large stock to select from; goods sent anywhere; money is well invested; ask for our plan securely protecting you; we are the oldest and the only fully settled firm in and look over our stock.

Louis Sonnabend's Credit House,
15 Elm st., 18-20 Brattle sq., near Quincy House.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Set solid, 10c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

CAPABLE, intelligent girl, middle age, lady wanted in small family; excellent wagestown, good home to right party. Call 41 Ashland st., Roxbury, country homes for 41 school, Mass.

COLORED GIRL wanted; 2 in family; second work; no washing. Call Monday between 3 and 5 at 176 Beacon st., Somerville.

A GENERAL housework girl wanted in small family; must be a good cook; no washing; $5 per week and good home. Call after 6 p. m. at 14 Mallows st.

A GIRL wanted for housework; capable woman to take charge, with assistance, of cooking in a family of two; to the country for the summer; she is reliable and experienced in all kinds of cooking; good wages to right person. Address, with references, F 5, Boston American.

ANYBODY may earn $10 weekly working at home; no canvassing; everything furnished; send stamp for stamp. IDEAL COMPANY, 1,267 Broadway, New York.

A RELIABLE PROTESTANT GIRL wanted at 79 Joy st., Boston, for housework. Must be a good cook; no washing; second girl kept; wages, $5.

A YOUNG GIRL would like a place, to go home nights, general house or kitchen work. 19 Village st., Dorchester.

AN EXPERIENCED second-maid wanted; must have certificate; also a cook. Address, with references, 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

COLORED GIRL wanted; general housework; references in family. 1 Bow st., Boylston st., Boston, Mass.

COLORED GIRL wants position with dressmaker. B. H., 60 William st., suite 1.

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HOME WORK—$9 to $18, no canvassing; $5 to $6 per week evening; employment unobjectionable; send stamp for instructions, sample, etc. AMERICAN MFG. CO., Box 1,000, Philadelphia, Pa.

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LADIES—$2 to $5 per day; send 2c. stamp; full particulars; we will bring you in $8-$12 work; reliable firm; no canvassing. MISS WARD, 1133 Broadway, New York.

LEGISLATIVE HEARING.

Set solid, 12½c. per line; displayed, 20c. per line.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—The Committee on the Judiciary will give a hearing to parties interested in House Bill No. 671, relative to the appointment of a commissioner of the Land Court, and to the appointment of assistant recorders of said court, in the Committee Room No. 272, State House, on Tuesday, March 7, 1905, at 10:30 o'clock A.M. By order of the Committee. JAMES M. P. HELLEN, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.—The State House, Boston, Feb. 21, 1905. The Committee on Public Health will give a hearing to parties interested in the following: House Bill No. 1,000, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,001, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 213, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,002, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,003, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 45, that city councils may submit questions to the voters; House Bill No. 1,004, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,005, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,006, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,007, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,008, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,009, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,010, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,011, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,012, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,013, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,014, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,015, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,016, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,017, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,018, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,019, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,020, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,021, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,022, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,023, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,024, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,025, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,026, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,027, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,028, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,029, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,030, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,031, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,032, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,033, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,034, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,035, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,036, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,037, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,038, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,039, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,040, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,041, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,042, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,043, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,044, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,045, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,046, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,047, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,048, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,049, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,050, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,051, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,052, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,053, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,054, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,055, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,056, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,057, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,058, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,059, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,060, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,061, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,062, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,063, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,064, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,065, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,066, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,067, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,068, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,069, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,070, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,071, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,072, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,073, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,074, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,075, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,076, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,077, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,078, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,079, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,080, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,081, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,082, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,083, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,084, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,085, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,086, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,087, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,088, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,089, relative to the sale of milk; House Bill No. 1,090

ACTIVE WEEK IN REAL ESTATE MARKET.

One of the Busiest Periods of the Year Winds Up With Single Deal in Which the Price Was Over $1,000,000.

BUILDING CONTRACTS AMOUNT TO $9,759,000

One of the busiest weeks this year in the Boston real estate market closed yesterday. Final papers covering a single transaction involving over $1,000,000 passed during the day, and under review, and this, together with a number of other large and important transfers within and without the city limits, brought the total for the week up to a high level. Contracts let for proposed building operations were on a larger scale than for the corresponding period the past three years, the week's aggregate of contracts placed throughout New England amounting to $9,759,000, as compared with $7,482,500 during the corresponding week of 1904.

$925,000 Purchase.

The most important transaction for a long time in the banking district has just been closed, whereby the United States Trust Company becomes the owner of the very valuable property numbered 328-34, inclusive, on Court street, and 38 to 48, inclusive, on Court square, with a frontage on both streets of over 250 feet and containing about 16,000 square feet of land, the whole being assessed by the city for $925,000, of which $500,000 is on the land and $125,000 is on the six-story stone and brick office building.

This property was sold by the Adams Express Company in July, 1898, to A. Shuman, who, after making extensive alterations and improvements, sold the property in October, 1899, to the Scollay Building Trust, Moses Williams and Joseph H. Russell, trustees. After the years Mr. Shuman, to the Fall of 1904, repurchased the capital stock of the trust. He has now resold the same to the United States Trust Company, who occupy a part of the premises, and whose rapidly growing business has made it possible for them to purchase this large estate.

Such great improvements have taken place in the immediate vicinity, and so great has been its influence as a banking centre, that several banks and trust companies have purchased sites for new buildings in the future, among them the Suffolk Savings Bank, at the corner of Pemberton square and Fremont street, and the Old Colony Trust Company, on Court street, nearly opposite the Old Court House, which is just across the street from the property transferred to day. These movements, with the acquisition by the United States Trust Company of this large and valuable property, have assisted the character of this locality as a money centre.

The subway and tunnel entrances, being directly opposite, make this location the most convenient and accessible from all parts of Greater Boston.

Mr Shuman purchased through the office of C. W. Whittier & Brother, and subsequently sold his entire holdings in private terms to the United States Trust Company.

Beacon Street Estate Sold.

The estate No. 234 Beacon street has been sold by Andrew C. Wheelwright. The property consists of a four-story swell-front brick dwelling, number 4,500 square feet of land, all assessed on a valuation of $56,000. It is understood that the purchaser, whose name is withheld, paid in excess of the assessed valuation. The brokers were Cabot, Cabot & Forbes and Edward H. Eldridge & Co.

Another Back Bay transfer of interest is the sale of the brick dwelling No. 354 Commonwealth avenue, owned by Mrs. Anna M. Wood. The estate comprises a five-story swell-front building and 2,414 square feet of land, all taxed on a valuation of $25,600. The transaction was effected through the office of J. D. K. Wyllie.

The property numbered 16 and 18 South street, in the business district, have been sold by Thomas G. Wasdworne to Mrs. Harriet I. Weeks. The assessed valuation is $52,0

In connection with this trade, Mrs. Weeks conveys to Mr. Washburne the $15,000 property numbered 9 to 13 Lindell Park street, Roxbury.

Edward T. Harrington & Co. report the sale of the residence of Charles H. Pepper in Concord, located on the ridge overlooking Massachusetts avenue. The house, which is old colonial style, was built about four years ago and has fourteen rooms. The cost of the property is $16,000. The purchaser is a well-known business man of Boston, who buys for immediate occupancy and for a home.

The $15,000 farm situated on Great road, so called, in the town of Bedford, has been sold by Edward T. Harrington & Co. The purchaser buys for occupancy.

Edward F. Harrington & Co. report the sale of the estate at Nos. 66-69 Shelden street, Everett, the property of Mary A. Cudy. It consists of a two-family house of twelve rooms each and 5,500 square feet of land. The property is assessed for $5,500, $1,500 of which is on the land. The purchaser, Julius A. Newell, buys for occupancy.

The same brokers report the sale of a tract of vacant land on Washington street, near the Metropolitan Park System, containing 59,672 square feet of land, for Warren F. Freeman, trustee, to a purchaser for development.

The property numbered 110-112 Bird Hill avenue, corner of Woodville street, has been sold by George A. Brackett to Louis F. Gay, who buys for investment. The lot contains about 8,500 feet, on which is a handsome block of two dwellings, the total assessment being $13,500. Terms of sale private. Forrest Bean, No. 15 State street, was the broker.

The following transactions were yesterday recorded on the books of the Real Estate Exchange:

Referees, Q., auctioneer; W., warranty; D., deed; M., mortgage; R., release.

BOSTON PROPER.

Louis Gotthelf to Solomon Levitt, Wall street and Revere street, $1, Q.

Mose Dana et al. to Hanna Lonetsky, Revere street, $1, Q.

Andrew Carey et ux. to Mark T. Cushing, Bedford street, $1, R.

Mary J. Dowling to Abraham Shuman, Bedford street, $1, Q.

Mary Shuman to Pauline Robinson, Willard street, $1, Q.

Frederick O'Connor to Thomas Lyons et ux., Fellows court, two lots, $1, Q.

Frank E. Hawkes to Edward A. Thompson, Wareham and Pittsburgh streets, $1, W.

ROXBURY.

Stanley M. Bouve, mortgagee, to Martha J. Cate, Townsend street, $5,000, D.

Abraham Shuman to Samuel N. Draper, Vernon street, $1, Q.

Charles H. Fox to Martha M. Webber, Rockville park, 2 lots, Jones street, $1, Q.

Martha M. Webber to Mary F. Fox, Rockville park, 2 lots, James street, $1, Q.

Celia Diamond to Isaac S. Wingersky, Jimroe street, $1, Q.

Celia Five cents Savings Bank to Sarah E. B. McGovern, Millmont street, $1, Q.

DORCHESTER.

Elizabeth L. LeFaive to Ella W. Gibson, Dorchester avenue, $1, Q.

Natick Five Cent Savings Bank to Gertrude F. Dolan, Dion street, $1, R.

South Weymouth Savings Bank, mortgagee, to South Weymouth Savings Bank, Mascot avenue, $2,000, D.

John Buckley to Jeremiah Courtney, W. Selden street, $1, Q.

Jeremiah Courtney to Ann A. Buckley, W. Selden street, $1, Q.

WEST ROXBURY.

John F. Bernard to William A. Campbell, Holbrook street, $1, R.

Albert E. Brett, trustee, to Seymour H. Stone, Beech street, $1, R.

Annie M. Boom to Albert F. Riedel, Metropolitan, avenue and Elbridge street, $1, W.

Thomas Celate to Edith M. Bogart, Johnswood road, $1, Q.

Catherine A. Muller to Emma M. R. Browne, Salem street, two lots, $1, W.

CHARLESTOWN.

Thomas Doherty to Michael J. White, Scotia street, $1, Q.

Michael J. White to Margaret Doherty, Scotia street, $1, Q.

CHELSEA.

Jacob M. Robinovitz et al. to Solomon Brodsky, Beacon and Pembroke streets, $1, W.

PRETTY BOSTON SOCIETY GIRLS WILL APPEAR IN CELTIC HOLIDAY DANCE

Leading entertainers in "The Celtic Holiday" to be given at Copley Hall on March 4, under auspices of the New England Woman's Press Association.

IN BRIGHT DRESS OF THE COLLEEN BAWN.

Troops of Boston's prettiest society girls, wearing the brilliantly colored short gowns of the colleen bawn, and in weird banshee dances, will be one of the principal features of interest at the Celtic Holiday to be given at Copley Hall on March 4. It will be an event planned in line with the Celtic Renaissance, to show the home life, the lore and the intellectual life of old Ireland.

Students will join in the effort to make this one of the most picturesque and beautiful pageants ever held in Boston, depicting of young men from Harvard, from the Institute of Technology, from the Plattsburg Corps of Cadets, the Emerson School of Oratory and the New England Conservatory of Music will participate. Rehearsals of the various features of the holiday are now occurring daily.

Dr. John Preston Sutherland, of No. 295 Commonwealth avenue, is the prime mover in the affair. She has enlisted the assistance of dozens of others prominent in Boston's social set, who are interested in Ireland's literature, its people and its customs, and has planned a series of exhibits and features which are altogether novel. The following have been given under the auspices of the New England Woman's Press Association.

"Quick With Life of the Soil."

"The Sexon Shillin'" and "The Poor house," plays of the Irish National Theatre, will be given in the evening, the former for the first time and the latter for the second time in America. They are typical sides of folk-tragedy and humor, "quick with the life of the soil."

Between the hours of stage play there will be one hour of rollicking fun at the "Galway Fair," with dances, classic and Celtic, by Miss Mary Longjohn and Miss Elizabeth McCracken will preside. Mrs. Anna Holmes Ruggles, "In a Meself At All," by Mr. Joseph H. Judge; "The Fairy Finder," by Miss Josephine Newton; "The Irish Peasant," by Matthew Chauncy, and "The Wearin' of the Green," by Thomas Moore Cornelius.

The Banshee Dance will be led by Miss Miriam Brewer Lothrop.

Mrs. Theodore Ruggles Kitson, famous in sculpture, has modeled "The Lucky Pig" especially for the Celtic Holiday.

Dublin Drawing Room.

During the afternoon there will be games on the green, potato races and sack races by the colleen bawns, and such sports as battle-dore and shuttle-cock and grace hoops.

One of the attractive features of the Irish Midway will be a Dublin drawing room of the eighteenth century, where Misses Miller H. Goodwin and Mary E. Balch will act as hostesses, and where, with spinet and harp accompaniment, Mr. Charles H. Richards, in eighteenth century costume, will sing Moore's Irish love songs.

A monastic library, with Mrs. Sally Joy White in the costume of an abbess, with attendant nuns, Misses Grace Joy White, Henrietta Soule and Hester Lawrence, will be an attraction to scholars. Mrs. May Alden Ward is working for the success of the library.

"The Bewildering Inn," with thatched roof and swinging sign, will be looked after by Mrs. Marion McBride. The "Hour Chamber" will be a floral wonder, over which the Misses Laura A. Longjohn and Elizabeth McCracken will preside. Mrs. Frederick C. Hickey, of Brookline, with a corps of colleen bawns, will preside at the "Sweetmeat Booth." Mrs. Alice E. Whitaker, chief of the department of the "House Beautiful" booth; Miss Addie Norcross, the "Folkwear Booth"; Miss Marian T. Hosmer, the "Needlework Booth"; Mrs. Annie G. Murray, the "Galway Cabin"; Miss Florida Vining, the "Apple Stand," and Mrs. Ralph Kirtland, the "Doll and Toy Booth."

STEPHEN O'MEARA TO TALK TO KNIGHTS

Stephen O'Meara is to address the members of Mt. Vernon Council, No. 139, Knights of Columbus, at Hancock Hall, Dorchester, on Monday evening, February 27. The Gaelic Gleo Club will follow the address with a musical entertainment. Grand Knight William L. Gleason and the Entertainment Committee are endeavoring to make this affair the most successful in the history of the council.

$15,000 FIRE AT BANGOR.

Bangor, Me., Feb. 25.—A building occupied by D. E. Cassidy as 5oa, shipsmiths and blacksmiths, was ruined by fire today with a loss of $15,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

$62,329.81 IN FUND FOR SALVATION ARMY HOME.

The People's Palace Fund of the Salvation Army is steadily increasing and has now reached $62,329.81.

One of the strongest contentions in favor by friends of the project is that the People's Palace will be a great factor in diminishing crime. They contend that young workingmen are now compelled to resort to the saloons for sociability, which they would not do if they had an attractive place of their own to go to where they would not be compelled to be dressed up in Sunday clothing. In the People's Palace there will be a first-class library, reading room, game room, plunge and shower baths, excellent restaurant, etc., all where the laborer will feel at home.

The effectiveness of the Salvation Army in combating with crime is vouched for by such men as ex-Gov. Long, who says of it, and, who uses the army to care for discharged prisoners; Charles S. Hart, superintendent of the Concord Reformatory; former Attorney-General A. E. Pillsbury and ex-United States District Attorney Boyd H. Jones. Quotations from them are interesting.

Dr. Taft—"I have known the Salvation Army's work to be a great benefit, particularly in the line of aiding the poor and tending toward the suppression of crime."

Charles S. Hart—"It is difficult to tell just what effect the Salvation Army has had in the prevention of pauperism and crime. That its effect has been large and good I think no one can doubt."

General Pillsbury—"The Salvation Army is doing the most valuable and most effective work among our needy people of any organization in our midst."

Boyd H. Jones—"The Salvation Army is the most practical philanthropic organization in the world."

OLDEST TROY MASON DEAD.

Troy, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Hart Earl, senior member of the firm of Earl & Wilson shirt and collar manufacturers, died today, aged eighty-three years. He was the oldest mason in Troy and recently celebrated his semi-centennial as a member of Apollo Lodge, A. F. and A. M.

OLD MEN
MIDDLE-AGED MEN
YOUNG MEN

ARE YOU WEAK, WORN OUT, DISCOURAGED and UNSTRUNG?

If so, my Newly Discovered Philippine Remedy Will Quickly Restore You to Vigor and Strength. It is a Positive Cure for Weaknesses and Diseases Peculiar to Men.

TRY IT AT MY EXPENSE.

There is a cure for every weak or worn-out man who suffers to me for it. I send Free combination treatment. I firmly guarantee to quickly and permanently build up every weak part, make you of manly strength, full vigor and vitality. No pills, no "dope," or what first caused the weakness, whether disease, injury, excesses or over-use. With this wonderful discovery I have restored perfect manhood to thousands of weak, nervous, despondent men, and restore them to vigor, potency and manhood. I am so positively sure that the weakness never again returns, that I will take your case on this basis: If you write me I will send you a treatment sufficient for one month, which you may use in the privacy of your own home. When you have used this treatment and are entirely satisfied that it has done you more good than anything you ever used before, and that you are entirely cured, you may send me $5 if you wish, but if you do not wish to do so, you are perfectly willing to leave it entirely with your honor to send me what you think you owe me for the treatment, and what you think it is worth. Do not hesitate because you are poor. Do not hesitate because you have tried everything else without success. Do not hesitate because you have lost confidence in doctors. Do not hesitate because you have no faith in anything. Do not hesitate because you have no money. Do not hesitate because you live a long distance away. Do not hesitate because you are ashamed to consult a physician. Do not hesitate because you think your case is incurable. Do not hesitate because you have been swindled by some fraudulent concern. Do not hesitate because you have been disappointed in others. Do not hesitate because you are afraid to write me. Do not hesitate because you are afraid to write me. Do not hesitate because you are afraid to write me